



for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Michael E. Duggan, Mayor • John W. Hill, Chief Financial Officer



"We hope for better things."

"It shall rise again from the ashes."

FOUNDED **1701** INCORPORATED **1806** AREA (Square Miles) **137.9** POPULATION **713,777**

City of Detroit

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Michael E. Duggan, Mayor

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PHOTO CREDITS

III.

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June 17, 2015

The City of Detroit Honorable Mayor Michael Duggan and The Honorable City Council

The management and staff of the Office of the Chief Financial Officer are pleased to submit the City of Detroit's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 along with the Independent Auditors' Report. This report is prepared for the purpose of disclosing the City's financial condition to its residents, elected officials, and other interested parties.

INTRODUCTION TO THE REPORT

Responsibility

The Office of the Chief Financial Officer prepares the City's CAFR and is responsible for both, the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City's primary government and component units for which it is financially accountable and that the disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

Adherence to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors.

Independent Audit

All local units of government within the State of Michigan must comply with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, Public Act 2 of 1968, as amended, which requires an annual audit of the financial records and transactions of the City by independent certified public accountants. The primary purpose of the auditing requirements of this act is to maintain the confidence of all interested parties in the integrity of the record keeping and financial reporting of local units of government.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Background and Overviews

Detroit is the largest city in the state of Michigan and is the seat of Wayne County. The City covers approximately 140 square miles and accounts for nearly half of the population of Wayne County. The City is internationally known for automotive manufacturing and trade. Detroit is located on an international waterway, which is linked via the St. Lawrence Seaway to seaports around the world. The City was incorporated in 1806, and is a home rule city under State law. The organizational structure of the City is as follows:



Emergency Management

In February 2013, a financial review team appointed by the Governor of the State of Michigan determined that a local government financial emergency existed in the City. On March 14, 2013, the Local Emergency Financial Assistance Loan Board appointed Kevyn Orr as the emergency financial manager of the City in accordance with the State of Michigan Public Act 72 of 1990, the Local Government, and School District Fiscal Responsibility Act ("PA 72"). On March 28, 2013, Michigan Public Act 436 of 2012, the Local Financial Stability, and Choice Act ("PA 436"), took effect, and replaced PA 72. PA 436 specified that an emergency financial manager appointed under PA 72 and serving on the effective date of PA 436 would continue to serve under the new act. PA 436 changed the title of the emergency financial manager to emergency manager and expanded the powers of the emergency manager to include the ability to recommend to the Governor that the City file a petition for relief under Chapter 9 of title 11 of the United States Code (the "Bankruptcy Code").

The Emergency Manager ("EM") delivered a letter to the Governor and the State Treasurer on July 16, 2013, pursuant to Section 18(1) of PA 436 (the "Recommendation Letter"), recommending that the City be authorized to seek relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code. The EM stated in the Recommendation Letter: "Based on the current facts and circumstances, I have concluded that no reasonable alternative to rectifying the City's financial emergency exists other than the confirmation of a plan of adjustment for the City's debts pursuant to Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code because the City cannot adopt a feasible financial plan that can satisfactorily rectify the financial emergency outside of a Chapter 9 process in a timely manner."

On July 18, 2013, the Governor delivered a letter to the EM and the State Treasurer (the "Authorization Letter") authorizing the City to commence a bankruptcy case under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code. In the Authorization Letter, the Governor agreed with the EM that Chapter 9 offered the only feasible alternative to fix the City's finances and to complete a sustainable restructuring for the benefit of Detroit's approximately 700,000 residents. Based on the EM's Recommendation Letter, the Governor determined that: (a) the City could not meet its obligations to its citizens; (b) the City could not meet its basic obligations to its creditors; (c) the City's failure to meet its obligations to its citizens was the primary cause of its inability to meet its obligations to its creditors; and (d) the only feasible path to ensuring the City will be able to meet its obligations in the future was to have a successful restructuring under the federal bankruptcy process.

Upon receiving the Authorization Letter, the EM issued an order directing the commencement of the City's Chapter 9 bankruptcy case. Consistent with these approvals, on July 18, 2013, the City filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (the "Bankruptcy Court"), which case is captioned <u>In re City of Detroit, Michigan</u>, Case No. 13-53846 (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) (the "Bankruptcy Case").

On December 3, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court issued a bench decision determining that the City was insolvent and eligible to be a Chapter 9 debtor (the "Bench Decision"). On December 5, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court entered: (1) its Opinion Regarding Eligibility, memorializing, and further elucidating the Bench Decision; and (2) an Order for Relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code that permitted the City to be a debtor under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Bankruptcy Court set a deadline of March 1, 2014 for the City to file a plan of adjustment in the Bankruptcy Case. Accordingly, on February 21, 2014, the City filed its first plan of adjustment and a related disclosure statement. On May 5, 2014, following additional negotiations and mediations with its creditors, the City filed its fourth amended plan of adjustment and fourth amended disclosure statement. Also on May 5, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the fourth amended disclosure statement, as containing adequate information with which creditors could determine whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and established July 11, 2014 as the deadline for creditors to cast votes to accept or reject the Plan. Thereafter, the City, through its claims and balloting agent, Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC ("KCC"), sent the Plan, the disclosure statement, ballots, and other materials that had been approved by the Bankruptcy Court to the creditors entitled to vote on the Plan.

After voting was completed, on July 21, 2014, KCC filed its first declaration regarding the solicitation and tabulation of votes on, and the results of voting with respect to, the fourth amended plan of adjustment. Impaired classes that voted to accept the Plan included the classes comprising PFRS pension claims, GRS pension claims, OPEB claims, POC (Pension Obligation Certificate) Swap claims and Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond claims. Impaired classes that voted to reject the Plan included the classes comprising general unsecured claims, POC claims, Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Bond claims, and certain classes of DWSD debt.



Thereafter, the City continued to negotiate and mediate with its creditors who had either not settled their disputes with the City or voted to reject the Plan in an attempt to reach full consensus on the City's plan of adjustment. Those further discussions were successful, and the City filed successive amended versions of the Plan of adjustment that reflected new settlements as they were achieved. On October 22, 2014, the City filed its eighth (and final) amended plan of adjustment (the "Plan").

The hearing on confirmation of the Plan lasted 24 days between September 2, 2014 and October 27, 2014. On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"). On December 10, 2014 (the "Effective Date"), the transactions contemplated by the Plan closed, and the Plan became effective pursuant to its terms. On December 31, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court issued a Supplemental Opinion supporting the Confirmation Order.

On September 25, 2014, in accordance with Section 9(6) (c) of PA 436, the City Council voted unanimously to remove the EM as of the Effective Date (the period from the appointment of the EM through such removal, the "EM Tenure"). By a letter to the Governor, the Mayor approved of the Council's vote on the same day. On September 25, 2014, in connection with the vote of City Council to, and the Mayor's approval of, the removal of the EM as of the Effective Date, the EM adopted and issued his Order No. 42. Order No. 42 restored the authority of the Mayor and the City Council over day-to-day operations and activities of the City effective as of the date of such order, as permitted by PA 436. The EM continued to exercise his powers to manage and conclude the Bankruptcy Case and related bankruptcy proceedings, including the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Plan and the occurrence of the Effective Date.

On December 10, 2014, and in accordance with the Plan, the City: (1) issued \$1.3 billion of debt, of which \$1.1 billion was delivered to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims; (2) paid \$110.1 million of cash including \$73.1 million to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims, \$36.5 million to establish a Professional Fee Reserve account to pay the bankruptcy and restructuring professionals, and \$0.5 million to satisfy debt issuance costs; (3) assigned debt service payments on the remaining \$43.3 million of the original UTGO bonds primarily to the income stabilization funds for the General Retirement System (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS); (4) issued settlement credits totaling \$25.0 million to the insurers of the POCs; and (5) irrevocably transferred the assets of the Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) having a net book value of \$86.6 million to the DIA, as trustee, to be held in perpetual charitable trust, subject to dispositions in accordance with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and within City limits, for the primary benefit of residents of the City and residents of the State. On December 10, 2014, the EM Tenure concluded.

Included in the \$1.3 billion of debt issued on December 10, 2014 were the City's Financial Recovery Income Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A/B totaling \$275.0 million, which: (1) refunded the \$120.0 million of the Series 2014 Bonds issued in April 2014; (2) paid the \$38.0 million final installment of the POC swap settlement claim; (3) provided an additional \$85.7 million for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives in the City; (4) funded \$27.5 million for a debt service reserve for the Series 2014 A/B Bonds; and (5) paid \$3.8 million for issuance and other costs related to the new bonds. Also, the City has remaining proceeds available for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives from the \$120.0 million of the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life) that was refunded with this new debt.

The City eliminated a net \$8.3 billion (\$9.6 billion of liabilities and deferred inflows less \$1.3 billion of assets and deferred charges) of its obligations, including: (1) \$7.0 billion of pension and retiree benefits legacy costs; (2) \$1.4 billion of POC long-term obligations; (3) \$302.5 million of the POC swaps; and (4) \$200.9 million of accrued but unpaid pension contributions. Also, as a result of the elimination of the POC long-term obligations, the City eliminated the related net pension asset totaling \$1.2 billion, which included the obligation for the unpaid pension contributions. The bankruptcy exit and this settlement and discharge of claims under the Plan provided the City a total of \$6.8 billion in aggregate debt relief.



Financial Review Commission

Michigan Public Act 181 of 2014, M.C.L. §§ 141.1631, et seq. ("PA 181"), established the Detroit Financial Review Commission (the "Commission") to monitor the City's compliance with the Plan of Adjustment and PA 181, and provide oversight of the City's financial activities. The Commission has broad authority (as of the Effective Date) to obtain and review the City's financial records on an ongoing basis, approve budgets and contracts and conduct financial audits of the City. On December 10, 2014, the Commission became operational. Michigan Public Act 182 of 2014, M.C.L. 117.4s-t, further imposes requirements including that the City adopt a multi-year financial plan and appoint a chief financial officer (CFO).

Executive Branch

The citizens of Detroit elect the Mayor to a four-year term. The City Charter grants the Mayor broad managerial powers including the authority to appoint department directors, deputy directors, and other executive branch officials. The responsibility to implement most programs, provide services, activities, and manage day-to-day operations is delegated by the Charter to the executive branch.

Legislative Branch

The legislative branch is comprised of the City Council and its agencies. The nine members of the City Council are also elected to four-year terms. Many significant decisions, including budget appropriations, procurement of goods and services, and certain policy matters must be approved by the City Council.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, many of the powers and functions of the Executive and Legislative Branches were vested in the EM.

Other Agencies

The City Clerk's Office and the Election Commission are not classified under either of the two branches mentioned above.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Detroit is the largest city in Michigan and the 18th largest city in the United States. The City's current economic condition is improving. The future outlook for recovery and improvement is positive. Businesses are transferring employees from suburban cities to the City of Detroit. New residents are moving into the City.

The Great Lakes contain 20 percent of the world's fresh water supply. There are three top-tier universities within 90 minutes of the City. Michigan, due to the Detroit metropolitan area and the auto industry, has America's highest concentration of engineers.

Detroit is becoming a major entertainment destination. The City is home to major sports teams including the Tigers, Lions, and Red Wings. Also, the City's three casinos and a growing number of restaurants and night spots provide visitors with many entertainment options.

The Detroit metro area economy remains dominated by the auto industry. Auto sales by Detroit manufacturers were up in 2014 from the prior year. It is expected that auto sales will continue their upward track this year.

Moody's Investors Service, in its March 11, 2015 analysis of the City, noted "The City's economy and tax base continue to struggle under the weight of property valuation declines, a stubbornly weak demographic profile and a dwindling population, all of which are impediments to the City's efforts to revitalize its economy and shore up its revenue base. Unemployment remains high at 13.0% as of November 2014 reflecting the lasting effects of a 52.9% decline in the number of jobs in the City from 1970 to 2012, inclusive of auto maker job cuts experienced during the recession. The persistently high unemployment rate is also a contributor to the high concentration of residents below the poverty level. Approximately 39.3% of the City's residents live in poverty, according to US census estimates from 2009-13, compared to the US official poverty rate of 14.5% for 2013. While Detroit is the eighteenth largest US City and still boasts a large economic base even after years of decline, the City reports a very low \$21,889 full value per capita, well below the U.S. city median of \$89,356. This statistic illustrates the difficulty of funding services for a population of this size using the resources available.



The City's housing market is beginning to show signs of rebounding, with housing prices in the Detroit-Dearborn-Livonia metropolitan statistical area increasing by 6.8% from 2013 through the second quarter of 2014. The City's aggressive plans to reduce blight have resulted in an abundance of distressed properties for sale. The large stock of these affordable housing structures will help attract new residents, though the housing market will still suffer from the large inventory of foreclosed and abandoned properties.

Despite these recent gains in home sale prices in some parts of the City, assessed values will continue to decline overall through 2020 due to declines in assessed values that have not kept pace with the recent severe drop in home prices. Erosion of the City's estimated full value began in fiscal 2008 as the recession began, resulting in a valuation decline of 45% from an estimated full value of \$28.2 billion at year-end 2007 to \$15.5 billion as of fiscal 2014. The City expects the trend of declining property valuations to continue as it makes changes to its property assessment process. The City began the reassessment process in 2014 in an attempt to attract new residents and to correct overassessment in certain areas of the City. As a result of this process, reassessment of residential property in fiscal 2015 is projected to result in an additional 10%-20% decline in taxable valuation for three-quarters of the residential housing stock, with the remainder of the neighborhoods seeing no reduction in their taxable valuation. An outside firm is conducting a reappraisal of all property over the next five years which will likely result in further reductions to the City's taxable value."

New International Trade Crossing

The City's border with Ontario, Canada is the most frequently crossed in North America, allowing for significant international commercial cooperation. A second bridge, the "New International Trade Crossing" (NITC), between Canada and Detroit has been approved and is expected to contribute to improvements in the City's economy through increased commerce and jobs for residents. Pursuant to an agreement between the Canadian federal government and the State of Michigan announced June 15, 2012, the Canadian federal government would fund bridge construction, land acquisition in Michigan, and the construction of ramps from Interstate 75. The Canadian contribution would be repaid from bridge tolls. On April 12, 2013, the U.S. State Department issued a Presidential permit to the State of Michigan for the new bridge. On May 22, 2013, the Canadian government allocated \$25 million to begin land acquisition on the Detroit side. The crossing, as proposed, would connect Detroit and Windsor by linking Interstate 75 and Interstate 94 in Michigan with the new Windsor–Essex Parkway connection to Highway 401 in Ontario. The bridge is tentatively scheduled for completion in 2020. The NITC is expected to provide an orderly flow of people and goods between the two countries.

<u>M-1 Rail Project</u>

The construction of the new 3.3 mile streetcar light rail line to run along the City's main street, Woodward Avenue, with \$100 million in local funding from non-governmental sources, is expected to revitalize the City's core and in time connect it with the older, mixed use suburbs. Construction work on the M-1 Rail project has begun. The project is expected to be completed in two years.

Public Lighting

The City has long struggled with inadequate street lighting. In the last year, the Public Lighting Authority of Detroit (PLA) made great strides in providing citizens with satisfactory public lighting. The PLA is a State-created authority whose mission is to improve, modernize, and maintain all streetlights in the City. The PLA's goal is to complete relighting all neighborhoods in Detroit by the end of 2015 and all major thoroughfares by the end of 2016. The authority is almost halfway to its goal of installing 65,000 LED lights.

Blight Removal Initiatives

Remediation of blight is the City's highest reinvestment priority. The Detroit Land Bank Authority has taken control of a significant number of vacant City owned properties and will auction them to people who will renovate and inhabit the properties. In addition, the Authority takes legal action to seize abandoned homes and/or reaches agreements with property owners who agree to remove blight violations. The City also receives Federal grants to assist in demolition efforts of structures that cannot be saved.



LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City's current financial planning process is primarily driven by the terms of the Plan of Adjustment, related restructuring initiatives, and the oversight of the Commission. In previous years it was primarily driven by the budget process. The Administration has prepared a four-year financial plan in accordance with state law and consistent with the Plan of Adjustment.

The Commission provides oversight of the City's finances and financial planning. Compliance with PA 181 includes the following:

- Providing to the Commission any documents, records or other information requested of City officials by the Commission or its staff, including any documents, records or other information specifically required by PA 181.
- Appearing before the Commission to provide testimony, documents, records or other information when requested by the Commission or its staff.
- Providing to the Commission upon its request verification of compliance by the City with all of the following consistent with the requirements of Section 6(3) of PA 181:
 - A. Section 8 of Michigan Public Act 152 of 2011, the Publicly Funded Health Insurance Contribution Act;
 - B. Sections 4i, 4p, 4s and 4t of Michigan Public Act 279 of 1909, the Home Rule City Act;
 - C. Michigan Public Act 34 of 2001, the Revised Municipal Finance Act; and
 - D. Michigan Public Act 2 of 1968, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act;
- Providing to the Commission a four-year financial plan for review by March 23 of each year (100 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year). Section 6 (4) ("PA 181") states- "During the period of oversight, the commission shall review and approve that qualified city's 4-year financial plan required by section 4t of the home rule city act, 1909 PA 279, MCL 117.4t. A 4-year financial plan described in this subsection shall be submitted at least 100 days prior to the commencement of a qualified city's fiscal year." The Commission shall approve or disapprove the Plan within 30 days after receipt of the Plan. The Commission, if it disapproves the Plan, shall receive from the City a revised plan that addresses the commission's rationale for rejection within 15 days after receiving plan. The Commission shall approve or disapproved, the Commission shall approve days after receiving the revised plan from the City. If the revised plan is disapproved, the Commission may adopt and impose a financial plan that satisfies all requirements.

The Commission is required on June 1 and December 1 of each year to file a written report with the Governor with copies to the Senate Majority Leader and the Speaker of the House and posted on the Treasury website, as well as sent to the Mayor and the City Council.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal Control Structure

Management of the City is responsible to establish and maintain an internal control structure that ensures the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The City adheres to the GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) standards for financial reporting and internal accounting purposes. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.



Budgetary Control

The City maintains budgetary controls, which are designed to ensure compliance with legal provisions of the annual budget adopted by the City Council. An operating budget is legally adopted by ordinance each fiscal year for the General Fund, and other City funds.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS/ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Accomplishments

Implementation of Reinvestment Initiatives

The City began implementation of the \$1.7 billion program of reinvestment initiatives contemplated in, and made possible by confirmation of, the Plan. The Reinvestment Initiatives provide funds for (a) public safety equipment, facilities and services; (b) blight remediation; (c) upgrades to City infrastructure, operations, and information technology; and (d) public transportation improvements.

New Financial Management System

The City has begun a process to replace its old DRMS (Detroit Resource Management System) system. This process is referred to internally as "Fast Track" and will result in the implementation of modern Finance and Human Resource systems. These systems are cloud based (hosted environments where software is purchased as a service).

Acknowledgements

I wish to express my appreciation to the City's Office of the Chief Financial Officer, other City personnel and the fiscal staff at each of our component units whose professionalism, dedication, and efficiency contributed to the preparation of this report. I also would like to extend my thanks to the Mayor's Office, Members of City Council and the Auditor General for their support.

Sincerely,

John Naglick Jr. Chief Deputy CFO/Finance Director

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City of Detroit

Coleman A, Young Municipal Center 2 Woodward Avenue, Suite 216 Detroit, Michigan 48226 Phone: (313) 224-4558 Fax: (313) 224-4091 www.detroitmi.gov

Mark W. Lockridge AUDITOR GENERAL

AUDITOR GENERAL'S LETTER

June 17, 2015

The Honorable Mayor Michael E. Duggan And Members of the City Council City of Detroit, Michigan

The basic financial statements included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, were audited by KPMG LLP, under contract with the City of Detroit's, Office of the Auditor General. The audit of these financial statements and the resulting Auditors' opinion satisfies the requirements of the City Charter under Section 7.5-105.

Respectfully,

W. Lockridge

Mark W. Lockridge Auditor General

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN

Executive (Elected)



Mayor MICHAEL E. DUGGAN

Legislative (Elected)

City Council



BRENDA JONES President



GEORGE CUSHINGBERRY President Pro Tem



JANEÉ AYERS



SCOTT BENSON



RAQUEL CASTANEDA-LOPEZ



GABE LELAND



MARY SHEFFIELD



ANDRE SPIVEY



JAMES TATE

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS OF THE CITY OF DETROIT, MICHIGAN

Legislative (Elected)



City Clerk JANICE WINFREY

Other Executive Officials (Appointed)



JOHN W. HILL Chief Financial Officer



JOHN NAGLICK Chief Deputy CFO/ Finance Director









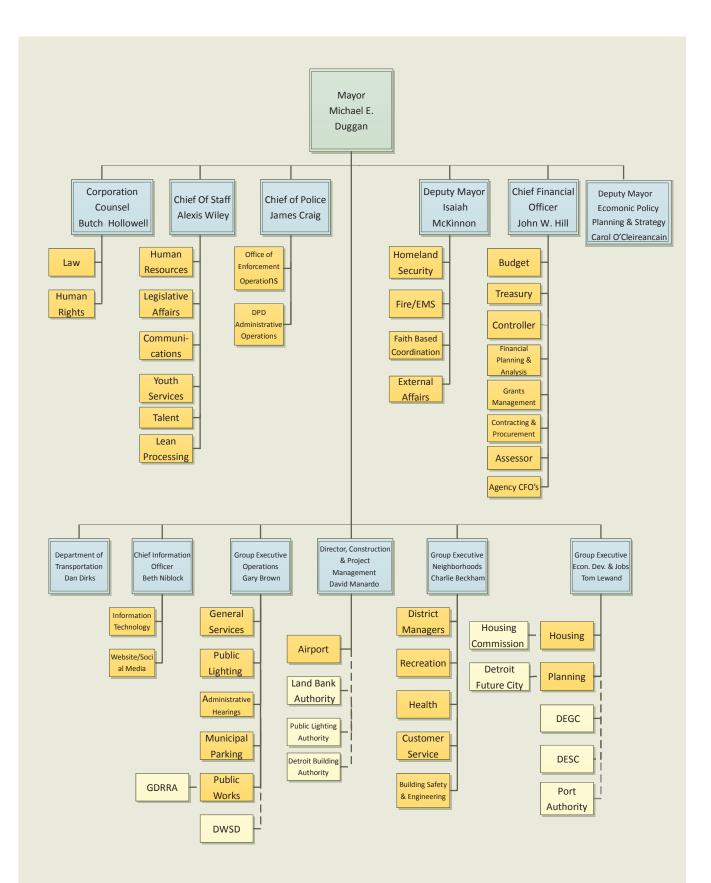


City Job Fair

The City of Detroit Human Resources Department held a City job fair at Cobo Center on Feb. 28, 2014, looking to fill more than 350 vacant positions in City government, including bus drivers, auto mechanics, police officers, EMS technicians, accountants and human resources analysts. The fair also featured on-site workshops on resumé building and interviewing techniques. The fair was a tremendous success, drawing 2,700 attendees and resulting in 3,400 applications from fair attendees and online applicants.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Detroit, Michigan









Video cameras on DDOT buses

The Detroit Department of Transportation (DDOT) and Mayor Duggan announced the installation of cameras on 48 buses on Feb. 24, 2014, thanks to a \$250,000 grant from the Federal Transit Administration. Each bus was installed with eight internal and external cameras to capture high-resolution images. The remaining 250 buses in the fleet are now having cameras installed.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Detroit, Michigan

FINANCIAL

The Financial Section Contains:

Independent Auditors' Report Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements Notes to Basic Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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KPMG LLP Suite 1900 150 West Jefferson Detroit, MI 48226

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor Michael E. Duggan and the Honorable Members of the City Council City of Detroit, Michigan:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Detroit, Michigan (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units listed in Note I (a) to the financial statements, which represent 100% of the assets and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units. We also did not audit the financial statements of the General Retirement System, the Police and Fire Retirement System (together the Retirement Systems), the Public Lighting Authority, and the Building Authority, which represent 94% and 64% of Detroit the assets and expenses/expenditures/deductions, respectively, of the aggregate remaining fund information. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the aggregate discretely presented component units and aggregate remaining fund information, are based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Retirement Systems and certain discretely presented component units identified in Note I (a) were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the



circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Detroit, Michigan, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of Matters

Emphasis of Matter Regarding Bankruptcy Filing

As discussed in Note XIII to the financial statements, on July 18, 2013 the City filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code. On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the City's Eighth Amended Plan of Adjustment ("Plan"). The Plan became effective in accordance with its terms on December 10, 2014, and the City exited bankruptcy. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter Regarding Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

As discussed in Note I (u) to the financial statements, in 2014, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities. As a result, beginning net position was restated as bond issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are now recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Bond issuance costs were previously reported as an asset and recognized as an expense in a systematic and rational manner over the duration of the related debt. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note I (u) to the financial statements, in 2014, the City also adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. Adopting this new accounting standard resulted in significant changes to the defined benefit related footnote disclosures. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Emphasis of Matter Regarding the Fair Value of Pension Investments

The plan investments of the General Retirement System and the Police and Fire Retirement System include investments valued at \$642,000,000 and \$877,000,000, respectively, as of June 30, 2014 whose fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on various methods, which may include information provided by investment managers, general partners, real estate advisors, and other means. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic



financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information section, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information section is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the other supplementary information section is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2015 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LIP

Detroit, Michigan June 17, 2015





Frederick Douglass Homes Demolition



Mayor Duggan, former Mayor Dave Bing, and Detroit Housing Commission Executive Director Kelley Lyons joined U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Assistant Secretary for Public and Indian Housing Sandra Henriquez for the demolition of the Frederick Douglass Homes, formerly the Brewster-Douglass Housing Projects, on March 10, 2014. HUD awarded the Detroit Housing Commission \$6.5 million in emergency capital funds to demolish all of the 661 housing units on the site, which had been vacant since 2008. The City is developing an RFP for the redevelopment of the entire site.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Detroit, Michigan

MANAGEMENT'S

DISCUSSION

AND ANALYSIS

(MD&A)

(UNAUDITED)

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is a required supplement to the City of Detroit's (the "City") financial statements. It describes and analyzes the financial position of the City, providing an overview of the City's activities for the year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information we present here in conjunction with the information presented in the City's financial statements and notes, which follow this section.

BANKRUPTCY

On July 18, 2013 (the "Petition Date"), the City filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (the "Bankruptcy Court"), which case is captioned <u>In re City of Detroit, Michigan</u>, Case No. 13-53846 (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) (the "Bankruptcy Case"). On July 19, 2013, Bankruptcy Judge Steven W. Rhodes was assigned to the Bankruptcy Case by the Chief Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. On or about February 18, 2015, after Judge Rhodes' retirement, Judge Thomas J. Tucker assumed oversight of the Bankruptcy Case.

Under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, actions by creditors to collect indebtedness the City owed prior to the Petition Date were stayed, and certain other pre-petition contractual obligations could not be enforced against the City. The Chapter 9 filing enabled the City to continue to operate and provide services to its residents and "froze" pre-petition debts, which generally would be treated and resolved under a plan of adjustment. Obligations of the City incurred, owing or attributable to the period prior to July 18, 2013 were subject to compromise in the bankruptcy process. The City paid certain pre-petition liabilities, including certain employee salaries, wages, benefits, and other obligations, during the Bankruptcy Case. The City stopped making payments related to unsecured funded debt and legacy liabilities, with the exception of retiree healthcare benefits (which were modified during the Bankruptcy Case) and payments to certain vendors providing essential goods and services.

On December 3, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court issued a bench decision determining that the City was insolvent and eligible to be a Chapter 9 debtor (the "Bench Decision"). On December 5, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court entered: (1) its Opinion Regarding Eligibility memorializing and further elucidating the Bench Decision; and (2) an Order for Relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code that permitted the City to be a debtor under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Bankruptcy Court set a deadline of March 1, 2014 for the City to file a plan of adjustment in the Bankruptcy Case. Accordingly, on February 21, 2014, the City filed its first plan of adjustment and a related disclosure statement. On May 5, 2014, following additional negotiations and mediations with its creditors, the City filed its fourth amended plan of adjustment and fourth amended disclosure statement. Also on May 5, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the fourth amended disclosure statement as containing adequate information with which creditors could determine whether to votes to accept or reject the Plan, and established July 11, 2014 as the deadline for creditors to cast votes to accept or reject the Plan. Thereafter, the City, through its claims and balloting agent, Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC ("KCC"), sent the Plan, the disclosure statement, ballots, and other materials that had been approved by the Bankruptcy Court to creditors entitled to vote on the plan.

After voting was completed, on July 21, 2014, KCC filed its first declaration regarding the solicitation and tabulation of votes on, and the results of voting with respect to, the fourth amended plan of adjustment. Impaired classes that voted to accept the Plan included classes comprising PFRS pension claims, GRS pension claims, OPEB claims, POC (Pension Obligation Certificates) Swap claims and Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond claims. Impaired classes that voted to reject the Plan included the classes comprising general unsecured claims, POC claims, Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Bond claims, and certain classes of DWSD debt.

Thereafter, the City continued to negotiate and mediate with its creditors who had either not settled their disputes with the City or voted to reject the Plan in an attempt to reach full consensus on the City's plan of adjustment. Those further discussions were successful, and the City filed successive amended versions of the Plan of adjustment that reflected new settlements as they were achieved. On October 22, 2014, the City filed its eighth (and final) amended plan of adjustment (the "Plan").

The hearing on confirmation of the Plan lasted 24 days between September 2, 2014 and October 27, 2014. On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"). On December 10, 2014 (the "Effective Date"), the transactions contemplated by the Plan closed, and the Plan became effective pursuant to its terms. On December 31, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court issued a Supplemental Opinion supporting the Confirmation Order.

Eight timely appeals of the Confirmation Order were filed and docketed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (one of which has been dismissed on procedural grounds). Seven appeals remain pending. Six of the pending appeals of the Confirmation Order arise from the Plan's treatment of Pension and OPEB Claims and the ASF Recoupment program and are identified by the following case numbers: (1) No. 14-14872, (2) No. 14-14910, (3) No. 14-14917, (4) No. 14-14920, (5) No. 15-10036 and (6) No. 14-14899. The seventh pending appeal (No. 14-14919) concerns the unrelated issue of the Plan's treatment of claims arising under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

On December 10, 2014, and in accordance with the Plan, the City: (1) issued \$1.3 billion of debt of which \$1.1 billion was delivered to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims; (2) paid \$110.1 million of cash including \$73.1 million to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims, \$36.5 million to establish a Professional Fee Reserve account to pay the bankruptcy and restructuring professionals, and \$0.5 million to satisfy debt issuance costs; (3) assigned debt service payments on the remaining \$43.3 million of the original UTGO bonds primarily to the income stabilization funds for the General Retirement System (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS); (4) issued settlement credits totaling \$25.0 million to the insurers of the POCs; and (5) irrevocably transferred the assets of the Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) having a net book value of \$86.6 million to the DIA, as trustee, to be held in perpetual charitable trust, subject to dispositions in accordance with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and within City limits, for the primary benefit of residents of the City and residents of the State. The table below describes the Plan creditor claims settlements and other

requirements and the sources and amounts for the Plan distributions made on or around December 10, 2014.

Description of Plan Creditor Claims and Other Requirements	Source	Settlement Amount	
Description of Plan Creditor Claims and Other Requirements Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Bond Debt	Source Cash \$		
Professional Fee Reserve	Cash	36,461,114	
POC Swap Settlement	Casino Holdback Funds	12,662,479	
Syncora POC Swap Settlement	Cash	5,000,000	
Debt Issuance Costs	Cash	521,147	
36th District Court Settlement	Cash	482.857	
Sour District Court Settlement	Total Cash	110,127,537	
Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond Debt to Holders	2014 A1 - K1 UTGO Bonds	279,618,950	
Police Fire Retiree Health Care Trust (VEBA)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	253,900,999	
General Retiree Health Care Trust (VEBA)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	238,780,159	
Refund Series 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds Issued In April 2014	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	120,105,000	
POC Settlement FGIC/Syncora	2014 B(1)	97,692,788	
POC Settlement FGIC/Syncora	2014 C Bonds	88,430,021	
Funds for Revitalization and Reinvestment Initiatives (RRI)	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	85,684,724	
POC Swap Settlement	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	37,969,929	
Debt Service Reserve on 2014 A/B Bonds	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	27,500,000	
Class 14 Unsecured Claims	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	20,596,747	
LTGO Class 9 Settlement (POC Claims)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	17,301,861	
Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond Debt to Insurers	2014 A2 - K2 UTGO Bonds	7,941,840	
Downtown Development Authority Class 13 Claim Assigned to FGIC	2014 B(1) Bonds	3,691,591	
Debt Issuance and Other Costs	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	3,740,347	
	Total Bonds	1,282,954,956	
Income Stabilization Funds for Two Pension Funds	Original UTGO Bonds	43,349,210	
Settlement Credits	Non-Cash	25,000,000	
	Total Other Sources	68,349,210	
Transfer of Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) Assets to DIA Trustee	DIA Assets (Book Value)	86,568,800	
Grand Total \$ 1548.000			

Grand Total <u>\$ 1,548,000,503</u>

Included in the \$1.3 billion of debt issued on December 10, 2014 were the City's Financial Recovery Income Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A/B totaling \$275.0 million which: (1) refunded the \$120.0 million of the Series 2014 Bonds issued in April 2014; (2) paid the \$38.0 million final installment of the POC swap settlement claim; (3) provided an additional \$85.7 million for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives in the City; (4) funded \$27.5 million for a debt service reserve for the Series 2014 A/B Bonds; and (5) paid \$3.8 million for issuance and other costs related to the new bonds. Also, the City has remaining proceeds available for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives from the \$120.0 million of the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life) that were refunded with this new debt.

The City eliminated a net \$8.3 billion (\$9.6 billion of liabilities and deferred inflows less \$1.3 billion of assets and deferred charges) of its obligations including: (1) \$7.0 billion of pension and retiree benefits (\$994.8 million included in the Long-Term Obligations total of \$3.0 billion detailed in the table below) legacy costs which were not recorded in the City's June 30, 2014 financial statements; (2) \$1.4 billion of POC long-term obligations; (3) \$302.5 million of the POC swaps; and (4) \$200.9 million of accrued but unpaid pension contributions. Also, as a result of the elimination of the POC long-term obligations, the City eliminated the related net pension asset totaling \$1.2 billion, which included the obligation for the unpaid pension contributions.

The bankruptcy exit and settlement and discharge of claims under the Plan provided the City a total of \$6.8 billion in aggregate debt relief. Detailed in the table below is a summary of: (1) the eliminated and restructured obligations; (2) cash and assets used and new or other obligations incurred; and (3) the net benefit of the Plan.

		Primary Government						
	Assets & Obligations				Cash & Assets Used & New Obligations			
			Applied or		New Debt			Net
Description		Eliminated	Assigned		Cash & Assets	Obligations	Other	Benefit
ASSETS								
Net Pension Asset	(1) \$	(1,206,321,236) \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(1,206,321,236)
Capital Assets (Net Book Value)		-	-	(10)	86,568,800	-	-	(86,568,800)
Deferred Charges	(2)	(34,452,367)	-			-	-	(34,452,367)
Total Assets		(1,240,773,603)	-		86,568,800	-	-	(1,327,342,403)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(3)	(17,682,877)						(17,682,877)
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		-	-	(11)	36,461,114	-	-	(36,461,114)
Accrued Interest Payable		53,306,470	-		-	-	-	53,306,470
Derivative Instruments - Swap Liability		302,463,879	-		17,662,479	37,969,929	-	246,831,471
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers	(4)	143,085,398	-		-	-	-	143,085,398
Other Defaulted Debt	(5)	25,000,000	-		-	-	-	25,000,000
Contingent Liabilities		-	-		-	-	25,000,000	(25,000,000)
Long-Term Obligations	(6)	2,961,435,753	43,349,210		56,003,944	1,244,985,027	43,349,210	1,660,446,782
Total Liabilities		3,485,291,500	43,349,210		110,127,537	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	2,067,209,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(7)	34,844,753	-				<u> </u>	34,844,753
Total Net Position (Deficit)	_	2,261,679,773	43,349,210		196,696,337	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	757,028,480
Other Obligations Not In Financial Statements								
Long-Term Obligations - OPEB	(8)	4,723,511,843	-		-	-	-	4,723,511,843
Long-Term Obligations - Net Pension Liability	(9)	1,326,824,448	-				-	1,326,824,448
Total Other Obligations	_	6,050,336,291	-			-	-	6,050,336,291
Grand Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	8,312,016,064 \$	43,349,210	\$	196,696,337 \$	1,282,954,956 \$	68,349,210 \$	6,807,364,771

(1) Net Pension Asset eliminated with bankruptcy and GASB 67 and upcoming GASB 68 requirements

(2) Prepaid insurance costs related to eliminated obligations

(3) Deferred charges related to eliminated obligations

(4) Principal and interest paid by insurers for defaulted debt including POC and LTGO debt

(5) Uninsured LTGO (2008 A(2)) bonds principal defaulted on

(6) Includes \$1.4 billion POC; \$994.8 million OPEB eliminated for year ended June 30, 2014; \$287.5 million restructured UTGO; and \$117.6 million LTGO obligations

(7) Deferred Swap Termination Fees

(8) Last OPEB valuation (June 11, 2011) \$5,718,286,228 less \$994,774,385 included in Long-Term Obligations

(9) Net Pension Liability Reduction (\$2,918,025,938 pre-bankruptcy and \$1,591,201,490 post-bankruptcy)

(10) DIA Assets transferred to DIA Trustee

(11) Funding for Professional Fee Reserve

See Note XIII – Bankruptcy for further details on the City's Chapter 9 Bankruptcy.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government Wide

- At June 30, 2014, the City's net position was \$188.4 million, an improvement of \$931.9 million from the balance at June 30, 2013, as restated (see below for details). This was mainly due to the \$994.8 million (Special Item) reduction of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) because the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and settlements reached with retirees in the Bankruptcy Case.
- The City's unrestricted net position was a deficit of \$1.3 billion as of June 30, 2014.
- The City had revenues of \$2.3 billion and expenses of \$2.4 billion for the year ended June 30, 2014.
- The City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. As a result, the City reported a change in accounting principle (See Note I (t)). Beginning net position was restated, as debt issuance costs, except the portion related to prepaid insurance costs, were recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Debt issuance costs were previously reported as an asset and recognized as an expense in a systematic and rational manner over the duration of the related debt. As a result, the City's governmental activities net position as of June 30, 2013 decreased \$22.4 million and business-type activities net position as of June 30, 2013 decreased \$42.9 million. See Note I (t) on page 75 for additional information. Also, GASB 65 established accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Furthermore, these statements provide guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their applicability to consumption or acquisition of net position.
- The City's pension obligations, retiree benefits, debt service, and derivatives associated with the POCs presented a substantial financial challenge for the City and were a contributing factor in the City's bankruptcy filing. As of June 30, 2014, a total of \$302.5 million of the negative fair value of derivatives related to interest rate swaps associated with the City's POCs. The POCs, totaling approximately \$1.5 billion, were issued in fiscal years 2005 and 2006 to provide funding for obligations of the City's two pension plans. The City had a \$1.5 billion long-term obligation payable at June 30, 2014 for the POCs, including a \$52.8 million principal payment that the City defaulted on in June 2013 (\$23.1 million) and June 2014 (\$29.7 million). The obligations of the City's two pension plans for retiree pensions totaled \$7.5 billion at June 30, 2013 (the most recent valuation date), of which approximately \$1.5 billion was unfunded (according to the pension plans' actuarial estimates). The primary government's pension, retiree benefits, and other pension related costs totaled \$377.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. This was a decrease of \$314.6 million from the prior year total of \$692.0 million. The large decrease was primarily due to the reduction of other

postemployment benefits (OPEB) because the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and settlements reached with retirees in the Bankruptcy Case.

- The City's total bonded debt at June 30, 2014 was \$6.4 billion, an increase of \$6.8 million from the June 30, 2013 balance. This increase was primarily due to the Governmental Funds and Public Lighting Authority issuing \$120.0 million and \$60.0 million of new debt, respectively. The Governmental Funds retired \$81.6 million of general obligation bonds during the year ended June 30, 2014. The Sewage Disposal, Water, and Parking Funds retired \$42.5 million, \$41.2 million, and \$9.3 million, respectively, of revenue bonds during the year ended June 30, 2014.
- Total primary government long-term obligations were \$8.8 billion at June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$703.4 million from \$9.5 billion at June 30, 2013. The long-term obligations decreased mainly due to the \$994.4 million decrease in other postemployment benefits. The City defaulted on its POC long-term (principal and interest) obligations totaling \$107.5 million from June 15, 2013 to June 30, 2014 due to cash flow and the bankruptcy stay.
- At June 30, 2014, the fair value of the POC swap liabilities was \$244.1 million for the governmental activities and totaled \$302.5 million for the primary government (see Note VIII for more details). This was a \$6.0 million increase in fair value from the \$296.5 million balance at June 30, 2013.

Fiduciary

The City implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans-an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. Statement No. 67 establishes financial reporting standards, but not funding or budgetary standards, for state and local government defined benefit pension plans and defined contribution pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (Pension Trusts). For defined benefit pension plans, this statement establishes standards of financial reporting for separately issued financial reports and presentation as pension trust funds in the financial statements of another government, and specifies the required approach to measuring the pension liability of employers and any nonemployer contributing entities for benefits provided through the pension plan (the net pension liability), about which certain information is required to be presented. The adoption of Statement No. 67 has no impact on the City's governmental fund financial statements, which continue to report expenditures in the amount of the actuarially determined contributions, as required by State law. The calculation of pension contributions is unaffected by the change. The adoption has resulted in certain changes to the presentation of the financial statements of the City's Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds with the exception of the OPEB Plan. In the City's financial statements, these changes were generally limited to a recharacterization of fiduciary fund net position. In the separate annual financial statements of these funds, certain changes in note disclosures and Required Supplementary Information (RSI) were incorporated to comply with Statement No. 67.

Fund Level

- The City of Detroit General Fund assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$53.4 million and cash and investments on hand totaling \$381.3 million were sufficient to meet obligations due. The General Fund fund balance was \$53.4 million, a \$126.4 million increase from the \$73.0 million deficit at June 30, 2013. Cash and investments were \$279.1 million higher than the \$102.2 million cash and investments balance at June 30, 2013. The Unassigned General Fund Balance (page 42) had a \$145.9 million cumulative deficit at June 30, 2014, a \$13.3 million increase from the \$132.6 million deficit at the end of fiscal year 2013. The increase in the cumulative deficit of unassigned fund balance was primarily due to the bankruptcy and restructuring costs incurred during the year. The City's General Fund improved solvency and fund balance was in part due to the \$120.0 million in proceeds from the Financial Recovery Bonds issued in April 2014 through a private placement with Barclays Capital, Inc. for the Quality of Life program (various reinvestment and revitalization initiatives programs such as blight remediation and purchase of police vehicles). Also, significantly contributing to the increase in the General Fund cash was the default on the \$176.2 million required pension contributions through the year ended June 30, 2014. The General Fund fund balance for the Quality of Life program was restricted for \$42.0 million for Capital Acquisitions and was committed for \$77.1 for other Quality of Life projects.
- The City's General Fund obligations that were defaulted on because of the bankruptcy stay through the year ended June 30, 2014 included: (1) \$122.5 million in pension contributions due the Police and Fire Retirement System; (2) \$53.7 million in pension contributions due the General Retirement System; (3) \$85.6 million of Pension Obligation Certificate (POC) debt; and (4) \$51.8 million of Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) bond debt. The POC and LTGO debt that was defaulted on was included in the governmental financial statements as liabilities due to the service corporations (POC) and as obligations due to the insurer (for defaulted debt paid by the insurer who had subrogation rights) and bondholders (LTGO). Also, the General Fund owed property taxes totaling \$102.1 million due to other funds, component units and other governmental agencies. These unpaid obligations greatly contributed to the City's General Fund \$381.3 million cash and investment balance at June 30, 2014.
- The City's General Fund had a net cost of \$132.0 million for restructuring and bankruptcy expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014, as the City made substantial progress to settle with the major creditors in the Bankruptcy Case. This was a \$112.8 million increase from the \$19.2 million for the prior year.
- The City's General Fund agencies continued to make substantial efforts to reduce the deficit for the year ended June 30, 2014 by reducing costs from the prior year, including the: (1) \$28.2 million reduction in salaries and wages through 10% pay cuts, furlough days, attrition, and other measures; and (2) \$39.7 million and \$20.4 million reductions in health care and miscellaneous benefit expenses, respectively, primarily through reductions to retiree benefits starting in March 2014.

- Other major changes to the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the prior year included: (1) \$49.5 million decrease in the risk management fund premium, as the Bankruptcy Case stayed legal claims; (2) \$7.7 million increase in sewage disposal costs as the City's General Fund settled with the Water and Sewerage Department concerning disputed invoices; (3) \$28.3 million decrease in legal claims because of the bankruptcy stay; (4) \$71.1 million increase in debt service (principal and interest) because of the change to report the General Fund supported debt in the General Fund rather than the Debt Service Fund, as was done in the prior years (this was offset by a decrease in transfers-out); (5) \$39.2 million decrease in transfers-out mainly because the \$71.1 million of debt service included in the General Fund had in prior years been reported as a transfer-out; (6) \$26.0 million increase in other transfers-out, including \$10.0 million increase in DDOT subsidy and \$17.5 million transfer to the Public Lighting Authority of utility users tax revenues to support the new authority; and (7) \$18.8 million increase in sales and charges revenues mainly due to the \$35.2 million settlement of the City's General and other Governmental Funds interfund service and other charges due from the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds.
- The Public Lighting Authority of Detroit (the "PLA") was authorized by the Michigan Legislature in 2012 per the Michigan Lighting Authority Act (Michigan Public Act 392 of 2012). The PLA is a legally separate entity that was created by the City on February 5, 2013. The PLA was created for the purpose of providing an equitable and reasonable method and means of financing, operating, and maintaining a street lighting system in the City. The PLA anticipates making a multi-year investment in public lighting infrastructure. Because the PLA is in substance a part of the City's operation, its financial statements are blended (Blended Component Unit) with the City's financial statements in the CAFR's Enterprise Funds section. In the year ended June 30, 2013, the PLA was reported in the Special Revenue section because sufficient details were not available at the time on the enterprise activities of the PLA.
- For the year ended June 30, 2014, the General Fund recorded \$16.6 million in liabilities due to Wayne County for estimated chargebacks/recoveries of uncollectible delinquent property taxes. Wayne County has been providing the City with payments for the purchase of current year delinquent taxes every year since 2004. In the current year, the County will chargeback to the City prior year taxes purchased that it determines to be uncollectible. At June 30, 2013, the liability totaled \$24.5 million. The \$7.8 million decrease in the liability for the year ended June 30, 2014 was due to improvements in county collections.
- The General Fund's hospitalization, dental, vision, and life insurance benefits costs in recent years have presented some of the biggest challenges for the City and were major contributors to the structural deficit. For the year ended June 30, 2014, these costs were \$155.8 million, down \$37.6 million from \$193.4 million for year ended June 30, 2013. The portion of the fiscal year 2014 costs relating to retirees was \$96.8 million, or 62.1% of the total amount. The portion of the fiscal year 2014 costs relating to active employee's costs was \$59.0 million, or 37.9% of the total amount. The retiree share decreased \$46.0 million from \$142.8 million in the year ended June 30, 2013, while the active share increased \$8.4 million. The reason for the decrease in retiree benefits for the year ended June 30, 2014 from the prior

year was that effective March 1, 2014, the City significantly reduced retiree benefits. For retirees who were not eligible for Medicare, the City provided stipends for the purchase of insurance which were much less costly than the insurance previously provided. As discussed in the Bankruptcy Footnote XIII, the Plan of Adjustment provides that the City will no longer provide retiree health benefits after December 31, 2014. The number of retirees exceeds the number of active employees by a factor of two to one.

• The City's business-type activities had a net position of \$234.8 million at June 30, 2014, an increase of \$147.0 million from the restated balance of \$87.7 million at June 30, 2013. The business-type activities cumulative unrestricted net position was a deficit totaling \$292.6 million, a \$347.8 million decrease from the \$640.4 million deficit at June 30, 2013. The Sewage Disposal Fund's net position increased by \$40.1 million to \$71.0 million at June 30, 2014. The Water Fund's net position deficit decreased by \$20.9 million, to a deficit of \$37.9 million at June 30, 2014.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements (pages 39-41) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. They take into account all revenues and expenses connected with the fiscal year, regardless of when the City received or paid the cash. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are two financial statements that report information about the City as a whole, and about its activities that should help answer this question: How has the City's financial position, as a whole, changed as a result of this year's activities? These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Net Position (page 39) presents all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position measure whether the City's financial position is improving or eroding.

The Statement of Activities (pages 40 and 41) presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both statements report three activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the City's basic services such as public protection (police and fire) and public works are reported under this category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues generally fund these services.
- Business-Type Activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides such as water and transportation.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. There are twelve legally separate organizations including the Economic Development Corporation, Museum of African American History, and the Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation that are reported as discretely presented component units of the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 42 and provide detailed information about the major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. The City's funds are divided into three categories – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – and use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year end that are available for future spending. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. These funds are reported using modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. Governmental funds include the General Fund, General Retirement System Service Corporation, Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation and Other Governmental Funds.
- *Proprietary funds* When the City charges customers for services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other agencies within the City, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary (e.g., Enterprise) funds utilize accrual accounting, the same method used by private sector businesses. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and services to the general public (e.g., Transportation Fund).
- *Fiduciary funds* The City acts as a trustee or fiduciary for its employee pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (pages 56 and 57). These funds, which include pension (and other employee benefit) and agency funds, are reported using accrual accounting. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances

because these assets are restricted in purpose and do not represent discretionary assets of the City to finance its operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 63 of the report.

Additional Required Supplementary Information

The Required Supplementary Information that follows the basic financial statements further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Government-wide Net Position

Net position (assets less liabilities) serves as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$188.4 million at June 30, 2014. The net position increased \$866.6 million from the deficit of \$678.2 million at June 30, 2013. As discussed previously, the increase was mainly due to the \$994.8 million reduction in OPEB.

				Summary of Ne June 30, 2014 a (In Thousa	and 2013							
		Gover	rnme	ental	Busine	ess-	type	Total				
	_	Ac	tiviti	es	Act	iviti	es	Primary Government				
	_	2014		2013	2014		2013	2014	2013			
Current and other non- current assets Capital assets	\$	1,805,240 1,510,671	\$	1,583,883 \$ 1,511,817	1,507,345 5,106,915	\$	1,513,742 \$ 5,200,965	3,312,585 \$ 6,617,586	3,097,625 6,712,782			
Total assets	_	3,315,911		3,095,700	6,614,260		6,714,707	9,930,171	9,810,407			
Deferred outflows of resources		14,797		-	331,572		-	346,369	-			
Current and other liabilities		829,064		608,324	374,956		344,803	1,204,020	953,127			
Long-term obligations	_	2,515,734		3,295,168	6,316,358		6,240,290	8,832,092	9,535,458			
Total liabilities		3,344,798		3,903,492	6,691,314		6,585,093	10,036,112	10,488,585			
Deferred inflows of resources	_	32,299			19,735			52,034				
Net position: Net investment												
in capital assets		886,141		832,127	54,337		525,964	940,478	1,358,091			
Restricted		102,048		75,056	473,057		244,040	575,105	319,096			
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	(1,034,578)		(1,714,975)	(292,611)		(640,390)	(1,327,189)	(2,355,365)			
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(46,389)	\$	(807,792) \$	234,783	\$	129,614 \$	188,394 \$	(678,178)			

Total Primary Government

The City's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others), net of any related debt outstanding that was needed to acquire or construct the assets at June 30, 2014, was \$940.5 million, \$417.6 million less than the \$1.4 billion at June 30, 2013. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The large decrease was primarily due to adjustments by the Sewage Disposal and Water Funds.

Restricted net position totaling \$575.1 million at June 30, 2014 is resources subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The City presents restricted net position for Highway and Street Improvement (\$48.9 million), Capital Projects and Acquisitions (\$187.7 million), Debt Service (\$335.6 million), Endowments and Trusts (\$1.7 million), and Donations (\$1.2 million).

The remaining balance is an unrestricted accumulated deficit of \$1.3 billion at June 30, 2014. A deficit represents a shortage of assets available to meet all the City's obligations if they were immediately due and payable. The unrestricted accumulated deficit decreased by \$1.0 billion from the \$2.4 billion at June 30, 2013 mainly due to the \$994.8 million OPEB reduction.

Governmental Activities

At June 30, 2014, the City's governmental activities had a net position deficit (liabilities exceeded assets) of \$46.4 million, a decrease of \$761.4 million from the \$807.8 million net position deficit at June 30, 2013. The reduction of OPEB payable accounted for \$766.0 million of the governmental activities decreases in the net position deficit. In addition, the weak economy in fiscal year 2014 and resulting high unemployment and depressed property values adversely impacted tax revenues. Expenses were down \$46.8 million due to cost cutting measures such as the 10% pay cut, reduction in retiree health care and other benefits and attrition. Revenues increased \$126.1 million mainly due to increases for investment earnings (\$84.4 million), charges for services (\$58.0 million), and capital grants (\$10.9 million). Investment earnings increased due to the derivatives' (interest rate swaps) fair market value adjustment, which was much less than in the prior year. Charges for Services increased \$26.6 million for the City's settlement with Comcast for disputed fees. The capital grants were up due to the street resurfacing and repair projects for the year ended June 30, 2014. Income tax revenues were up \$5.8 million due to the improving economy. Shared tax revenues were up \$7.3 million due to improvements in the State's economy. Wagering tax revenues were down \$6.8 million due to competition from other area casinos. Property tax revenues were down \$4.5 million as depressed property values and home foreclosures hindered collections.

Net investment in capital assets totaled \$886.1 million at June 30, 2014, an increase of \$54.0 million from the prior fiscal year. Restricted net position totaled \$102.0 million at June 30, 2014. The remaining unrestricted net position deficit totaled \$1.0 billion at June 30, 2014, a \$680.4 million decrease from the \$1.7 billion deficit at June 30, 2013.

Business-type Activities

The business-type activities had a net position totaling \$234.8 million at June 30, 2014, an increase of \$105.2 million from the \$129.6 million net position at June 30, 2013. The unrestricted net position deficit decreased \$347.8 million to \$292.6 million at June 30, 2014 from the \$640.4 million deficit at June 30, 2013. The Water Fund had a \$37.9 million net position deficit at June 30, 2014. The Sewage Disposal Fund had a net position of \$71.0 million at June 30, 2014. The Transportation, Parking, and Other Enterprise (Airport and PLA) Funds had net positions totaling \$110.9 million, \$57.4 million, and \$33.4 million, respectively, at June 30, 2014.

Government-wide Changes in Net Position

The following condensed financial information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities and reflects how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year:

	Sun	nmary of Changes June 30, 2014								
		(In Thousa								
	Governm				ness-type				Fotal	
-	Activi				tivities			Primary	Gove	
-	2014	2013		2014		2013		2014		2013
Revenues:										
Program Revenues:	246.025	* 200 071	¢	057.042	¢	025 754	¢	1 204 077	¢	1 101 705
Charges for Services \$ Operating Grants and Contributions		\$ 288,971 211,471	\$	857,942 61,598	\$	835,754 70,142	\$	1,204,877 238,386	\$	1,124,725
Capital Grants and Contributions	176,788 30,593	19,741		9,943						281,613
General Revenues:	30,393	19,741		9,945		11,855		40,536		31,596
Property Taxes	194,680	199,192						194,680		199,192
	253,770	248,017		-		-		253,770		
Municipal Income Tax				-		-				248,017
Utility Users Tax Wagering Tax	42,387 167,570	35,300 174,357		-		-		42,387 167,570		35,300 174,357
0 0	167,570	1/4,557		-		-		167,570		174,557
Hotel and Liquor Tax Other Local Taxes	-	14.205		-		-		-		-
	8,604	14,385		-		-		8,604		14,385
State Shared Taxes	189,757 607	182,454 604		-		-		189,757 607		182,454 604
State Returnable Liquor License Fees				-		-				
Investment Earnings (Losses) Bond Issuance Costs	(4,171)	(88,533)		5,609		(46,469)		1,438		(135,002)
Miscellaneous	-	2 050		(22,174)		7 262		(6 757)		11 212
	8,460	3,950		(15,217)		7,263		(6,757)		11,213
Total Revenues	1,415,980	1,289,909	-	897,701		878,545		2,335,855		2,168,454
Expenses:										
Public Protection	539,831	694,708		-		-		539,831		694,708
Health	49,563	38,070		-		-		49,563		38,070
Recreation and Culture	30,467	26,856		-		-		30,467		26,856
Economic Development	59,702	81,455		-		-		59,702		81,455
Educational Development	-	37,041		-		-		-		37,041
Housing Supply and Conditions	8,465	5,087		-		-		8,465		5,087
Physical Environment	110,555	121,192		-		-		110,555		121,192
Transportation Facilitation	55,832	20,746		-		-		55,832		20,746
Development and Management	328,244	205,938		-		-		328,244		205,938
Interest on Long-term Debt	135,131	133,545				-		135,131		133,545
Sewage Disposal	-	-		482,724		523,910		482,724		523,910
Transportation	-	-		163,842		166,024		163,842		166,024
Water	-	-		392,921		398,087		392,921		398,087
Automobile Parking	-	-		14,714		20,089		14,714		20,089
Airport	-			4,613		1,910		4,613		1,910
Total Expenses	1,317,790	1,364,638		1,058,814	1,	110,020		2,376,604		2,474,658
Excess (Deficiency) Before										
Transfers	98,190	(74,729)		(161,113)	(231,475)		(62,923)		(306,204)
Special Item	766,046	-		228,728		-		994,774		-
Transfers, Net	(79,433)	(52,662)		79,433		52,662		-		-
Increase (decrease) in										
Net Position	784,803	(127,391)		147,048	(178,813)		931,851		(306,204)
Net Position, July 1	(807,792)	(680,401)		129,614		308,427		(678,178)		(371,974)
GASB 65 and PLA Adjustment	(23,400)	-		(41,880)		-		(65,280)		-
Restated Net Assets, July 1	(831,192)	(680,401)	_	87,734		308,427		(743,458)		(371,974)
Net Position, June 30 \$	(46,389)	\$ (807,792)	\$	234,782	\$	129,614	\$	188,393	s –	(678,178)

Total Primary Government

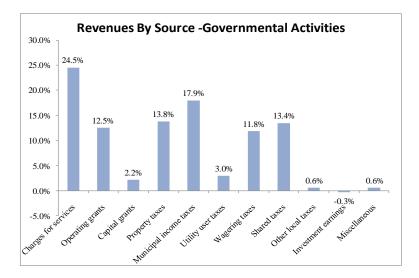
Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2014 were \$2.3 billion, an increase of \$145.2 million from the prior fiscal year mainly due to increases in investment earnings. Investment earnings improved by \$114.3 million mainly due to the derivative (interest rate swaps) fair market value adjustments, which were much less than in the prior year. Charges for services increased \$80.2 million in part due to the \$26.3 million settlement with Comcast for disputed fees. Sewer and water revenues from customer charges for services increased \$33.3 million and decreased \$6.0 million, respectively, from the prior fiscal year.

Total expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014, were \$2.4 billion, a decrease of \$98.1 million from the prior fiscal year amount. The decrease is mainly attributable to reductions in salaries, wages, and benefits costs, primarily other post-employment benefits as the City significantly reduced retiree benefits effective March 1, 2014, offset by the \$112.8 million increase in professional fees for the bankruptcy and restructuring. Significantly contributing to the decrease in expenses were the City labor cost cutting initiatives, including a 10% pay-cut, and attrition which reduced the General Fund salaries and wages by \$28.2 million and benefit cuts, mainly health care, by \$60.1 million from the prior year amount. General Fund Legal expenses were down \$29.0 million from the prior year due to the bankruptcy stay. The Sewage Disposal Fund expenses were \$482.7 million during the year ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$41.2 million compared to \$523.9 million during the prior fiscal year due to the \$26.0 million reduction in salaries, wages, and benefits. The Water Fund expenses decreased \$5.2 million during the year ended June 30, 2014 mainly due to the \$17.3 million decrease in salaries, wages, and benefits expenses. The Transportation Fund expenses were \$2.2 million less than the prior fiscal year mainly due to the \$10.3 million decrease in salaries, wages, and benefits expense resulting from the 10% pay-cut and attrition, partially offset by an increase in materials and supplies costs.

A special item totaling \$994.8 million was recorded for the reduction of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) because the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and settlements reached with retirees in the Bankruptcy Case. The governmental activities and the business-type activities had special items totaling \$766.1 million and \$228.7 million, respectively, for the OPEB reduction.

Governmental Activities

The following chart depicts revenues of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014:

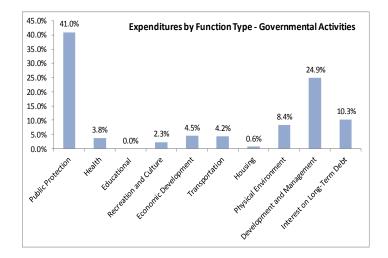


The governmental activities revenues totaled \$1.4 billion for the year ended June 30, 2014, a \$126.1 million increase from the year ended June 30, 2013. The amount that taxpayers paid for these activities through City taxes was \$667.0 million or 47.1% of total revenues, a \$4.3 million decrease from the prior year amount. Income taxes were the largest (17.9% of total revenues) category of taxes collected and totaled \$253.8 million, a \$5.8 million increase from the prior fiscal year amount mainly resulting from improvement in the local economy. Property taxes were \$4.5 million less than the prior fiscal year amount due to declining home values and population. Wagering (casino) tax revenues decreased \$6.8 million from the prior fiscal year amount due to competition from other casinos opening in the region such as the Toledo casino. Utility users taxes were up \$7.1 million due to improvement in the City's economy and utility collections. Other funding for governmental activities was provided from the following sources for the year ended June 30, 2014:

• Charges for services paid by those who directly benefited totaled \$346.9 million or 24.5% of total revenues. These services included permits, parking fines, licenses, and solid waste fees. Charges for services were \$57.9 million more than the \$289.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. Charges for services increased mainly due to the \$26.6 million settlement with Comcast for disputed fees. Also, charges for services were up for settlement of amounts due for City services provided to the Water and Sewerage Department, which were exchanged for amounts owed to the Department. In the past several years, the revenue had not been recognized due to the inability to collect from the Water and Sewerage Disposal Department. The increase was partially offset by a \$13.0 million decrease in electricity revenue mainly due to the inability to collect from the Detroit Public Schools due to their poor financial condition.

- Other governments and organizations subsidized programs such as health related activities and community development projects with grants and contributions totaling \$207.4 million or 14.7% of total revenue. This was \$23.8 million less than the \$231.2 million of subsidies during the year ended June 30, 2013. The major reason for the decrease was workforce development grants were no longer passed through the City. For the year ended June 30, 2013 the City recorded \$36.9 million of grant revenue passed through the City to Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation (DESC). Also, contributing to the decrease in grant revenue was that the American Reinvestment and Recovery Act (ARRA) grant funding ended in the prior year. The loss of these grant revenues was partially offset by additional grant revenues for Street resurfacing and repairs during the year.
- Other revenues such as state aid (revenue sharing), interest, and miscellaneous income funded the "public benefit" portion of various programs and totaled \$194.7 million or 13.7% of total revenue. This was \$96.2 million more than the \$98.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2013 mainly due to the \$84.4 million increase in investment earnings for derivatives (POC interest rate swaps). In the prior year, adjustments were made due to the anticipation of a termination of the derivatives due to the potential bankruptcy filing and final settlement with the counterparties. As a result, the balance in the deferral (asset) account (i.e., deferred outflows) totaling \$203.1 million for the governmental activities was written off to investment revenue. This was offset by a \$115.0 million adjustment for the decrease in the fair market value of the swaps at June 30, 2013. State shared taxes were up \$7.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the prior fiscal year due to the improving state and local economy.

The following chart depicts expenses of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014:



The governmental activities expenses totaled \$1.3 billion, a \$46.8 million decrease from the \$1.4 billion for the year ended June 30, 2014. The expenditures are primarily for public protection (police and fire) and development and management (human resources, finance, information technology, general services, Mayor, City Council, etc.). Detailed below is an explanation of the expenses by function type and reasons for changes from the year ended June 30, 2013.

Public protection (police and fire) was the largest component of current expenses, accounting for 41.0% of total expenses. Public protection expenses decreased by \$154.9 million from the \$694.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2013 primarily due to the OPEB reductions as the City has greatly reduced retiree health care. Public protection OPEB costs were \$10.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the \$135.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. In addition, General Fund public protection salaries and wages decreased \$24.3 million and benefits were down \$35.2 million from the prior year due to the 10% pay cut, reduction in overtime and reduction of benefits during the year.

Development and management expense was the next largest component at 24.9% of total expenses. Development and management expenses totaled \$328.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$122.3 million from the \$205.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. Development and management expenses increased from the prior fiscal year mainly because of the professional fees for the bankruptcy and restructuring, which increased \$112.8 million from the prior year. In addition, the contribution to the Detroit Transportation Corporation (People Mover) was \$6.9 million greater than the prior year. These increases were offset by the \$16.6 million decrease in hospitalization expenses because of the cut in retiree benefits on March 1, 2014.

Health expenses were 3.8% of total expenses and totaled \$49.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$11.5 million from the prior fiscal year amount of \$38.1 million. The primary reason for the increase in health expenses was the transition of the Health and Human Services departments' grant activities to non-profit agencies that were not under the City's direct control in the prior year which caused a reduction in health grant activities in the prior year. However, for the year ended June 30, 2014, the City's Health Department had taken on more grant responsibilities including the Michigan Department of Community Health (MCDH) and Substance Abuse grants, which has increased its health expenses over the prior year.

Physical environment expenses were 8.4% of total expenses and decreased by \$10.6 million from the prior fiscal year amount. The decrease was mainly due to transitioning the Public Lighting Department (PLD) services such as street lighting and electricity to the new Public Lighting Authority and DTE Energy, respectively. The physical environment salaries and benefits were down \$3.6 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, from the prior year. Physical environment electricity and legal expenses were also down \$3.4 million and \$6.5 million, respectively. These decreases were offset by a \$6.1 million increase in physical environment contractual costs primarily for the public lighting conversion for the PLA from the prior year amount.

Economic development expenses were 4.5% of total expenses and decreased by \$21.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. The decrease was mainly due to the \$9.9 million decrease in the NSP home rehabilitation and demolition grants and the \$5.7 million decrease in Home grants during the year because of issues with the grantor agency. Also, Planning and Development salaries and wages decreased \$2.3 million due to cuts and attrition.

Educational development expenses were zero and decreased by \$37.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2013 compared to the prior fiscal year amount because the workforce development

activities were transitioned to the Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation (DESC) in the prior fiscal year. Also, as discussed above, the City no longer passes through grant revenues to the DESC.

Transportation facilitation expenses were 4.2% of total expenses and increased \$35.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 from the prior fiscal year. The prior year had large adjustments for capital outlays which greatly reduced the Transportation expense amount for that year. Also, there was an \$8.5 million increase in Transportation grant contributions due to a large amount of work on City streets during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Recreation and Culture expenses were 2.3% of total expenses and increased \$3.6 million mainly due to the \$3.5 million increase in sewerage expenses from the prior year as the City settled accounts with the Water and Sewerage Department.

Interest expense on long-term debt was 10.3% of total expenses. Interest expense on long-term debt was \$135.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 and increased \$1.6 million from the \$133.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. The Governmental Funds defaulted on \$71.6 million of interest due on the unsecured debt (certain Pension Obligation Certificates, UTGO Bonds and LTGO Bonds) as of June 30, 2014. The insurers paid \$31.8 million of the \$71.6 million of defaulted interest to the debt holders. At June 30, 2014, the City was obligated to the insurers and bond holders for the defaulted debt.

Business-type Activities

The net position of the business-type activities increased \$147.0 million to \$234.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. Detailed below are the results for the major business-type funds:

Water Fund

The Water Fund had a decrease in net position deficit of \$20.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. High interest and depreciation expenses due to infrastructure needs relative to revenues continued to adversely impact the Water Fund's net position. Water sales revenues from Detroit and suburban customers decreased \$6.0 million to \$344.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$350.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. OPEB expenses decreased \$70.3 million (Special Item - OPEB Plan Termination). Salaries, wages, and benefits expenses were \$17.3 million less than the prior year amount due to cuts in staff and reduction in retiree health benefits. Interest expense was \$133.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$5.7 million from the prior fiscal year amount. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, the Water Fund restated and increased its deficit net position at the beginning of the fiscal year by \$17.2 million to \$58.8 million to eliminate debt issuance costs previously recorded as an asset. As of June 30, 2014, the Water Fund had \$2.5 billion of outstanding revenue bonds payable in part for major infrastructure projects, which contributed to the \$133.6 million of interest expense for the year.

Sewage Disposal Fund

The Sewage Disposal Fund had an increase in net position of \$40.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. High interest and depreciation expenses due to infrastructure needs relative to revenues continued to adversely impact the Sewage Disposal Fund's net position. Sewage Disposal Fund revenues from Detroit and Suburban customers increased \$33.4 million to \$465.4 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to \$432.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. OPEB expenses decreased \$70.2 million (Special Item – OPEB Plan Termination). Salaries, wages, and benefits were down \$26.0 million from the prior fiscal year. Interest expense was \$135.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$6.9 million from the prior fiscal year. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the Sewage Disposal Fund restated and reduced its net position at the beginning of the fiscal year by \$21.4 million to \$31.0 million to eliminate debt issuance costs previously recorded as an asset. As of June 30, 2014, the Sewage Disposal Fund had \$2.8 billion of outstanding revenue bonds payable in part for major infrastructure projects, which contributed to the \$135.1 million interest expense for the year.

Transportation Fund

The Transportation Fund ("DDOT") had an increase in net position of \$68.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 from the prior year amount mainly due to the \$85.8 million reduction in OPEB (Special Item – OPEB Plan Termination). DDOT revenues decreased \$7.3 million from the prior fiscal year amount. Salaries, wages, and benefits were \$89.5 million, a decrease of \$10.2 million from the \$99.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. This was due to the 10% pay cut and attrition and reduction in retiree benefits. Contractual services expenses were down \$1.8 million. The Federal and State grants were \$8.5 million less than the \$70.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2013, mainly due to a reduction in the State operating assistance (Act 51). The General Fund subsidy to the Transportation Fund was \$57.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, an increase of \$10.0 million from the \$47.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2013. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the Transportation Fund restated its net position at the beginning of the fiscal year by \$4.3 million to \$42.6 million to eliminate debt issuance costs previously recorded as an asset.

Automobile Parking Fund

The Automobile Parking Fund recorded an increase of \$2.0 million in net position for the year ended June 30, 2014. The City's General Fund eliminated the \$4.1 million advance payable from the Parking Fund because of the inability to collect it. The Fund revenues decreased \$1.7 million to \$10.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the prior fiscal year. Operating expenses decreased \$5.5 million, mainly due to the \$10.1 million impairment loss recorded in the prior year for the Joe Louis Arena and related parking garage due to the anticipated move of the Detroit Red Wings to a new arena to be built in the City's mid-town. Salaries and wages were up \$2.4 million from the prior year amount. The Parking Fund retired all of its \$9.3 million of revenue bonds during the year ended June 30, 2014.

Airport and Public Lighting Authority Funds (Other Enterprise Funds)

Other Enterprise Funds include the Airport Fund and Public Lighting Authority of Detroit (the "PLA"). Because the PLA is in substance a part of the City's operation, its financial statements are blended (Blended Component Unit) with the City's financial statements in the CAFR's Enterprise Funds section. In the year ended June 30, 2013, the PLA was reported in the Special Revenue section because sufficient details were not available at the time on the enterprise activities of the PLA. The PLA had a \$16.5 million net position at June 30, 2014, a \$15.5 million increase from the \$1.0 million at June 30, 2013. The PLA had revenues of \$18.3 million including \$17.5 million transferred from the City's General Fund utility users tax revenues. The PLA had \$2.8 million of expenses for the year ended June 30, 2014. Also, the PLA issued \$60.0 million of Revenue Bonds in December 2013. These bonds were paid off with proceeds from the \$185.0 million of Revenue Bonds (30 year) issued on July 2, 2014.

The Airport Fund had a \$0.3 million increase in net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to revenue for land acquisition. The General Fund contribution to the Airport was \$0.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, which was \$0.3 million more than in the prior fiscal year.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City's governmental funds (statements begin on page 42) reported a combined ending fund balance of \$245.6 million at June 30, 2014, a \$136.1 million increase from the \$109.5 million fund balance deficit at June 30, 2013. This was mainly due to the \$120.0 million in proceeds from the Financial Recovery Bonds issued in April 2014 for the Quality of Life program. The fund balances include an unassigned deficit of \$145.9 million, a \$13.3 million increase from the June 30, 2013 balance. In addition, the remaining fund balances totaling \$391.5 million are classified as follows: (1) nonspendable - \$25.0 million; (2) restricted - \$197.5 million; (3) assigned - \$12.6 million; and (4) committed - \$156.3 million. Nonspendable fund balances include inventory, long-term receivables and permanent fund principal from endowments. Restricted fund balances include highway and street improvements, police (drug law enforcement), endowments and trusts, capital acquisitions, local business growth (targeted business development), rubbish collection and disposal, and grants. Assigned fund balances include debt service. Committed fund balances include the risk management (workers' compensation, legal, and other damage claims) and Quality of Life funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The fund had a \$53.4 million surplus at June 30, 2014, a \$126.4 million increase from the \$73.0 million deficit at June 30, 2013. The fund balance includes an unassigned deficit of \$145.9 million, a \$13.3 million increase from the \$132.6 million deficit at June 30, 2013. The remaining General Fund balance includes: (1) restricted (capital acquisitions) - \$43.0 million; and (2) committed (risk management and Quality of Life Programs) - \$156.3 million.

General Fund Balance Sheet									
June 30, 2014 and 2013									
(in millions)									
		2014	2013						
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	622.8 \$	292.5						
Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		569.4	365.5						
Fund Balance									
Nonspendable		-	4.0						
Restricted		43.0	1.0						
Committed		156.3	54.6						
Unassigned for:									
General Fund Deficit		(145.9)	(132.6)						
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)		53.4	(73.0)						
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	622.8 \$	292.5						

The \$13.3 million increase in the unassigned General Fund deficit was primarily due to the \$132.0 million for bankruptcy and restructuring costs incurred during the year offset in part by the City's default on the required pension contributions and other cost savings for the year ended June 30, 2014. The GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers*, requires that the defaulted pension expenses and related obligations not be included in the governmental financial statements when there are no available resources to pay them. Also, GASB Statement No. 27 requires that the defaulted pension expenses and related obligation (Net Pension Obligation or Net Pension Asset) be recorded in the government-wide statements. While the City was in bankruptcy and had stated its intention not to pay the pension contributions, the City still had a legal requirement to pay them until the Plan of Adjustment was approved by the Bankruptcy Court in December 2014.

The City made great improvements in reducing costs for the year ended June 30, 2014. However, the reduction in costs did adversely impact city services such as public protection for the year ended June 30, 2014. Contributing to the City's deficit reduction efforts were the: (1) \$28.2 million reduction in salaries and wages through 10% pay cuts, furlough days, attrition and other measures; and (2) \$60.1 million reduction in benefits, mainly hospitalization, due to reduction in retiree benefits effective March 1, 2014.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's fiscal year 2014 General Fund budget (pages 162-164) was \$1.3 billion. The City's fiscal year 2014 General Fund budget contained no additions or material changes to existing taxes. Pursuant to Section 12(1)(b) of Michigan Public Act 436 of 2012, Emergency Manager approved the City's fiscal year 2014 budget in June 2013.

The estimated revenues in the budget exceeded actual revenues by \$205.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. The revenue shortfall is mainly attributable to actual intergovernmental (including grant) revenues, and other revenues being \$211.0 million and \$19.4 million, respectively, less than the final budget (see explanation below for grants revenues). Other revenues were less than budget partially due to the elimination of intra-fund transactions such as the Risk Management Fund premium of \$19.4 million, which reduced the actual amount of other revenues and contributed to the budget variance.

Actual expenditures were less than budgeted expenditures by \$292.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2014 primarily because the Development and Management, Public Protection and Health appropriations were \$26.0 million, \$172.3 million and \$98.7 million, respectively, larger than the actual results for the year. In addition, the grant expenditures were less than budgeted (see explanation below). Development and Management expenses were less than budget primarily because the "Quality of Life" program actual expenditures were significantly less than appropriation, as the funding was not received until April 2014. Public protection expenses were \$172.3 million less than budgeted appropriations mainly due to salary and benefit reductions for police and fire. Health expenses were \$98.7 million less than budget due to the transition of Health grant activities to a non-profit entity.

The City's budget for grant revenues and expenditures is greater than the actual revenues and expenditures because: (1) the City budgets grant awards for the total amount of the award even if the grant award is for more than one year, whereas actual revenues only represent one year's activity; (2) the City's fiscal year (July 1-June 30) is different from most grant fiscal years (October 1-September 30) and more or less grant activity may occur depending on the timing; and (3) the City also carries forward previous year unspent grant awards into the current year's budget.

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget consisted of a total net increase in estimated revenues of \$302.6 million and a total net increase in appropriations of \$211.5 million. The difference was mostly offset by a total net increase in other financing sources and uses of \$85.8 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Total Government

At June 30, 2014, the City had invested \$6.6 billion, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). This was a decrease of \$95.2 million from the balance at June 30, 2013.

		Gover			Busin Ac	ess- tiviti	21	Total Primary Government			
	-	2014		2013	2014 2013			 2014	_	2013	
Land & Land Rights	\$	412,817	\$	412,818	\$ 76,694	\$	49,731	\$ 489,511	\$	462,549	
Land Improvements		-		-	136,311		137,563	136,311		137,563	
Buildings & Structures		667,074		626,888	2,100,346		2,150,499	2,767,420		2,777,387	
Sewer a& Water Lines		-		-	893,839		890,974	893,839		890,974	
Equipment & Structures		50,282		71,409	1,504,276		1,599,455	1,554,558		1,670,864	
Works of Art		29,805		29,805	-		-	29,805		29,805	
Infrastructure		326,323		304,551	-		-	326,323		304,551	
Construction in Progress		24,370	-	66,346	395,449		372,743	 419,819	_	439,089	
Total	\$	1,510,671	\$	1,511,817	\$ 5,106,915	\$	5,200,965	\$ 6,617,586	\$_	6,712,782	

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities capital assets at June 30, 2014 were \$1.1 million less than the \$1.5 billion at June 30, 2013. The City acquired \$81.3 million in new assets including \$24.2 million of construction in progress, which was completed during the year ended June 30, 2014. Depreciation expenses totaled \$82.1 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, which was \$4.3 million less than the prior fiscal year.

At June 30, 2014, the City governmental activities had commitments for future capital asset construction contracts of \$20.1 million.

Major capital assets acquired and projects completed or in progress during the year ended June 30, 2014 included the following:

- \$49.4 million for traffic light modernization and replacement as well as road construction and resurfacing;
- \$60.3 million for renovation and modernization of the new public safety headquarters;
- \$5.1 million for improvements to various police precincts, upgrades of police electronic systems and purchases of new police vehicles; and
- \$1.6 million for improvements to various recreational facilities, parks and play grounds.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities capital assets at June 30, 2014 were \$5.1 billion, a decrease of \$94.1 million from the balance at June 30, 2013.

Construction work in progress, major capital assets acquired, and projects completed during the year ended June 30, 2014 included the following:

- The Water Fund is engaged in a variety of projects that are a part of its five-year Capital Improvement Program. The total cost of this program is anticipated to be approximately \$504.0 million through fiscal year 2019. The program is being financed from revenues of the fund and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds. The total amount of construction contract commitments outstanding at June 30, 2014 was approximately \$130.9 million. Projects that will be completed as part of the Water Program include the replacement of water distribution mains, installation of the automated meters reading system, and improvements to water plants, booster stations and, transmission mains.
- The Sewage Disposal Fund is engaged in a variety of projects that are a part of its five-year Capital Improvement Program. The total cost of this program is anticipated to be approximately \$553.0 million through fiscal year 2019. The program is being financed primarily from revenues of the Sewage Disposal Fund and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds. The total amount of construction contract commitments outstanding at June 30, 2014 was approximately \$737.2 million. Projects that will be completed as part of the Sewage Program include the design and construction of combined sewage overflow facilities, rehabilitation of pumping stations, improvements at the wastewater facility, and relining of lateral sewers.

See Note V to the basic financial statements for more information regarding governmental and business-type activities capital assets.

Long-term Debt

Outstanding Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2014 and 2013													
(In Thousands)													
		Governmental				Busir	ness	-type		Total			
		Ac	ties	_	Ac	tivi	ties	_	Primary Government				
		2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
General obligation bonds	\$	1,042,312	\$	1,003,937	\$	5,458	\$	5,458	\$	1,047,770	\$	1,009,395	
Revenue bonds		-		-		5,285,785		5,377,390	_	5,285,785		5,377,390	
Total	\$	1,042,312	\$	1,003,937	\$	5,291,243	\$	5,382,848	\$	6,333,555	\$	6,386,785	

At June 30, 2014, the City had total bonded debt of \$6.4 billion outstanding. Of this amount, \$1.0 billion are general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$5.4 billion are revenue bonds of the City's business enterprises.

The City's total governmental activities general obligation bonded debt increased by \$38.4 million during year ended June 30, 2014 mainly because of the issuance of \$120.0 million of Financial Recovery Bonds issued in April 2014 through a private placement with Barclays Capital, Inc. for the Quality of Life program (various restructuring programs such as blight remediation and purchase of police vehicles). The proceeds will be used to enhance City services to improve the quality of life of the City's citizens. Planned uses include public safety improvements including purchasing new police cars, hiring new police officers, upgrading technology and equipment, and blight removal. On December 10, 2014, the City issued its Financial Recovery Income Tax Bonds, Series 2014 A/B, which in part, refunded the \$120.0 million bonds issued in April 2014.

The City defaulted on \$81.6 million of the governmental activities general obligation long-term bonded debt (principal) during the year. The insurers paid \$56.6 million of this debt and the remaining \$25.0 million, which was uninsured, was unpaid. The City reported a total of \$56.6 million due the insurers and the \$25.0 million unpaid debt as short-term liabilities on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.

Business-type activities' bonded debt decreased by \$31.6 million for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Sewage Disposal, Water, and Parking Funds retired \$42.5 million, \$41.2 million, and \$9.3 million, respectively, of revenue bonds in 2014. The PLA issued \$60.0 million of revenue bonds in December 2013. The PLA revenue bonds were paid off with the proceeds from the \$185.0 million of revenue bonds issued on July 2, 2014. The other Business-type activities did not issue any new bonded debt during the year ended June 30, 2014 due to the City's financial emergency and inability to access credit markets.

In addition to the bonded debt, the City's governmental activities had a total debt of \$1.5 billion at June 30, 2014 for POCs (\$1.1 billion), notes payable (\$85.2 million), loans payable (\$36.7 million), and other debt (\$214.1 million) such as accrued compensated absences, workers' compensation, and claims and judgments. The City's governmental activities defaulted on its POC long-term obligation totaling \$42.9 million during the years ended June 30, 2014 (\$24.1 million) and June 30, 2013 (\$18.8 million) due to the City's financial emergency and bankruptcy. The bond insurer paid the POC holders. The City reported the \$42.9 million on its Governmental Funds balance sheet as a short-term liability due the insurer.

The Michigan Constitution established the authority, subject to constitutional and statutory prohibition, for municipalities to incur debt for public purposes. The City is subject to the Home Rule Act, ACT 279 Public Acts of Michigan, 1909, as amended, which limits the net indebtedness incurred for all public purposes to as much as, but not to exceed, the greater of the following: (a) 10% of the assessed value of all the real and personal property in the City; or (b) 15% of the assessed value of all the real and personal property in the City if that portion of the total amount of indebtedness incurred, which exceeds 10% is, or has been, used solely for the construction or renovation of hospital facilities. Not all of the general bonded debt is subject to the general debt limitation. The City's legal debt limitation at June 30, 2014 was \$1.6 billion, of which \$553.0 million is available for use. Pursuant to a lawsuit commenced on January 31, 2014, however, the City challenged the validity of the sale of the POCs to the public on the

grounds that such sale exceeded the City's legal debt limitation. The POC obligations were compromised and discharged in the Bankruptcy Case, and the lawsuit was dismissed.

The City's ratings on uninsured general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2014 were:

Moody's Investors Service, Inc.	Caa3
Standard & Poor's Corporation	С
Fitch IBCA, Inc.	Withdrawn

The City's credit ratings were below investment grade due to its bankruptcy and related factors. A significant impact of the City's credit ratings below investment grade status comes in the form of greater limitations on the access to capital and higher borrowing costs.

As of June 30, 2014, the City had eight interest rate swap agreements (the "Swap Agreements"). These eight Swap Agreements were executed by service corporations formed by the City in connection with the POCs. The City's legal obligation relating to the Swap Agreements results from the City's contractual obligation to make service payments to the service corporations.

The City reached a settlement agreement with the counterparties to the City's interest rate swap agreements that allowed the City to terminate its obligations related to the swap agreements in exchange for approximately \$85.0 million, less certain payments, in full satisfaction of the claims between the parties (the "Plan Support Agreement"). The POC Swap agreements are detailed in Exhibit I.A.88 of the Plan. On June 30, 2014, the fair value of the interest rate swaps obligation to the City was \$302.5 million (\$244.1 million to the Governmental Activities). On December 12, 2014, the City used \$37,969,929 of bond proceeds (Series 2014 B Income Tax Bonds) and \$12,662,479 of Casino holdback funds to pay the remaining balance owed the Swap counterparties in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes VII. Long-Term Obligations, VIII. Derivatives, IX. Pension Plans, and X. Other Postemployment Benefits.

ECONOMIC CONDITION, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND DEFICIT ELIMINATION PLAN

The City of Detroit is the largest city in Michigan and the 18th largest city in the United States. However, as documented in the 2010 Census, the City's population continues to decline, which contributes to the declining property and income tax base. In addition, the City faces continued high unemployment (11.7% unemployment rate in March 2015 compared to the State unemployment rate of 5.7%), which hinders personal income tax collections. Resident home foreclosures and delinquent property tax levels are another financial concern.

The City's current economic condition is improving. The future outlook for recovery and improvement is positive. Businesses are transferring employees from suburban cities to the City of Detroit. New residents are moving into the City's mid-town and downtown areas. Detroit is becoming a major entertainment destination. The City is home to major sports teams including

the Tigers, Lions, and Red Wings. Also, the City's three casinos and a growing number of restaurants and night spots provide visitors with many entertainment options.

The Detroit metro area economy remains dominated by the auto industry. Auto sales by Detroit area manufacturers were up in 2014 from the prior year. It is expected that auto sales will continue their upward track this year.

The City is partnering with the State and Federal governments to work towards developing a rapid transit bus system operating in dedicated lanes on routes from downtown to and through the suburbs along Gratiot, Woodward, and Michigan avenues. A second bridge between Canada and Detroit has been approved and will contribute to the improvement of the City's economy, providing jobs for residents and improving commerce.

Next Year's Budget

The fiscal year 2015 budget for the City of Detroit reflects the assumptions in the eighth amended Plan of Adjustment, which was confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court on November 12, 2014 and became effective on December 10, 2014. Section 21 of PA 436 states, "[b]efore the termination of receivership and the completion of the emergency manager's term, or if a transition advisory board is appointed under section 23, then before the transition advisory board is appointed under section 23, then before the transition advisory board is appointed under section 23, then before the transition advisory board is appointed under section 23, then before the transition advisory board is appointed, the emergency manager shall adopt and implement a 2-year budget, including all contractual and employment agreements, for the local government commencing with the termination of receivership." Accordingly, on December 8, 2014 the Emergency Manager submitted the City's fiscal year 2015 and 2016 Budgets. Consistent with the requirements of Section 21(2) of PA 436, the City shall not amend the Two-Year Budget without the written approval of the State Treasurer. In addition to approval by the State Treasurer, an amendment by the City to the Two-Year Budget shall not take effect unless approved by the Commission consistent with Section 7(c) of PA 181.

The fiscal year 2015 budget includes:

- \$63.3 million subsidy to DDOT compared to \$64.1 million in the FY 14 Budget.
- \$58.2 million to pay off the POC derivatives (Swaps).
- \$127.6 million for restructuring initiatives and bankruptcy professional fees.
- \$63.3 million for Blight reinvestment.
- \$94.3 million for Quality of Life exit financing debt service.
- Debt service on financing per the Plan.
- \$111.3 million Budget reserve.
- \$34.0 million for the Land Bank.
- \$12.9 million for Fire Department vehicle fleet replacement.

- \$7.4 million for the Finance Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system that will upgrade the City's accounting and financial reporting.
- \$2.0 million for dangerous tree removal.
- \$1.8 million for DDOT transit police.
- \$9.5 million for Police vehicle fleet replacement.
- \$4.2 million for Recreation Department repairs and maintenance.
- 5% salary and wage increase for all employees for FY 15.

The fiscal year 2015 budget has 787 fewer positions than the budget for the year ended June 30, 2014. Budgeted positions are as follows:

	Positions	Positions	
Description	FY 2014-15	FY 2013-14	Variance
General City	5,911	6,461	(550)
Enterprise Agencies	3,230	3,467	(237)
Total Budgeted	9,141	9,928	(787)

Deficit Elimination Plan

State law requires that a local unit of government ending its fiscal year in a deficit condition shall formulate and file a deficit elimination plan (DEP) with the Michigan Department of Treasury within 90 days after the beginning of the fiscal year to correct the deficit. The City's Plan of Adjustment, effective on December 10, 2014, serves as its deficit elimination plan.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S OFFICE OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Additional copies of this report and other financial information can be obtained by visiting the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's website at <u>http://www.detroitmi.gov/How-Do-I/City-of-Detroit-CAFR-Find-How-Do-I-City-of-Detroit-MI</u>. You can also contact the office by phone at (313) 224-9707.

The City's component units issue their own audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained by directly contacting the component unit. A list of contact numbers is provided on pages 66 and 67 of this report.







Mayor Duggan Community Meeting at Detroit Unity Temple

Mayor Duggan hosted a community meeting at Detroit Unity Temple on March 27, 2014. Hundreds of residents heard the Mayor's vision and dozens had an opportunity to ask the Mayor about issues that were of greatest importance to them. Mayor Duggan hosted charter-mandated community meetings in all 7 districts in the city last year.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Detroit, Michigan

BASIC

FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS

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City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	Primary Government						-	
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals		Component Units
ASSET S					-			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	534,206,367	\$	579,470,142	\$	1,113,676,509	\$	41,746,604
Investments	Ψ	55,714,512	Ψ	336,599,126	Ψ	392,313,638	Ψ	134,521,928
Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		75,219,189		212,939,343		288,158,532		11,485,708
Internal Balances		(18,565,399)		18,565,399				
Due from Primary Government		(10,505,577)						13,069,229
Due from Component Units		3,592,419		480		3,592,899		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		170,403,897		7,780,877		178,184,774		18,856,821
Inventory				19,816,345		19,816,345		3,462,458
Prepaid Expenses		_		1,051,783		1,051,783		1,595,444
Long-Term Receivable		_		10,219,051		10,219,051		
Loans, Notes, and Pledges Receivable		_						37,496,812
Advance to Component Unit/Library		24,016,604		_		24,016,604		
Other Assets		2,059,941		_		2,059,941		34,480,286
Restricted Assets				_				5,065,376
Net Pension Asset		924,139,521		282,181,715		1,206,321,236		25,829,798
Prepaid Insurance on Debt		34,452,367		38,720,796		73,173,163		
Capital Assets:		- , - ,		, ,		,,		
Non-Depreciable		466,993,045		472,143,776		939,136,821		28,212,022
Depreciable, Net		1,043,678,085		4,634,770,863		5,678,448,948		117,705,469
Total Capital Assets - Net		1,510,671,130		5,106,914,639	-	6,617,585,769		145,917,491
Total Assets		3,315,910,548		6,614,259,696	-	9,930,170,244		473,527,955
DEFERRED OUT FLOWS OF RESOURCES		14,796,845		331,572,495	-	346,369,340		297,025
LIABILITIES					-			
Accounts and Contracts Payable		96,648,366		134,105,609		230,753,975		17,718,672
Accrued Liabilities		89,850,714		154,105,009		89,850,714		17,710,072
Accrued Salaries and Wages		18,000,727		3,182,486		21,183,213		1,088,586
Accrued Interest Payable		55,004,224		142,211,803		197,216,027		4,439,540
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		132,547,217		1,478,909		134,026,126		22,619,927
Due to Primary Government								3,592,899
Due to Component Units		11,251,015		1,818,214		13,069,229		_
Deposits and Refunds		10,102,587		_		10,102,587		_
Unearned Revenue		_		17,983,338		17,983,338		1,771,783
Derivative Instruments - Swap Liability		244,149,176		58,314,703		302,463,879		_
Other Defaulted Debt		25,000,000		_		25,000,000		_
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers		131,265,183		11,820,215		143,085,398		_
Other Liabilities		15,245,132		4,041,207		19,286,339		45,125,136
Long-Term Obligations:								
Advance Payable to Primary Government		_		_		_		24,016,604
Due within one year		161,367,791		250,922,447		412,290,238		15,324,440
Due in more than one year		2,354,366,144		6,065,434,729	-	8,419,800,873		126,957,593
Total Liabilities		3,344,798,276		6,691,313,660	_	10,036,111,936		262,655,180
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		32,298,762		19,735,156	-	52,033,918	. .	585,365
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		886,141,054		54,337,164		940,478,218		145,683,104
Restricted for:		,		,		,,,		,,
Highway and Street Improvement		48,941,150		_		48,941,150		
Endowments and Trust (Expendable)		765,245		_		765,245		12,519,624
Endowments and Trust (Non-Expendable)		937,861		_		937,861		1,752,471
Capital Projects and Acquisitions		14,781,479		172,960,701		187,742,180		49,076,041
Debt Service		36,621,368		298,960,977		335,582,345		27,393,991
Donations				1,135,691		1,135,691		
		(1,034,577,802)		(292,611,158)		(1,327,188,960)		(25,840,796)
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(1,034,377,002)		(2)2,011,150)	•	(1,527,100,700)		(20,010,190)

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:	Lapenses	-	Services	contributions	contributions		
Governmental Activities:							
Public Protection	\$ 539,831,117	\$	75,017,759	\$ 15,384,089	\$		
Health	49,563,178		2,389,178	48,519,656			
Recreation and Culture	30,467,345		17,106,690	1,401,609	_		
Economic Development	59,701,870		3,344,270	55,043,039	_		
Housing Supply and Conditions	8,465,345		3,509,934	1,041,372	_		
Physical Environment	110,555,039		93,846,458	_	_		
Transportation Facilitation	55,831,652		22,728,698	54,487,195	30,592,996		
Development and Management	328,243,425		128,991,615	910,867	_		
Interest on Long-Term Debt	135,130,618		_	_	_		
Total Governmental Activities	1,317,789,589	_	346,934,602	176,787,827	30,592,996		
Business-type Activities:							
Sewage Disposal	482,723,501		475,770,844	_	_		
Transportation	163,841,194		19,374,841	61,597,871	9,943,047		
Water	392,920,925		349,369,362	_	_		
Automobile Parking	14,714,363		10,341,324	—	—		
Airport	4,613,418	_	3,085,314				
Total Business-type Activities	1,058,813,401	_	857,941,685	61,597,871	9,943,047		
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,376,602,990	\$	1,204,876,287	\$ 238,385,698	\$ 40,536,043		
Component Units:							
Detroit Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	\$ 2,591,668	\$	_ :	\$ 164,811	\$ —		
Detroit Public Library	34,426,623		610,264	1,139,935	—		
Detroit Transportation Corporation	19,975,848		1,688,923	11,225,937	—		
Downtown Development Authority	34,202,813		6,728,612	—	—		
Eastern Market Corporation	4,649,205		1,246,199	565,290	—		
Economic Development Corporation	4,318,242		1,613,572	—	—		
Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority	10,483,592		68,732	—	—		
Local Development Finance Authority	3,121,257				—		
Museum of African American History	5,729,011		2,082,615	1,049,803	—		
Detroit Land Bank Authority	7,125,327		—	8,595,248	—		
Eight Mile/Woodward Corridor Imp. Authority	71,058 37,709,392			37,551,181			
Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation	\$ 164,404,036	_	14,038,917				
Total Component Units	al Revenues:	م =	14,038,917	\$ 60,292,205	» <u> </u>		
In Bo M Lo Sp Ti Net P	Change in Net	Asses iquot ties ((Los (Los (Los (Los (Los (Los Capit Plan Revei Begin	sments r License Fees on Taxes (sees) Expenses) al Assets Termination nues, Transfers and f ion ning of Year, as Re	-			

	hanges in Net Position		
Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-type Activities	Totals	Component Units
		(110 1 0 0 0 10) 0	
(449,429,269)	\$ - \$	(449,429,269) \$	—
1,345,656	—	1,345,656	—
(11,959,046)	—	(11,959,046)	—
(1,314,561)	—	(1,314,561)	—
(3,914,039)	—	(3,914,039)	—
(16,708,581)	—	(16,708,581)	—
51,977,237	—	51,977,237	_
(198,340,943)	—	(198,340,943)	—
(135,130,618)		(135,130,618)	
(763,474,164)		(763,474,164)	
	(6.050.657)		
—	(6,952,657)	(6,952,657)	—
—	(72,925,435)	(72,925,435)	—
—	(43,551,563)	(43,551,563)	—
_	(4,373,039)	(4,373,039)	_
	(1,528,104)	(1,528,104)	
	(129,330,798)	(129,330,798)	
(763,474,164)	(129,330,798)	(892,804,962)	
_	_	_	(2,426,857)
_	_	_	(32,676,424)
_	_	_	(7,060,988)
_	—	—	(27,474,201)
_	_	_	(2,837,716)
_	_	_	(2,704,670)
_	_	_	(10,414,860)
_		_	(3,121,257)
_	_	_	(2,596,593)
_	_	_	1,469,921
_	_	_	(71,058)
_	_	_	(158,211)
		·	(90,072,914)
			(90,072,914)
194,680,186	_	194,680,186	58,570,321
253,769,874	—	253,769,874	—
42,386,549	—	42,386,549	—
167,569,541	—	167,569,541	—
8,603,632	—	8,603,632	3,333,713
189,756,901	—	189,756,901	517,663
607,547	—	607,547	—
1,269,784	—	1,269,784	—
—	—	—	9,199,165
—	—	—	12,388,902
(4,170,808)	5,609,449	1,438,641	2,119,562
	(22,173,885)	(22,173,885)	·
	(13,956,786)	(6,407,688)	1,827,491
7,549.098	(1,259,818)	(1,619,041)	
7,549,098 (359,223)		994,774,385	20,210,541
(359,223)			20,210,011
	228,728,211 79,432,723		
(359,223) 766,046,174	228,728,211	1,824,656,426	108,167,358
(359,223) 766,046,174 (79,432,723)	228,728,211 79,432,723		
(359,223) 766,046,174 (79,432,723) 1,548,276,532	228,728,211 79,432,723 276,379,894	1,824,656,426	

Net (Expense) Revenue and

City of Detroit, Michigan BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

		General	General Retirement System Service	Police and Fire Retirement System Service	Other Governmental	
ASSETS		Fund	Corporation	Corporation	Funds	Totals
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	376,272,685 \$	\$	- \$	157,933,682 \$	534,206,367
Investments	э	5,009,151	3	,	50,705,361	55,714,512
Accounts and Contracts Receivable:		5,009,151		_	50,705,501	55,714,512
Estimated Withheld Income Taxes Receivable		24,694,559				24,694,559
Utility Users' Taxes Receivable		2,505,618		_		2,505,618
Property Taxes Receivable		260,081,217			102,587,983	362,669,200
Income Tax Assessments		58,485,008		_	102,387,985	58,485,008
Special Assessments		24,669,919		_	541,890	25,211,809
		24,009,919				
Loans Receivable		211 (02 009	_	_	18,000,000	18,000,000
Trade Receivables		211,692,008			7,860,509	219,552,517
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable		582,128,329	_	_	128,990,382	711,118,711
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts		(513,781,842)			(125,309,367)	(639,091,209)
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		68,346,487			3,681,015	72,027,502
Due from Other Funds		10,729,220	36,123,493	49,459,580	76,645,530	172,957,823
Due from Fiduciary Funds		2,538,863	50,125,475	4),45),580	652,824	3,191,687
Due from Component Units		1,808,025	1,775,280		9,114	3,592,419
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		156,927,661	1,775,200	_	13,476,236	170,403,897
Advances to Component Units			24,016,604	_		24,016,604
Other Advances		805,485	21,010,001	_	_	805,485
Other Assets		348,865	_		905,591	1,254,456
Total Assets		622,786,442	61,915,377	49,459,580	304,009,353	1,038,170,752
		022,780,442	01,913,577	49,439,380	504,009,555	1,038,170,732
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	. —					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	622,786,442 \$	61,915,377 \$	<u>49,459,580</u> \$	304,009,353 \$	1,038,170,752
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	50,239,629 \$	— \$	- \$	14,241,131 \$	64,480,760
Accrued Liabilities		68,690,505	_	_	21,160,209	89,850,714
Accrued Salaries and Wages		17,141,508	—		859,219	18,000,727
Due to Other Funds		181,615,738	—	_	9,907,484	191,523,222
Due to Fiduciary Funds		32,167,402	—	_	204	32,167,606
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		87,700,587	—		24,723,046	112,423,633
Due to Component Units		9,295,244	—		1,955,771	11,251,015
Income Tax Refunds Pay able		3,862,477	—			3,862,477
Deposits from Vendors and Customers		5,440,699	_		799,411	6,240,110
Unearned Revenue		5,051,341	_	_	357,514	5,408,855
Other Defaulted Debt		25,000,000	22 282 (24	20.070.826	56 040 551	25,000,000
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurer Other Liabilities		22,953,172	22,282,634	29,079,826	56,949,551 606,003	131,265,183
		14,639,129	15,616,139	20,379,754	000,005	15,245,132
Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Compensated Absences		3,890,348	15,010,159	20,579,754	9,539	39,886,241 9,539
Claims and Judgments		628,806			9,339	628,806
Claims and Judgments		028,800				028,800
Total Liabilities	\$	528,316,585 \$	37,898,773 \$	<u>49,459,580</u> \$	131,569,082 \$	747,244,020
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	¢ —	41,063,488 \$	¢	¢	4,268,862 \$	45,332,350
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)	ф —	41,005,488 \$	4	ہ <u> </u>	4,200,002 \$	45,552,550
Nonspendable:						
Long-Term Receivables	\$	— \$	24,016,604 \$	- \$	— \$	24,016,604
Permanent Fund Principal	φ	φ	24,010,004 4	φ 	937,861	937,861
Restricted for:					257,001	257,001
Highway and Street Improvements		_	_	_	48,941,150	48,941,150
Unspent Bond Proceeds		979,826	_			979,826
Police			_	_	9,690,016	9,690,016
Endowments and Trusts		_	_	_	765,245	765,245
Capital Acquisitions		42,000,000	_	_	62,946,287	104,946,287
Local Business Growth			_	_	478,084	478,084
Rubbish Collection and Disposal		_	_	_	19,109,922	19,109,922
Construction Code			_		2,395,287	2,395,287
Grants			_		10,302,793	10,302,793
Committed for:					· •	
Risk Management Operations		79,267,054	_		_	79,267,054
QOL Program		77,067,071	_		_	77,067,071
Assigned for:						
Debt Service		_	_	_	12,604,764	12,604,764
Unassigned:						
General Fund (Deficit)		(145,907,582)			_	(145,907,582)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		53,406,369	24,016,604		168,171,409	245,594,382
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$	622,786,442 \$	61,915,377 \$	49,459,580 \$	304,009,353 \$	1,038,170,752
	+	. ,	. ,,,		Ψ	,,

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City of Detroit, Michigan RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

Fund Balances (Deficit) - Total Governmental Funds	\$	245,594,382
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
	579,811 908,681)	1,510,671,130
Other assets/liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Receivables applicable to governmental activities are not due and collectible in the current period and therefore are deferred in the governmental funds		13,033,588
Grant receivables applicable to governmental activites are not due and collectible in the current period and therefore are unearned revenues in governmental funds		5,408,855
Net pension asset		924,139,521
Deferred amount on refunding		14,796,845
Prepaid insurance on debt		34,452,367
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds; interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds and is recognized as an expenditure to the extent due; and all liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position:		
Accrued interest and penalties on escheatment payable(20,General obligation bonds(1,042,Derivative Instruments(244,Notes payable(85,Loans payable(36,Unamortized premiums(18,Accrued compensated absences(63,Accrued workers' compensation(69,Accrued other postemployment benefits(14,Claims and judgments(48,Accrued pollution remediation(48,	117,983) 123,584) 311,968) 149,176) 184,000) 693,164) 651,009) 586,781) 176,000) 032,941) 004,758) (51,265) 403,704)	(2,794,486,333)
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	\$	(46,389,645)

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		General Fund	Gen Retire System Corpo	ment Service	Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES:							
Taxes:							
Property Taxes	\$	129,413,195	\$	— \$	— \$	65,214,710 \$	194,627,905
Municipal Income Tax		253,769,874			_	_	253,769,874
Utility Users' Tax		42,386,549			—	—	42,386,549
Wagering Tax		167,924,023		_	_	_	167,924,023
Gas and Weight Tax		—			_	53,904,485	53,904,485
Other Taxes and Assessments		6,480,150			_	2,123,482	8,603,632
Interest and Penalties on Taxes		896,735			—	373,049	1,269,784
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges Intergovernmental:		8,685,443		_	_	20,021,186	28,706,629
Federal		39,930,125		—	—	56,977,258	96,907,383
State:							
State Shared Revenue		189,756,901			_	—	189,756,901
State Returnable Liquor License Fees Other State Sourced Revenue		607,547			_	24 802 208	607,547
Other State Sourced Revenue		24,333,026 223,381		_	_	24,893,308 5,778,004	49,226,334 6,001,385
Sales and Charges for Services		157,377,149		_	_	50,609,879	207,987,028
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures		15,946,936		_	_	1,904,202	17,851,138
Revenue from Use of Assets		7,568,498		_	_		7,568,498
Investment Earnings		180,623			_	119,774	300,397
Other Revenue		64,735,592		1,859,512	_	28,415,290	95,010,394
Total Revenues		1,110,215,747		1,859,512		310,334,627	1,422,409,886
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Public Protection		426,103,004		_	—	23,519,280	449,622,284
Health		46,424,431		_	_	2,357,772	48,782,203
Recreation and Culture		15,979,864		_	_	52,728	16,032,592
Economic Development		6 066 202		_	_	51,178,770	51,178,770
Housing Supply and Conditions Physical Environment		6,966,303 59,575,884		_	_	37,865,258	6,966,303 97,441,142
Transportation Facilitation				_	_	36,505,709	36,505,709
Development and Management		296,530,041			_	1,156,350	297,686,391
Debt Service:		290,350,041			_	1,150,550	277,000,571
Principal		44,546,910	1	0,454,902	13,644,111	41,331,000	109,976,923
Interest		29,081,981		9,242,071	38,162,200	30,459,501	126,945,753
Bond Issuance Costs		3,379,410		_	_	_	3,379,410
Capital Outlay		15,175,250		_		66,154,054	81,329,304
Total Expenditures		943,763,078	3	9,696,973	51,806,311	290,580,422	1,325,846,784
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		166,452,669	(3	7,837,461)	(51,806,311)	19,754,205	96,563,102
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sources:							
Transfers In		9,010,944	2	7,837,461	51,806,311	11,115,472	109,770,188
Bonds and Notes Issued		120,000,000	2	7,857,401	51,800,511	11,113,472	120,000,000
Uses:		120,000,000			_	_	120,000,000
Transfers Out		(169,076,495)				(20,126,416)	(189,202,911)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(40,065,551)	3	7,837,461	51,806,311	(9,010,944)	40,567,277
Net Change in Fund Balances		126,387,118		_	_	10,743,261	137,130,379
Fund Balances (Deficit) at Beginning of Year	_	(72,980,749)	2	4,016,604		157,428,148	108,464,003
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	53,406,369	\$2	4,016,604 \$	\$	168,171,409 \$	245,594,382

City of Detroit, Michigan RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	137,130,379
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds			(7,485,689)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:			
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 81,329,304 (82,115,608)		(786,304)
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and disposals) is to decrease net position			(359,223)
Due to State Government for Escheatment			(5,445,909)
Payments to the pension systems increased the net pension asset			(75,245,775)
Bond and note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position			(120,000,000)
Repayment of bond principal and other debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position			109,976,923
Change in deferred outflows of resources related to derivatives is not reported in the governmental funds			(4,471,205)
Some expenses recorded in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:			
Amortization of prepaid insurance issuance costs Change in accrued interest payable Deferred gain/(loss) on defeasance Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of swap termination fees Amortization of deferred amounts on refunding Change in accrued compensated absences Change in accrued workers' compensation claims Change in accrued Public Liability Change in accrued other post employment benefits Change in accrued pollution remediation	(1,863,189) 495,711 (265,261) 2,231,146 1,343,787 (1,301,745) 2,864,411 (7,327,000) 2,253,358 752,952,453 105,500		751,489,171
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	105,500	\$	784,802,368
Change in 1991 I Usition of Ooverlinking Activities		φ	704,002,300

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2014

	Sewage Disposal Fund	Transportation Fund
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$	96,127,434	\$ 2,586,571
Investments	20,771,621	10,532
Accounts and Contracts Receivable:		
Other Receivables - Trade	241,121,210	100,085
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable	241,121,210	100,085
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(108,044,238)	(18,551)
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net	133,076,972	81,534
Due from Other Funds	7,435,471	12,182,487
Due from Fiduciary Funds	1,639,051	2,554,411
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		7,768,833
Due from Component Unit	—	
Inventory	9,384,419	4,962,196
Prepaid Expenses	787,731	180,876
Restricted:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	152,554,687	—
Investments	19,487,688	
Total Current Assets	441,265,074	30,327,440
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	52,137,290	
Investments	68,058,347	—
Prepaid Insurance on Debt	20,670,224	
Other Receivables	7,523,336	650,000
Net Pension Asset	90,144,213	93,066,680
Capital Assets:		
Land and Land Rights	37,926,842	7,578,462
Land Improvements	76,829,093	—
Buildings and Structures	2,115,462,929	150,933,511
Interceptors and Regulators	205,749,861	—
Mains	—	
Services and Meters	—	120,022,000
Vehicles and Buses Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	1 712 004 244	139,023,990
	1,712,904,344	50,299,558
Construction in Progress	251,923,506	1,808,177
Total Capital Assets	4,400,796,575	349,643,698
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,562,801,735)	(199,077,574)
Capital Assets - Net	2,837,994,840	150,566,124
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,076,528,250	244,282,804
Total Assets	3,517,793,324	274,610,244
Deferred Outflows of Resources	214,536,819	1,287,183

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_	Water Fund	_	Automobile Parking Fund		Other Enterprise Funds	_	Totals
\$	98,870,737 14,030,467	\$	10,812,378	\$	17,441,205	\$	225,838,325 34,812,620
	107,172,012		43,619		2,140,012		350,576,938
	107,172,012 (34,349,502)		43,619	· -	2,140,012 (1,029,232)		350,576,938 (143,441,523)
_	72,822,510	_	43,619		1,110,780		207,135,415
	23,674,834 1,576,152	_	1,066,812 34,314	· -	25,315		44,384,919 5,803,928
			480		12,044		7,780,877 480
	5,469,730		60,097		23,079		19,816,345 1,051,783
	132,458,480				_		285,013,167 19,487,688
_	348,902,910	_	12,017,700	· -	18,612,423	_	851,125,547
	16,481,360 161,891,288 18,050,572 2,045,715 98,970,822		 		52,349,183 		68,618,650 282,298,818 38,720,796 10,219,051 282,181,715
	8,872,365 101,297,526 811,978,038		4,967,313 214,908 200,066,403		17,349,458 8,020,718 5,853,773		76,694,440 186,362,245 3,284,294,654 205,749,861
	1,033,350,228 176,652,924 1,072,459,390		 1,254,151 4,952,624		1,326,693 1,867,408		1,033,350,228 176,652,924 141,604,834 2,842,483,324
	122,415,104 3,327,025,575 (1,315,381,585)	_	 211,455,399 (142,510,869)		19,302,549 53,720,599 (15,955,444)		395,449,336 8,342,641,846 (3,235,727,207)
_	2,011,643,990		68,944,530	· -	37,765,155		5,106,914,639
_	2,309,083,747	_	68,944,530	• -	90,114,338		5,788,953,669
	2,657,986,657	_	80,962,230	• -	108,726,761		6,640,079,216
_	115,748,493	_		· -		_	331,572,495

(Continued)

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS June 30, 2014

		Sewage Disposal Fund	Transportation Fund
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	63,013,252	\$ 11,752,614
Accrued Salaries and Wages		620,423	1,378,484
Due to Other Funds		22,743,136	306,257
Due to Fiduciary Funds		1,365,525	1,032,831
Due to Component Units		_	1,818,214
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		_	1,478,909
Accrued Interest		71,473,338	3,783,534
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurer		3,876,257	4,523,248
Other Liabilities		16,003,280	—
Unearned Revenue		_	506,989
Bonds, Notes, and Capital Leases		86,495,000	2,660,578
Accrued Compensated Absences		1,565,150	3,013,426
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments		2,034,458	786,262
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits		1,111,555	1,508,954
Pension Obligation Certificates - Net		2,041,421	2,382,157
Total Current Liabilities		272,342,795	36,932,457
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Other Liabilities		15,217,513	—
Bonds and Notes Payable - Net		3,259,316,826	2,797,454
Pension Obligation Certificates Payable (POCs) - Net		83,802,009	97,777,302
Accrued Compensated Absences		3,178,793	188,540
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments		4,362,500	2,182,717
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits		254,116	294,769
Derivative instruments - swap liability		19,073,402	22,315,318
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,385,205,159	125,556,100
Total Liabilities		3,657,547,954	162,488,557
Deferred Inflows of Resources	—	3,738,739	2,532,991
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets		22,834,100	145,108,091
Restricted for Capital Acquisitions		44,123,303	_
Restricted for Donations		·	_
Restricted for Debt Service		176,641,371	_
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(172,555,324)	(34,232,212)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	71,043,450	\$ 110,875,879

	Water Fund	Automobile Parking Fund		Other Enterprise Funds	-	Totals
\$	41,763,877 \$	799,338 \$	\$	11,396,723	\$	128,725,804
	1,080,879	97,246		5,454		3,182,486
	_	2,134,131		635,996		25,819,520
	1,919,469	693,545		368,435		5,379,805
	_	_				1,818,214
	_	_		_		1,478,909
	66,954,931	_				142,211,803
	3,420,710	_		_		11,820,215
	9,820,504	1,378,944		2,662,263		29,864,991
	_	17,476,349		_		17,983,338
	53,140,000	_		60,000,000		202,295,578
	1,965,415	76,578		19,078		6,639,647
	2,487,823	84,000		88,000		5,480,543
	1,782,195	48,137		6,967		4,457,808
	1,801,509				_	6,225,087
_	186,137,312	22,788,268		75,182,916	-	593,383,748
	6,521,791	_		_		21,739,304
	2,500,192,940	_		_		5,762,307,220
	73,946,895	_				255,526,206
	3,991,449	76,578				7,435,360
	10,193,000	685,000		186,800		17,610,017
	258,787	6,898		2,052		816,622
	16,925,983				_	58,314,703
	2,612,030,845	768,476	_	188,852	_	6,123,749,432
	2,798,168,157	23,556,744		75,371,768	_	6,717,133,180
_	13,463,426				-	19,735,156
	(209,212,631)	68,944,530		26,663,074		54,337,164
	120,420,900			8,416,498		172,960,701
	1,135,691	_				1,135,691
	122,319,606	_		_		298,960,977
	(72,559,999)	(11,539,044)		(1,724,579)	_	(292,611,158)
\$	(37,896,433) \$	57,405,486 \$	\$	33,354,993	\$ _	234,783,375

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	S ewage Disposal Fund		Transportation Fund
Operating Revenues:				
Sales and Charges for Services	\$	465,356,441	\$	18,596,179
Rentals, Fees, and Surcharges		5,830,344		524,200
Miscellaneous	_	4,584,059		254,462
Total Operating Revenues	_	475,770,844	. <u> </u>	19,374,841
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits		69,598,479		89,458,201
Contractual Services		51,134,733		11,413,548
Operating		60,835,254		3,700,340
Maintenance		5,528,124		_
Materials, Supplies, and Other Expenses		42,072,667		36,560,190
Depreciation	_	118,409,025		16,280,241
Total Operating Expenses	_	347,578,282		157,412,520
Operating Income (Loss)	_	128,192,562		(138,037,679)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):				
Investment Earnings (Losses)		2,832,781		507
Investment Earnings (Losses) - Changes in Fair Value of Derivatives		(491,902)		(575,510)
Federal and State Grants		_		61,597,871
Interest on Bonds, Notes Payable, and Loans		(135,145,219)		(6,428,674)
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets		_		(1,259,818)
Bond Issuance Costs		_		_
Amortization of Bond Issuance Costs and Deferrals		(13,963,557)		_
Special Item - OPEB Plan Termination		70,201,066		85,808,452
Other Revenues		(11,573,635)		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses), Net	_	(88,140,466)		139,142,828
Net Loss Before Contributions and Transfers		40,052,096		1,105,149
Capital Contributions				9,943,047
Transfers In	_			57,209,128
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position		40,052,096		68,257,324
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note I(t))	_	30,991,354		42,618,555
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ _	71,043,450	\$	110,875,879

 Water Fund	Automobile Parking Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
\$ 344,879,132 \$	— \$	1,430 \$	828,833,182
—	10,341,324	1,259,571	17,955,439
 4,490,230		1,824,313	11,153,064
 349,369,362	10,341,324	3,085,314	857,941,685
64,876,052	4,483,891	1,047,008	229,463,631
45,384,265	4,292,433		112,224,979
46,272,888	2,064,199	2,785,842	115,658,523
9,449,775	70,436	24,674	15,073,009
8,279,376	200,189	35,103	87,147,525
 85,026,008	3,031,143	135,302	222,881,719
 259,288,364	14,142,291	4,027,929	782,449,386
 90,080,998	(3,800,967)	(942,615)	75,492,299
4,276,702	1,729	1,660	7,113,379
(436,518)	_	_	(1,503,930)
—	_	—	61,597,871
(133,632,561)	(572,072)	(585,489)	(276,364,015)
—	—	—	(1,259,818)
_	_	(916,636)	(916,636)
(7,293,692)	—	—	(21,257,249)
70,306,819	2,365,557	46,317	228,728,211
 (2,383,151)			(13,956,786)
 (69,162,401)	1,795,214	(1,454,148)	(17,818,973)
20,918,597	(2,005,753)	(2,396,763)	57,673,326
—	—	—	9,943,047
 	4,050,006	18,173,589	79,432,723
20,918,597	2,044,253	15,776,826	147,049,096
 (58,815,030)	55,361,233	17,578,167	87,734,279
\$ (37,896,433) \$	57,405,486 \$	33,354,993 \$	234,783,375

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Sewage Disposal Fund		Transportation Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from Customers	\$	475,207,954	\$	20,281,999
Receipts from (to) Other Funds		(21,977,299)		(7,211,813)
Payments to Suppliers		(105,305,127)		(60,436,419)
Payments to Employees		(64,948,994)		(71,986,402)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		282,976,534	_	(119,352,635)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Interest Paid - Pension Obligation Certificates		(2,494,649)		(745,026)
Grants and Contributions from Other Governments		_		65,893,601
Transfers from Other Funds		—		52,060,618
Miscellaneous Non-Capital Financing		(11,573,635)	_	
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital				
Financing Activities		(14,068,284)		117,209,193
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Capital Contributions		—		10,737,618
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets		—		—
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(118,350,724)		(343,779)
Proceeds from Bond and Note Issuances		12,705,851		—
Principal Paid on Bonds, Notes, and Capital Leases		(78,245,000)		(8,243,938)
Interest Paid on Bonds, Notes, and Leases - Net	_	(145,306,061)		(2,876,502)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related				
Financing Activities		(329,195,934)	_	(726,601)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investments		84,773,753		4,364
Purchases of Investments		(60,523,125)		(573)
Earnings (Losses) from Investment Securities		1,135,070		507
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		25,385,698	_	4,298
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(34,901,986)		(2,865,745)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	_	335,721,397	_	5,452,316
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	300,819,411	\$	2,586,571

-	Water Fund		Automobile Parking Fund	-	Other Enterprise Funds		Totals
\$	363,525,264 18,306,856 (53,738,131) (66,989,564)	\$	9,830,913 1,914,555 (5,634,880) (3,705,613)	\$	2,550,213 (93,363) (2,146,841) (827,899)	\$	871,396,343 (9,061,064) (227,261,398) (208,458,472)
-	261,104,425	-	2,404,975	-	(517,890)	-	426,615,409
-	(2,826,869) (2,383,151)			-	 18,173,589 	- -	(6,066,544) 65,893,601 70,234,207 (13,956,786)
-	(5,210,020)	-		-	18,173,589		116,104,478
-			 (690,638) (9,300,000) (634,396)	-			10,737,618 434,765 (167,379,248) 71,789,215 (136,968,938) (287,266,520)
-	(218,473,365)		(10,625,034)	_	50,367,826	-	(508,653,108)
-	55,072,264 (20,000,000) 1,465,972		18,836,414 (18,836,414) 1,729	-			158,686,795 (151,709,295) 2,604,938
-	36,538,236		1,729	-	(52,347,523)		9,582,438
	73,959,276		(8,218,330)		15,676,002		43,649,217
-	173,851,301		19,030,708	-	1,765,203		535,820,925
\$	247,810,577	\$	10,812,378	\$	17,441,205	\$	579,470,142

(Continued)

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Sewage Disposal Fund	Transportation Fund
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by		
(Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:	\$ 128,192,562 \$	(138,037,679)
Depreciation and Amortization	118,409,025	16,280,241
Write-off of Capital Assets, including Construction in Progress	21,996,104	_
Loss on Disposal of Capital Assets	10,573,894	_
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		
Accounts and Contracts Receivable	(562,890)	539,926
Inventory	378,384	(427,500)
Net Pension Asset	(3,895,750)	11,263,451
Prepaid Expenses	65,461	(26,193)
Due from Other Funds	(7,435,471)	(1,272,177)
Unearned Revenue	—	367,232
Accounts and Contracts Payable	12,524,879	2,789,900
Due to Other Funds	(14,541,828)	(5,939,636)
Due to Fiduciary Funds	1,136,329	(4,844,460)
Other Liabilities	—	_
Accrued Compensated Absences	—	(234,969)
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments	14,996,490	(1,333,714)
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	1,121,642	1,521,894
Accrued Salaries and Wages	 17,703	1,049
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 282,976,534 \$	(119,352,635)
Noncash activities:		
Fair value of derivatives	\$ 491,902 \$	575,510
Prior period adjustment	21,367,325	4,319,037
Special Item - OPEB Plan Termination	(70,201,066)	(85,808,452)
Acquisition of Capital Assets under Accounts Payable	—	_
Defaulted debt due to insurer	—	4,523,248

Water Fund	Automobile Parking Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals
\$ 90,080,998	\$ (3,800,967) \$	(942,615) \$	75,492,299
85,026,008	3,031,143	135,302	222,881,719
27,680,423	_	_	49,676,527
2,629,607		_	13,203,501
14,155,902	197,625	(900,302)	13,430,261
791,994	—	—	742,878
(2,708,997)	—	—	4,658,704
3,819,180	30,127	(22,479)	3,866,096
—	(28,725)	5,851	(8,730,522)
—	(708,036)		(340,804)
17,816,401	241,879	495,493	33,868,552
18,306,855	1,943,280	(100,214)	(331,543)
104,162	693,545	—	(2,910,424)
—	720,371	607,968	1,328,339
—	(26,477)	1,729	(259,717)
1,495,252	58,003	191,800	15,407,831
1,795,726	48,364	7,060	4,494,686
 110,914	4,843	2,517	137,026
\$ 261,104,425	\$ 2,404,975 \$	(517,890) \$	426,615,409
\$ 436,518	\$ _ \$	— \$	1,503,930
17,232,024	—	—	42,918,386
(70,306,819)	(2,365,557)	(46,317)	(228,728,211)
_	—	11,102,081	11,102,081
_	_	_	4,523,248

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS June 30, 2014

		Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	 Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	85,199,201	\$ 21,643,703
Investments at Fair Value:			
Short-Term Investments		192,269,659	—
Bonds and Stocks		3,258,768,111	—
Mortgage-Backed Securities		85,351,584	
Mortgage and Construction Loans		222,109,497	—
Equity Interest in Real Estate		511,763,494	
Real Estate Investment Trusts Held by Custodian		176,517,750	
Pooled Investments		387,888,304	
Private Placements		392,167,687	
Total Investments		5,226,836,086	
Accrued Interest Receivable		24,035,831	
Accounts Receivable:			
Due from Primary Government		37,547,411	
Due from Component Units		14,736	
From Investment Sales		37,262,430	—
Other Receivables	-	28,528,866	
Total Accounts Receivable		103,353,443	
Cash and Investments Held as Collateral for Securities Lending		110,495,718	
Prepaid Assets		1,085,025	_
Capital Assets	-	2,622,067	
Total Assets	:	5,553,627,371	 21,643,703
LIABILITIES			
Accounts and Contracts Payable		14,014,313	389,068
Payables for Investment Purchases		22,691,745	_
Benefits and Claims Payable		16,033,638	_
Due to Primary Government		8,453,683	541,932
Due to Component Units		99,221	—
Amount Due to Broker for Securities Lending		122,793,596	
Other Liabilities		32,509,380	 20,712,703
Total Liabilities		216,595,576	\$ 21,643,703
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits	\$	5,337,031,795	

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Employer Contributions	5 231,603,289
Plan Member Contributions	49,120,221
Other Income	5,957,863
Total Contributions	286,681,373
Investment Earnings:	
Interest and Dividend Income	127,874,664
Net Appreciation in Fair Value	746,643,164
Investment Expense	(23,931,038)
Securities Lending Income, Net	660,610
Net Gain on Collateralized Securities	2,944,306
Other Income	10,126,392
Total Investment Earnings	864,318,098
Total Additions	1,150,999,471
DEDUCTIONS:	
Pension and Annuity Benefits	539,195,823
Premiums to Insurers and Damage Claims	245,224,610
Member Refunds and Withdrawals	182,078,457
General and Administrative Expenses	22,658,364
Total Deductions	989,157,254
Net Increase	161,842,217
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits, Beginning of Year	5,175,189,578
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits, End of Year	5,337,031,795

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS June 30, 2014

	Detroit Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	Detroit Public Library	Detroit Transportation Corporation	Downtown Development Authority	Eastern Market Corporation
ASSET S:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,107	\$ 19,520,264	\$ 262,389	\$ 2,706,524	\$ 2,844,294
Investments	3,417,485	13,427,149	3,667,299	63,652,861	_
Accounts and Contracts Receivable,					
Taxes, Interest, and Penalties Receivable - Net	1,021,456	65,007	92,487	2,262,781	1,393,595
Due from Primary Government	3,713,854	(285)	1,818,214	7,477,887	—
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	_	4,389,634	2,861,557	8,252,783	_
Inventory	—	—	3,411,282	—	19,503
Prepaid Expenses	9,568	429,300	421,741	592,905	19,916
Loans, Notes, and Pledges Receivable	_	_	—	32,314,472	_
Other Assets	28,130	13,906	—	26,399,339	132,570
Restricted Assets	—	—	—	—	—
Net Pension Asset	—	25,829,798	—	—	—
Capital Assets:					
Non-Depreciable	—	1,602,932	7,108,237	7,544,670	2,921,599
Depreciable, Net		22,185,043	39,921,964	36,965,020	1,850,671
Capital Assets, Net		23,787,975	47,030,201	44,509,690	4,772,270
Total Assets	8,197,600	87,462,748	59,565,170	188,169,242	9,182,148
DEFERRED OUT FLOWS OF RESOURCES:		297,025			
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts and Contracts Payable	16,089	1,827,983	4,579,293	1,568,992	594,377
Accrued Salaries and Wages	_	523,492	136,219	_	84,754
Accrued Interest Payable	_	_	_	3,921,397	_
Due to Primary Government	2,500	2,353,003	932,561	35,769	22,935
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	_	4,594,927	_	18,000,000	_
Unearned Revenue	_	_	6,362	_	326,387
Other Liabilities	6,451,446	1,815,135	1,442,667	34,770,616	33,865
Long-term Obligations:					
Advance Payable to Primary Government for POCs	_	24,016,604	_	_	_
Due within one year	_	1,649,275	_	7,156,974	—
Due in more than one year		2,057,748	576,453	82,126,198	
Total Liabilities	6,470,035	38,838,167	7,673,555	147,579,946	1,062,318
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		585,365			
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	_	23,787,975	47,030,201	44,509,690	4,772,270
Restricted for:		20,101,010	17,000,201	1,209,090	1,772,270
Endowments and Trusts (Expendable)	_	11,623,654	_	_	_
Endowments and Trusts (Non-Expendable)	_	748,960	_	_	
Capital Projects	477,331		3,165,832	_	3,492,759
Debt Service		_		_	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	1,250,234	12,175,652	1,695,582	(3,920,394)	(145,199)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 1,727,565	\$ 48,336,241	\$ 51,891,615	\$ 40,589,296	\$ 8,119,830

_	Economic Development Corporation	Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Museum of African American History	Detroit Land Bank Authority	Eight Mile/ Woodward Corridor Imp. Authority	Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation	Totals
\$	12,411,240 20,198,862	\$ 1,139,067 1,728,533	\$ 1,236,779 27,393,991	\$ 617,007 \$ 1,035,748	\$ 818,181 S	\$	\$	41,746,604 134,521,928
	16,950	1,207,315	3	29,885	706,426	59,556	4,689,806	11,485,708 13,069,229
	880,858		2,400,138	31,673		71,851		18,856,821 3,462,458
	4,732,340		_	19,305 450,000	44,145	9,392	49,172	1,595,444 37,496,812
		 5,065,376 			7,876,681		29,660 	34,480,286 5,065,376 25,829,798
	_	8,873,234 14,961,219	_	161,350 1,196,481	 119,679		505,392	28,212,022 117,705,469
-	_	23,834,453		1,357,831	119,679		505,392	145,917,491
_	38,240,250	32,974,744	31,030,911	3,541,449	9,565,112	142,667	5,455,914	473,527,955
_								297,025
	230,815	2,407,586	13,860	801,145 151,507	1,167,853 192,614	18,413	4,492,266	17,718,672 1,088,586
	74,183		443,960	386	46,141		199,604	4,439,540 3,592,899
	25,000 74,667 —						442,900	22,619,927 1,771,783 45,125,136
	312,796		6,035,000			53,202	117,193	24,016,604 15,324,440
_	750,000	2,407,586	41,330,000	953,038	2,939,482	71,615	5,369,157	<u>126,957,593</u> 262,655,180
-								585,365
	_	23,834,453	_	1,357,831	119,679	_	271,005	145,683,104
			1,003,511	895,970 —				12,519,624 1,752,471
	36,578,087 — 194,702	5,065,377 — 1,667,328		296,655 — 37,955	 6,505,951	71,052	(184,248)	49,076,041 27,393,991 (25,840,796)
\$	36,772,789							

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Detroit Brownfield edevelopment Authority	Detroit Public Library	Detroit Transportation Corporation	Downtown Development Authority	Eastern Market Corporation
Expenses	\$	(2,591,668) \$	(34,426,623)	\$ <u>(19,975,848)</u> \$	(34,202,813) \$	(4,649,205)
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services		—	610,264	1,688,923	6,728,612	1,246,199
Operating Grants and Contributions	_	164,811	1,139,935	11,225,937		565,290
Total Program Revenues	_	164,811	1,750,199	12,914,860	6,728,612	1,811,489
Net Program (Expenses) Revenues	_	(2,426,857)	(32,676,424)	(7,060,988)	(27,474,201)	(2,837,716)
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes		2,604,386	30,275,953	—	20,778,345	
Other Taxes			3,333,713	—	—	
Shared Taxes			517,663	—	_	
Tipping Fees			_	—	_	
Contributions		—	—	3,315,661	—	5,444,995
Investment Earnings (Losses)		3,597	1,364,907	403,228	—	76,555
Special Item - OPEB		—	20,210,541	—	—	—
Miscellaneous Revenues	_		6,122	479,915	1,248,392	
Total General Revenues	_	2,607,983	55,708,899	4,198,804	22,026,737	5,521,550
Change in Net Position		181,126	23,032,475	(2,862,184)	(5,447,464)	2,683,834
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year, as Restated (Note $I(t)$)	_	1,546,439	25,303,766	54,753,799	46,036,760	5,435,996
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$_	1,727,565 \$	48,336,241	\$ 51,891,615 \$	40,589,296 \$	8,119,830

-	Economic Development Corporation	Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority	Local Development Finance Authority	Museum of African American History	Detroit Land Bank Authority	Eight Mile/ Woodward Corridor Imp. <u>Authority</u>	Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation	Totals
\$	(4,318,242) \$	(10,483,592) \$	(3,121,257) \$	(5,729,011) \$	(7,125,327) \$	<u>(71,058)</u> \$	(37,709,392) \$	(164,404,036)
	1,613,572	68,732	—	2,082,615		—		14,038,917
-				1,049,803	8,595,248		37,551,181	60,292,205
-	1,613,572	68,732		3,132,418	8,595,248		37,551,181	74,331,122
-	(2,704,670)	(10,414,860)	(3,121,257)	(2,596,593)	1,469,921	(71,058)	(158,211)	(90,072,914)
	_	—	4,778,443			133,194		58,570,321
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,333,713
	_	—	_	_		—	_	517,663
	—	9,199,165	—			—		9,199,165
	859,397	—	—	2,768,849	—	—	—	12,388,902
	126,911	3,439	140,925	—	—	—	—	2,119,562
	—	—	—	—		—	—	20,210,541
-				93,062				1,827,491
-	986,308	9,202,604	4,919,368	2,861,911		133,194		108,167,358
	(1,718,362)	(1,212,256)	1,798,111	265,318	1,469,921	62,136	(158,211)	18,094,444
_	38,491,151	31,779,414	(18,590,020)	2,323,093	5,155,709	8,916	244,968	192,489,991
\$	36,772,789 \$	30,567,158 \$	(16,791,909) \$	2,588,411 \$	6,625,630 \$	5 71,052 \$	86,757 \$	210,584,435

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NOTES

TO BASIC

FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Detroit (the "City"), incorporated in 1806, is a home rule city under State of Michigan (MI) law. The City is organized into two separate branches: (1) the executive branch, which is headed by the Mayor; and (2) the legislative branch, which is composed of the City Council and its agencies. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public protection, public works, recreation and culture, health, economic development, public lighting, transportation, water and sewage, airport, and parking.

(a) Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the City are financially accountable, or the relationship to the City is such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units

Detroit Building Authority (DBA)* - The DBA is governed by a Board in which the City appoints the voting majority of the DBA's Board Members and is able to impose its will. Although legally separate, the DBA is included in the operations and activities of the City because it was entirely incorporated for the purpose of acquiring, furnishing, equipping, owning, improving, enlarging, operating, or maintaining buildings, automobile parking lots or structures, and recreational facilities for the use of any legitimate public purpose of the City. Financing is provided by the issuance of bonds secured by lease agreements with the City and from grants received by the City.

*Public Lighting Authority (PLA)** - The PLA under the provisions of Act 392, Public Acts of MI of 2012 and is governed by a Board in which the City appoints the voting majority of the PLA's Board Members and is able to impose its will. The PLA is a legally separate entity and was formed to develop and implement a plan to improve the City's public lighting system. The PLA will be funded through the issuance of bonds to be paid back with revenue from the City's utility tax.

Detroit General Retirement System Service Corporation (DGRSSC) and Detroit Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation (DPFRSSC) - DGRSSC and DPFRSSC are Michigan (MI) nonprofit corporations incorporated by the City pursuant to State Law and are legally separate from the City. The DGRSSC and DPFRSSC were formed to assist the City in maintaining the actuarial integrity of the City's two pension systems. Both Corporations are fiscally dependent upon and provide services entirely to the City. The governing body of each corporation is its Board of Directors, each of which consists of three officials of the City, the Finance Director, the Budget Director, and the Corporation Counsel, plus two members of the City Council, selected and appointed by the City Council.

In May 2006, the City entered into a separate service contract with each of the DGRSSC and the DPFRSSC, in which the City purported to contractually obligate itself to make periodic payments to the corporations. The DGRSSC and the DPFRSSC, severally and not jointly, entered into a Trust Agreement with U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, which created the Detroit Retirement Systems Funding Trust 2006 (DRSFT), a grantor trust established and existing under MI law. The DGRSSC and DPFRSSC sold and assigned to the DRSFT their rights to receive certain of the payments to be received from the City under the service contracts. During the year, the City was involved in litigation regarding this transaction, which was settled in connection with the City's plan of adjustment in the Bankruptcy Case. See Note XIII for further discussion regarding the bankruptcy.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Detroit Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (DBRA)* - The DBRA was created by a City Council resolution and approved by the Mayor in April 1998, under the provisions of Act 381, Michigan Public Act of 1996. The City appoints the majority of the DBRA's Board Members and is able to impose its will. DBRA was established to create Brownfield redevelopment zones and promote the revitalization, redevelopment, and reuse of certain property, including, but not limited to, tax-reverted, blighted, or functionally obsolete property.

Detroit Public Library (DPL) - The DPL is a statutory body created by the State, which is legally separate from the City. The DPL was created to provide reference materials, research information, and publications to residents of the City and Wayne County (the County). Funding is provided by an ad valorem tax of 4.63 mills in real and personal property taxes in the City. In addition, DPL receives grants and endowments from private organizations. The City Council is responsible for approving DPL's annual budget. Due to DPL's relationship with the City, it would be misleading to exclude its financial information from the City's financial statements.

*Detroit Transportation Corporation (DTC)** - The DTC was established in 1985 to oversee construction and operation of the Central Automated Transit System (People Mover) in downtown Detroit. The DTC is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The DTC is primarily funded by means of grants from the City.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA) *- The DDA was created to promote and develop economic growth in the City's downtown business district. The DDA is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. Funding is provided by an ad valorem tax of 1.0 mill on real and personal property in the downtown development district, a levy on the increased assessed value of a tax increment district, and issuance of revenue and tax increment bonds.

Eastern Market Corporation $(EMC)^*$ - The EMC was established to develop, maintain, and promote the Eastern Market district of the City. The EMC manages the market in the City known as Eastern Market. The EMC is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The EMC is primarily funded by means of private grants and contributions.

Economic Development Corporation $(EDC)^*$ - The EDC was established to create and implement project plans for designated project areas within the City, and thus encourage the location and expansion of industrial and commercial enterprises within the City. The EDC is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The EDC is primarily funded by means of grants from the City.

Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority (GDRRA) - The GDRRA was established by the cities of Detroit and Highland Park for the acquisition, construction, and operation of a waste-to-energy facility. The GDRRA is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. Operating revenues consist of tipping fees received from the City of Detroit to be used for the hauling and disposal of the municipal solid waste.

Local Development Finance Authority (LDFA)* - The LDFA was created to finance certain improvements for local public roads in the vicinity of the Chrysler Jefferson Avenue Assembly Plant. The LDFA is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. Incremental portions of the City and the County property taxes fund the LDFA.

*Museum of African American History (MAAH)** - The MAAH was created to provide research, compilation, presentation, publication, and dissemination of knowledge relating to the history, growth, development, heritage, and culture of people of African descent and the human struggle for freedom. The MAAH is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The MAAH is primarily funded by means of private grants and grants from the City.

City of Detroit, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

*Detroit Land Bank Authority (DLBA)** - The DLBA was created to stimulate neighborhood stabilization and economic growth through the acquisition, management, and disposition of tax-reverted and acquired properties by working collaboratively with community stakeholders, developers, and other governmental agencies in a transparent and fiscally responsible manner to promote conscientious stewardship of land. The DLBA is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The DLBA is primarily funded through federal and local grants.

*Eight Mile/Woodward Corridor Improvement Authority (EMWCIA)** - The EMWCIA was established to correct and prevent deterioration in the Eight Mile/Woodward area. The EMWCIA is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The EMWCIA is primarily funded by the first \$100,000 of Tax Increment Capture.

*Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation (DESC)** - The DESC was established to be the administrative and fiscal agency responsible for providing workforce programs and services to the citizens and businesses of Detroit. The DESC is a legally separate entity. However, the City appoints the voting majority of the Board Members and may impose its will. The DESC is primarily funded by grants.

* Audit conducted in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* as promulgated by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Financial Statements of Component Units

Complete financial statements of the individual blended and discretely presented component units can be obtained directly from the following administrative offices:

Blended Component Units:

Detroit Building Authority 1301 Third Street, Suite 328 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 224-0174

Detroit General Retirement System Service Corporation 500 Woodward Avenue, Suite 3000 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 224-3362 Detroit Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation 500 Woodward Avenue, Suite 3000 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 224-3380

Public Lighting Authority 65 Cadillac Square, Suite 3100 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 324-8290

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Detroit Brownfield Redevelopment Authority 500 Griswold, Suite 2200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 963-2940

Detroit Public Library 5201 Woodward Avenue Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 833-1000

Detroit Transportation Corporation 535 Griswold, Suite 400 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 224-2160

Downtown Development Authority 500 Griswold, Suite 2200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 237-4616

Eastern Market Corporation 2934 Russell Street Detroit, MI 48207 (313) 833-9300

Economic Development Corporation 500 Griswold, Suite 2200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 237-4616 Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority 5700 Russell Street Detroit, MI 48211 (313) 876-0449

Local Development Finance Authority 500 Griswold, Suite 2200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 237-4616

Museum of African American History 315 East Warren Avenue Detroit, MI 48202 (313) 494-5800

Detroit Land Bank Authority 65 Cadillac Square, Suite 3200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 974-6869

Eight Mile/Woodward Corridor Improvement Authority 500 Griswold, Suite 2200 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 237-4616

Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation 440 East Congress Street Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 876-0674

Related Organizations

The City has in place Memoranda of Understanding (i.e., contracts) for the operations of certain City-owned assets with the following private nonprofit corporations:

Detroit Historical Society Founders Society Detroit Institute of Arts Detroit Zoological Society

The City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond these contracts.

The City has in place a Cooperative Endeavor Agreement with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to handle the day-to-day administration and management of the Detroit Housing Commission (DHC). The DHC is now an autonomous enterprise, separate from the City.

The Mayor is responsible for appointing the members of the board of the Northwest Community Programs, Inc., and the Detroit Economic Growth Association, private nonprofit corporations, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

Joint Venture

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contractual agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity, subject to joint control in which the participants retain (a) an ongoing financial interest or (b) an ongoing financial responsibility. The City participates in the following joint venture:

The Detroit-Wayne Joint Building Authority (DWJBA) was created as a corporate instrumentality in 1948 by an agreement between the City and Wayne County. The DWJBA receives its revenues through a lease agreement with the City and the County, which expires on March 1, 2028. The lease provides that the DWJBA shall maintain and operate the building at 2 Woodward Ave, Detroit, (known as the Coleman A. Young Municipal Center), the expenditures of which are to be reimbursed by the City and County on the basis of the building space allocations specified in the lease. All revenues or other monies received by the DWJBA must be disbursed for specific purposes in accordance with agreements with the incorporating units and holders of the bonds.

The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. The DWJBA is not included in the financial statements of the City. Complete financial statements of the DWJBA may be obtained by writing to the DWJBA at the following address:

Detroit-Wayne Joint Building Authority 1316 Coleman A. Young Municipal Center (CAYMC) Detroit, MI 48226

(b) Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities report the overall financial activity of the primary government (the "City"), excluding fiduciary activities, and its component units. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities of the City. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs; and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary fund types. Separate financial statements for each fund category (governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental or other enterprise funds. Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, primarily result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major funds:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund accounts for several of the City's primary services (Police, Fire, Public Works, Community, and Youth Services, etc.) and is the primary operating unit of the City.

Detroit General Retirement System Service Corporation Fund accounts for the debt service payments related to the issuance of the Pension Obligation Certificates.

Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation Fund accounts for the debt service payments related to the issuance of the Pension Obligation Certificates.

Proprietary Funds:

Sewage Disposal Fund accounts for the operations of the wastewater treatment plant, sewers, including sanitary and combined sewers, combined sewer outfalls, and interceptors. The facility provides service to Detroit and 76 other communities in southeastern MI.

Transportation Fund accounts for the City's mass transit system with a fleet of 462 coaches. The fund operates an administration building, which includes a heavy repair facility and plant maintenance building, as well as three other satellite terminals with light repair garages and storage bays.

Water Fund accounts for the operations of five water treatment plants, 19 booster stations, a transmission and distribution system, and reservoirs. The fund provides service to Detroit and 127 other communities in southeastern MI.

Automobile Parking Fund accounts for the activity of the City's Auto Parking and Arena System, excluding parking fine revenues.

Additionally, the City reports the following Fiduciary Fund types:

Fiduciary Funds:

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for moneys held in trust by the City for pension benefits and other employee benefits. The City uses pension trust funds to account for the retirement plans for civilian employees, firefighters, and police officers. The Employee Benefit Trust funds account for various health and long-term disability benefits for employees and retirees.

Agency Funds account for transactions for assets held by the City as agent for certain activities or for various entities. Payroll deductions and special deposits are the primary transactions accounted for in these funds.

(c) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include income taxes, sales taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from self-assessed taxes, including income taxes and sales tax, is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis.

City of Detroit, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year, except for grants and trade receivables, which are 180 and 90 days, respectively. Expenditures generally are recorded when the liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, and other long-term obligations are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Significant revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual include property taxes, income taxes, utility taxes, state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, interest, and certain grants associated with the current fiscal period. All other revenue sources are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits, as well as certificates of deposits and money market funds with an original maturity date of three months or less.

(e) Investments

Investments of the City are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. The only investments that do not have an established market are certificates of deposit, which are reported at par value plus accrued interest.

(f) Interfund Transactions

The City has the following types of interfund transactions:

Advances - amounts provided with a requirement for long-term repayment. Interfund advances are reported as advances to other funds in lender funds and advances from other funds in borrower funds.

Services Provided and Used - sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their external exchange value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in seller funds and expenditures or expenses in purchaser funds. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or fund statements of net position.

Reimbursements - repayments from the funds responsible for particular expenditures or expenses to the funds that initially paid for them. Reimbursements are reported as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures in the reimbursed fund.

Transfers - flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers. In proprietary funds, transfers are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

(g) Due from/to Other Governmental Agencies

Due from/to other governmental agencies consists primarily of sales, grant reimbursement, and charges for services to/from the County, the State, and the Federal Government.

(h) Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market using the average cost method. Inventory of governmental and enterprise funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

(i) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased capital assets are reported at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated assets are recorded at estimated fair value as of the date received. The City's capitalization levels are \$5,000 on tangible personal property and for improvements other than buildings, and \$50,000 on infrastructure, including sewer and storm water lines. All acquisitions of land and land improvements are capitalized regardless of cost.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed. Capitalized interest for the year ended June 30, 2014 for the Sewage Disposal and Water Funds was \$9,366,483 and \$3,918,354, respectively. Costs of assets sold or retired (and related amounts of accumulated depreciation) are eliminated from the accounts in the year of sale or retirement, and the resulting gain or loss is included in the operating statement of the related fund. In governmental funds, the sale of general capital assets is included in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances as proceeds from sale. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	5-67
Buildings and building improvements	5-50
Interceptors and regulators	100
Mains	67
Services and meters	20-87
Improvements other than buildings	5-50
Machinery, equipment, and fixtures	3-20
Vehicles other than buses	3-10
Buses	12
Other infrastructure	7-60

The City has a collection of artwork presented both in buildings and public outdoor spaces. The true value of the art is expected to either be maintained at cost or appreciate over time, and thus, the art is not depreciated. If individual pieces are lost or destroyed, the loss is recorded. Further information regarding City-owned art can be found in Note V.

(j) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, a deferred outflow has been recorded related to refundings of debt for the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This deferred outflow will be amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

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In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from many sources: grants, special assessments, and various other sources. These amounts will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. On the government-wide Statement of Net Position, a deferred inflow has been recorded related to the swap termination and refunding. The deferred amount results from amounts transferred plus tender and redemption premiums paid upon debt refunding. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunded debt.

(k) Bond Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recorded as liabilities and amortized using the effective interest method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts and gains are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

(l) Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. The liability has been calculated based on the employees' current salary level and includes salary-related costs (e.g., Social Security and Medicare tax). The liability current year accruals are based on estimates and payments are based on actuals. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

For employees other than those of the Transportation Fund, unused vacation pay and banked overtime accumulate up to a maximum level until termination of employment, while there is no vesting of sick pay until an employee reaches age 60 or completes 25 years of service. Furlough time is awarded to uniformed police and fire employees at the beginning of two semiannual periods. Any unused furlough time remaining at the end of each semiannual period is forfeited. For the Transportation Fund, unused vacation pay accumulates for each employee up to a maximum level. Once this level is attained, unused vacation must be used or the employee loses a portion of the vacation pay.

(m) Property Taxes

The City's property taxes are levied each July 1 of the fiscal year and are payable without penalty either on or before August 31 in full, or one-half on or before August 15, with the balance then being payable on or before the following January 15. Property taxes attach as a lien on the property as of July 1 of the year of levy. Property owners may appeal their assessments to the local Board of Review and ultimately to the MI Tax Tribunal.

The 2013 taxable valuation of the City totaled approximately \$8.3 billion (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the LDFA, DDA, and DBRA), on which taxes consisted of 19.952 mills for operating purposes and 8.9952 mills for debt service. This resulted in approximately \$144.8 million for operations and approximately \$77.9 million for debt service. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund and Debt Service Fund financial statements as tax revenue.

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The Wayne County Treasurer (Treasurer) is required by the General Property Tax Law, as amended, to collect delinquent real property taxes levied by the City. Under the Act, the Treasurer pays the City in full for delinquent real property taxes owed according to the delinquent tax roll transferred to the County Treasurer. Taxes eligible for payment include all delinquent taxes, except taxes on personal property, due and payable to the City. The Treasurer is then responsible for the collection of the outstanding delinquent taxes. The County retains all interest and penalties generated by the delinquent taxes to offset its tax collection costs. Real property taxes not collected within two years after the sale to the County are charged back to the City.

For accounting purposes, the transfer of delinquent property taxes receivable is recognized as a sale, with a corresponding liability recorded for the estimated amount that will be charged back to the City. During the year ended June 30, 2014, approximately \$158 million of delinquent property taxes receivable were transferred (sold) to the County, and \$106 million were charged back to the City from prior year sales. As of June 30, 2014, the City has recorded an approximate liability of \$79 million (\$17 million in the General Fund, \$19 million in the Non-Major Governmental Funds, and \$43 million in the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds) for the estimated amount of property tax receivables sold to the County that will be charged back in future years.

(n) Municipal Income Taxes

The City levies an annual income tax. The rate for the calendar year 2013 consists of an annualized tax of 2.40 percent on the income of resident individuals, 1.20 percent on income earned in the City by non-residents, and 2.00 percent for corporations. Municipal income taxes are accrued for income tax withholdings collected by employers but not yet remitted to the City. In the government-wide financial statements, income tax revenue is recorded in the period in which the underlying compensation is earned by the taxpayer. In the governmental fund financial statements, the City records municipal income tax revenues when they become available. Available is defined as due and receivable within the current fiscal year or expected to be collected within 60 days thereafter. Estimated refunds for income tax returns received and in process, in which payment has not been made, are recorded as a result of tax return audits or failure to file a return.

(o) Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use of a specific purpose.
- Committed: Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the governing body.
- Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

If there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City will consider restricted fund balance to have been spent before unrestricted fund balance. Further, if there is an expenditure incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance classifications could be used, then the City will consider committed fund balance to be spent before assigned fund balance.

(p) Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is displayed in three components as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowing that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- **Restricted** This consists of net position that is restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources when they are needed.
- Unrestricted This consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "Restricted" or "Net Investment in Capital Assets."

(q) Unbilled Revenue

The Water and Sewage Disposal Funds record unbilled revenues for services provided prior to year end by accruing actual revenues billed in the subsequent month.

(r) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(s) Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 58, *Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies*. This statement provides accounting and financial reporting guidance for governments that have petitioned for protection from creditors by filing for bankruptcy under Chapter 9 of the United States Bankruptcy Code. It requires governments to re-measure liabilities that are adjusted in bankruptcy when the bankruptcy court confirms a new payment plan. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. As disclosed in Note XIII, the City of Detroit was engaged in bankruptcy proceedings during 2014. The recorded and disclosed balances contained within this report are subject to change pursuant to the confirmed City's plan of adjustment.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This net pension liability that will be recorded on the government-wide, proprietary, and discretely presented component unit statements will be computed differently than the current unfunded actuarial accrued liability, using specific parameters set forth by the GASB. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The City has evaluated the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Implementation of Statement No. 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 will result in the elimination of the net pension asset (\$1,206,321,236 as of June 20, 2014) and the recognition of the net pension liability.

In January 2013, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in the Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of

operations. The Statement requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

In November 2013, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* The objective of the Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (see above). The Statement amends paragraph 137 of Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement No. 68. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This statement prescribes how state and local governments should define and measure fair value. It also prescribes which assets and liabilities should be measured at fair value, and expands disclosures related to fair value measurements. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the City's fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

(t) Prior Period Adjustment and Restatement of Beginning Net Position

Government activities:

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65 as noted in paragraph (u) and the change of presentation of the Public Lighting Authority, the beginning net position has been restated to apply the changes noted associated with the bond issuance costs and the change of presentation. The effect of this change is as follows.

Net deficit - As of 6/30/13 Public Lighting Authority Bond issuance costs Net deficit - 7/1/13 - As restated	\$ (807,792,434) (1,038,451) (22,361,128) (831,192,013)
Business-type activities:	
Net position - As of 6/30/13 Public Lighting Authority Bond issuance costs Net position - 7/1/13 - As restated	\$ 129,614,214 1,038,451 (42,918,386) 87,734,279
Component units:	
Net position - As of 6/30/13 Bond issuance costs Net position - 7/1/13 - As restated	\$ 194,664,121 (2,174,130) 192,489,991

(u) New Accounting Pronouncements

During the year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities* – *an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25*. The statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

As a result of implementing this statement, the following assets and liabilities have been reclassified, as indicated:

Item	Amount	Prior Reporting Classification/Treatment	New Classification After Adoption of GASB 65
Bond issuance costs - Governmental activities	\$ 22,361,128	Asset	Outflow of resources (restatement of prior year net position)
Bond issuance costs - Component units	2,174,130	Asset	Outflow of resources (restatement of prior year net position)
Bond issuance costs - Business- type activities:			
Sewage Disposal Fund	21,367,325	Asset	Outflow of resources (restatement of prior year net position)
Transportation Fund	4,319,037	Asset	Outflow of resources (restatement of prior year net position)
Water Fund	17,232,024	Asset	Outflow of resources (restatement of prior year net position)
Deferred amounts on debt refundings - Governmental activities	14,796,845	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred outflow of resources
Deferred amounts on debt refundings - Business-type activities			
Sewage Disposal Fund	214,536,819	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred outflow of resources
Transportation Fund	1,287,183	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred outflow of resources
Water Fund	115,748,493	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred outflow of resources
Deferred amounts on debt refundings - Component units	297,025	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred outflow of resources
Deferred amounts on swap termination - Governmental activities	28,219,511	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred inflow of resources
Deferred amounts on swap termination - Business-type activities			
Sewage Disposal Fund	3,738,739	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred inflow of resources
Transportation Fund	2,532,991	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred inflow of resources
Water Fund	13,463,426	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred inflow of resources
Deferred amounts on swap termination - Component units	585,365	Adjustment to bonds payable	Deferred inflow of resources
Grant resources earned but not received within 180 days of year end - Governmental activities	4,079,251	Liability	Deferred inflow of resources

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*. This statement required changes to the actuarial valuations resulting in a different measurement of the liability of the employer to plan members for benefits provided through the pension plan. As a result, the disclosures within the pension footnote (Note IX) have changed considerably.

(v) Change in Accounting Principle

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City changed accounting for highly liquid money market funds to be included in cash equivalents, pursuant to GASB 9. The money market accounts consist of funds deposited and immediately available and include daily and weekly transactions, for example, customer receipts and payments for trade payables. Cash and cash equivalents are reported on the Statement of Net Position, the Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Cash Flows. Previously, such funds had been classified as investments. Accordingly, the Funds adjusted the classification to report these funds as cash and cash equivalents. The adjustment had no impact on previously reported total current assets, total assets, working capital position, or cash flows from operating activities.

This change impacted the beginning of year cash and cash equivalents balance on the Statement of Cash Flows for the Enterprise Funds. The following table presents a summary of the significant effects of the change in accounting policy:

Water Fund	 As Previously Reported	 Adjustments	As Adjusted
June 30, 2013:			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,366,904	\$ 128,484,397	5 173,851,301
Total investments	336,667,686	(128,484,397)	208,183,289
Sewage Fund			
June 30, 2013:			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 111,109,204	\$ 224,612,193	335,721,397
Total investments	355,482,764	(224,612,193)	130,870,571
Automobile Parking Fund			
June 30, 2013:			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 759,509	\$ 18,271,199	5 19,030,708
Total investments	18,271,199	(18,271,199)	-

NOTE II - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(a) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk of not having sufficient liquid financial resources to meet obligations when they fall due. Over the past several decades, the City has experienced significant economic and social challenges that have negatively impacted employment, business conditions and quality of life. Three of the City's largest revenue streams — distributable state aid, property taxes, and municipal income taxes — are especially susceptible during times of major economic downturns and have declined in recent years due to high levels of unemployment. Population decline and home foreclosures have adversely impacted City property valuations and property and income tax collections. Further stressing the City's liquidity were legacy costs such as retiree health care and debt service. As the City's tax base and revenues declined, the legacy costs became an increasing percentage of the General Fund budget, which reduced funding available for essential services such as police and fire.

The City of Detroit was insolvent on June 30, 2013 as the General Fund liabilities exceeded its assets by \$73.0 million and cash and investments on hand totaling \$102.2 million were insufficient to meet obligations due. The City's accumulated unrestricted General Fund deficit was \$132.6 million on June 30, 2013. On July 18, 2013, due to the City's insolvency and inability to meet its obligations, the City filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (the "Bankruptcy Court"), which case is captioned *In re City of Detroit, Michigan*, Case No. 13-53846 (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) (the "Bankruptcy Case"). On July 19, 2013, Bankruptcy Judge Steven W. Rhodes was assigned to the Bankruptcy Case by the Chief Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. On or about February 18, 2015, after Judge Rhodes' retirement, Judge Thomas J. Tucker assumed oversight of the Bankruptcy Case (See Footnote XIII for more detail on the Bankruptcy Case).

After the Chapter 9 filing, the City's General Fund solvency improved for the year ended June 30, 2014 as assets exceeded liabilities by \$53.4 million and cash and investments on hand totaled \$381.3 million. However, much of the improvement was due to borrowing \$120.0 million for the City's reinvestment and revitalization initiatives program and defaulting on General Fund pension contributions totaling \$176.2 million, partially as a result of the bankruptcy filing.

The City's General Fund obligations that were defaulted on through the year ended June 30, 2014 included: (1) \$122.5 million in pension contributions due the Police and Fire Retirement System; (2) \$53.7 million in pension contributions due the General Retirement System; (3) \$85.6 million of Pension Obligation Certificate debt; and (4) \$51.8 million of Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) bond debt. Also, the General Fund owed to other funds, component units, and other governmental agencies property taxes that it had collected totaling \$102.1 million. The City's accumulated unrestricted General Fund deficit was \$145.9 million on June 30, 2014.

On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order (the "Confirmation Order") confirming the City's Eighth Amended Plan of Adjustment ("Plan"). The Plan became effective in accordance with its terms on December 10, 2014 (the "Effective Date"), and the City exited bankruptcy.

Section 22(1) of Public Act 436 provides that if an emergency manager determines that the financial emergency he or she was appointed to manage has been rectified, the emergency manager is to inform the Governor and Treasurer of the State of Michigan of that determination. Accordingly, on December 8, 2014, the Emergency Manager submitted a letter to the Governor and Treasurer stating the following: "Over the past 16 months, the Chapter 9 process has allowed the City to take and implement critical steps towards restructuring its existing obligations and laying the foundation for substantial reinvestment in the City - that is, to correct in a sustainable fashion the financial conditions that prompted my appointment. This work required the assistance and cooperation of the State, the Mayor, the City Council and, ultimately, all of the City's major stakeholders, as well as the commitment of the bankruptcy judge and a skilled group of mediators. The key elements of this restructuring include the following:

- The elimination of approximately \$7 billion of debt obligations upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, including the significant reduction of the City's obligations relating to: (a) approximately \$1.4 billion in claims arising in connection with certain certificates of participation; (b) approximately \$550 million in claims arising in connection with general obligation debt; and (c) approximately \$7.4 billion in claims related to pension and retiree health obligations (discussed in further detail below);
- The establishment of a framework for the reinvestment of approximately \$1.7 billion in the City between the Effective Date and June 30, 2023 (the "<u>Reinvestment Initiatives</u>"). The Reinvestment Initiatives include, but are not limited to: (a) approximately \$450 million in funding earmarked for the remediation of blight throughout the City; (b) urgently needed resources for, and reforms of, the Detroit Police Department, the Detroit Fire Department and the City's emergency response services; (c) improvements to the City's transportation network; and (d) a comprehensive overhaul of the City's antiquated information technology systems. The Reinvestment Initiatives provide the City with the opportunity to: (a) arrest the long-entrenched and reinforcing trends of population loss, declining property values and declining revenues; (b) remedy the crippling service delivery insolvency characterized as "inhumane" by the Bankruptcy Court; and (c) provide a platform for residential and commercial growth within the City;
- The negotiation and implementation of the "Grand Bargain," which transferred certain artwork owned by the City (and managed by the Detroit Institute of Arts) to an irrevocable charitable trust thus maintaining an irreplaceable resource for the perpetual benefit of the City and its surrounding communities as part of a larger transaction providing for the contribution of \$816 million over the next 20 years by the State and certain charitable foundations for the benefit of the City's pensioners;
- The restructuring of the City's pension and retiree health legacy obligations, which consumed substantial (and escalating) percentages of the City's revenues at the time of the Chapter 9 filing. The proceeds to be directed to the City's General Retirement System and Police and Fire Retirement System (together, the "Retirement Systems") as a result of the Grand Bargain allowed the City to adequately fund the Retirement Systems going forward, while minimizing cuts to retirees' pension payments (thus maintaining a working relationship with the City's employees). The Chapter 9 process further allowed the City to eliminate billions

in unfunded retiree health obligations through the creation of two voluntary employee benefits associations (or VEBAs), which will be responsible for retiree health payments following the Effective Date;

- The entry into discrete development agreements with: (a) a wholly-owned subsidiary of Syncora Guarantee Inc. and Syncora Capital Assurance Inc.; and (b) Financial Guaranty Insurance Company (or its designee) that promise to provide for substantial reinvestment in, and rehabilitation of, City assets;
- The entry into a memorandum of understanding with the State of Michigan and Oakland, Wayne and Macomb Counties establishing a framework for the creation of a regional water and sewer/storm water authority to be called the Great Lakes Water Authority (the "GLWA"). As part of the GLWA transaction, the City will lease its regional water supply and sewer disposal system facilities to the GLWA for an initial 40-year term in exchange for an annual \$50 million payment that will fund local infrastructure improvements, debt service on bonds issued to finance such improvements or the City's share of the cost of common-to-all improvements;
- The negotiation and implementation of new collective bargaining agreements with approximately 40 unions, including: (a) all six of the unions representing public safety personnel in the City's Police and Fire Departments; (b) the substantial majority of the local unions affiliated with American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) Council 25, the City's largest union; and (c) seven of the unions representing employees of the Detroit Water and Sewerage Department. The City's collective bargaining agreements, which generally will remain effective for five years, will promote good labor relations and provide for increased management flexibility to streamline operations. Additionally, the collective bargaining agreements provide for wage increases and restructured health care and pension benefits that will promote recruiting and retention while also providing financial stability; and
- The restructuring of various City departments including the Finance Department, the Human Resources Department, the Planning and Development Department, the Information Technology Department and the Law Department through, among other changes, the establishment of new divisions, modifications to reporting structures, reorganization of existing job titles and job functions and the creation of new job titles and new job functions. The comprehensive restructuring of these significant City departments should facilitate improvements in operating flexibility, productivity, efficiency and recruitment and retention."

The Governor in his "Notice of Termination" letter to the Emergency Manager dated December 9, 2014 stated: "When I authorized the placement of the City into bankruptcy, I noted that at that point, the City could not meet its basic obligation to its citizens, which had also resulted in an inability to meet obligations to its creditors. The bankruptcy process, combined with the budget that is now in place, means the financial emergency will be sustainably rectified." Furthermore, the Governor stated: "I conclude that the financial conditions of the City have been corrected in a sustainable fashion as provided in Act 436. Therefore, pursuant to Section 9(7) of the Act, I hereby remove the City of Detroit from receivership as of the Effective Date of the Plan for Adjustment, provided that this occurs prior to December 31, 2014, and do so without the imposition of any conditions permitted under the Act."

On December 10, 2014, and in accordance with the Plan, the City: (1) issued \$1.3 billion of debt of which \$1.1 billion was delivered to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims; (2) paid \$110.1 million of cash including \$73.1 million to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims, \$36.5 million to establish a Professional Fee Reserve account to pay the bankruptcy and restructuring professionals, and \$0.5 million to satisfy debt issuance costs; (3) assigned debt service payments on the remaining \$43.3 million of the original UTGO bonds primarily to the income stabilization funds for the General Retirement System (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS); (4) issued settlement credits totaling \$25.0 million to the insurers of the POCs; and (5) irrevocably transferred the assets of the Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) having a net book value of \$86.6 million to the DIA, as trustee, to be held in perpetual charitable trust, subject to dispositions in accordance with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and within City limits, for the primary benefit of residents of the City and residents of the State.

Included in the \$1.3 billion of debt issued on December 10, 2014, were the City's Financial Recovery Income Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A/B totaling \$275.0 million, which: (1) refunded the \$120.0 million of the Series 2014 Bonds issued in April 2014; (2) paid the \$38.0 million final installment of the POC

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swap settlement claim; (3) provided an additional \$85.7 million for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives in the City; (4) funded \$27.5 million for a debt service reserve for the Series 2014 A/B Bonds; and (5) paid \$3.8 million for issuance and other costs related to the new bonds. Also, the City has remaining proceeds available for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives from the \$120.0 million of the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life) that were refunded with this new debt.

The City eliminated a net \$8.3 billion (\$9.6 billion of liabilities and deferred inflows less \$1.3 billion of assets and deferred charges) of its obligations, including: (1) \$7.0 billion of pension and retiree benefits (\$994.8 million of which is included in the Long-Term Obligations total of \$3.0 billion detailed in the table below) legacy costs, which were not recorded in the City's June 30, 2014 financial statements; (2) \$1.4 billion of POC long-term obligations; (3) \$302.5 million of the POC swaps; and (4) \$200.9 million of accrued but unpaid pension contributions. Also, as a result of the elimination of the POC long-term obligations, the City eliminated the related net pension asset totaling \$1.2 billion, which included the obligation for the unpaid pension contributions.

The bankruptcy exit and settlement and discharge of claims, under the Plan, provided the City a total of \$6.8 billion in aggregate debt relief. Detailed in the table below is a summary of: (1) the eliminated and restructured obligations; (2) cash and assets used and new or other obligations incurred; and (3) the net benefit of the Plan

					Primary Govern	iment		
	-	Assets & Obli		Cash & Asset	igations			
		Applied or					Net	
Description		Eliminated	Assigned	(Cash & Assets	Obligations	Other	Benefit
ASSETS								
Net Pension Asset	(1) \$	(1,206,321,236) \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(1,206,321,236)
Capital Assets (Net Book Value)		-	-	(10)	86,568,800	-	-	(86,568,800)
Deferred Charges	(2)	(34,452,367)	-	_	-	-	-	(34,452,367)
Total Assets	_	(1,240,773,603)	-	-	86,568,800	-	-	(1,327,342,403)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(3)	(17,682,877)						(17,682,877)
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		-	-	(11)	36,461,114	-	-	(36,461,114)
Accrued Interest Payable		53,306,470	-		-	-	-	53,306,470
Derivative Instruments - Swap Liability		302,463,879	-		17,662,479	37,969,929	-	246,831,471
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers	(4)	143,085,398	-		-	-	-	143,085,398
Other Defaulted Debt	(5)	25,000,000	-		-	-	-	25,000,000
Contingent Liabilities		-	-		-	-	25,000,000	(25,000,000)
Long-Term Obligations	(6)	2,961,435,753	43,349,210		56,003,944	1,244,985,027	43,349,210	1,660,446,782
Total Liabilities	_	3,485,291,500	43,349,210		110,127,537	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	2,067,209,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(7)	34,844,753	-		<u> </u>			34,844,753
Total Net Position (Deficit)	_	2,261,679,773	43,349,210		196,696,337	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	757,028,480
Other Obligations Not In Financial Statements								
Long-Term Obligations - OPEB	(8)	4,723,511,843	-		-	-	-	4,723,511,843
Long-Term Obligations - Net Pension Liability	(9)	1,326,824,448	-		-	-	-	1,326,824,448
Total Other Obligations	-	6,050,336,291	-			-	-	6,050,336,291
Grand Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	8,312,016,064 \$	43,349,210	\$	196,696,337 \$	1,282,954,956 \$	68,349,210 \$	6,807,364,771

(1) Net Pension Asset eliminated with bankruptcy and GASB 67 and upcoming GASB 68 requirements

(2) Prepaid insurance costs related to eliminated obligations

(3) Deferred charges related to eliminated obligations

(4) Principal and interest paid by insurers for defaulted debt including POC and LTGO debt

(5) Uninsured LTGO (2008 A(2)) bonds principal defaulted on

(6) Includes \$1.4 billion POC; \$994.8 million OPEB eliminated for year ended June 30, 2014; \$287.5 million restructured UTGO; and \$117.6 million LTGO obligations

(7) Deferred Swap Termination Fees

(8) Last OPEB valuation (June 11, 2011) \$5,718,286,228 less \$994,774,385 included in Long-Term Obligations

(9) Net Pension Liability Reduction (\$2,918,025,938 pre-bankruptcy and \$1,591,201,490 post-bankruptcy) (10) DIA Assets transferred to DIA Trustee

(11) Funding for Professional Fee Reserve

While the bankruptcy substantially reduced the City's obligations, especially legacy pension and retiree health costs, challenges and risks remain to secure the liquidity to fund the resources necessary to provide satisfactory City services such as public protection and transportation. The City's liquidity risk will continue until the changes adopted under the Plan of Adjustment are implemented effectively by the City over the long-term and other quality of life issues plaguing the City are also addressed satisfactorily. In addition, several appeals of the Confirmation Order have been filed and are currently pending before the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan. These appeals request that some or all of the provisions of the Confirmation Order be reversed. If any of these appeals are successful, it could adversely impact the City's liquidity.

(b) Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

The Law requires the City to fund its minimally required pension contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, prior to said date. Notwithstanding this requirement, the City failed to remit its complete contribution prior to June 30, 2014. Contributions due to the General Retirement and Police and Fire Retirement Systems totaled \$78.4 million and \$122.5 million, respectively, at June 30, 2014.

The City is required by the State of Michigan, Public Act 206 of 1893 and the General Property Tax Act, MCL 211.43 (3) (a), to deliver within 10 business days after the first and fifteenth of each month, the tax collections on hand to the County Treasurer and other tax assessing units such as Wayne County and the Detroit Public Schools. As of June 30, 2014, the City failed to remit approximately \$102.1 million of property tax distributions held by the General Fund that were due to other funds, component units, and other governmental agencies. All such required distributions at June 30, 2014 were subsequently remitted.

The City is required by the State of Michigan, Public Act 346 of 1966 to distribute payments received in lieu of taxes (PILOT) due to the other tax assessing units such as the State of Michigan and Detroit Public Schools for the year for which the distribution is calculated. The City was not in compliance with Public Act 346 of 1966 because it did not remit the 2013 distributions due the State of Michigan (\$2.3 million) and the Detroit Public Schools (\$3.1 million) PILOT until August 2014.

The City was not in compliance with State of Michigan Public Act 451, Part 115. The General (General Grants), and Employee Disability Income Protection Plan Funds borrowed \$2.9 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, from the Solid Waste Fund, which is a violation of Public Act 451, which restricts the use of funds for solid waste collection and disposal.

The City was not in compliance with the State of Michigan's Uniform Unclaimed Property Act, Public Act 29 of 1995. The City failed to properly escheat unclaimed property tax overpayments to the state as required. As a result, the City is subject to interest and penalties on the amount that should have been escheated.

The City was not in compliance with the State of Michigan Public Act 2 of 1968, Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, Section 141.438 (3), which requires the City to not incur expenditures against an appropriation account in excess of the amount appropriated by the City Council. As noted in the footnote II (d), some of the City agency's actual expenditures exceeded their appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The City was not in compliance with the United States, Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Circular A-133, Section 300, which requires the City to: "Identify, in its accounts, all Federal awards received and expended and the Federal programs under which they were received." The City's general ledger records were not always accurate at the individual grant level, as required.

The City was not in compliance with State of Michigan Public Act 206 and the General Property Tax Act, MCL 211.43(3) (a), which requires the City to remit the Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) collections within 10 business days after the 1st and 15th of each month. Also, the City was not in compliance with Public Act 198 of 1974 because it did not submit IFT Tax Form 170, as required to the State of Michigan by July 30th of each year. The City has not filed IFT Tax Form 170 since tax year 2010.

The City was not in compliance with Michigan Public Act 206 of 1893, MCL 211, related to Real Estate Exemptions. The City does not have adequate controls in place to maintain and update the listing of tax exempt properties. The City was unable to provide documentation supporting the tax exempt status for 17 of 65 properties selected by the auditors for review.

(c) Deficit Fund Equity

The General Fund had a deficit of unassigned fund balance of \$145,907,582 at June 30, 2014. Local Development Finance Authority (a Component Unit) (LDFA) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$45,189,411. Eastern Market Corporation (a Component Unit) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$145,199. The Downtown Development Authority (a Component Unit) (DDA) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$3,920,394. Detroit Employment Solutions Corporation (a Component Unit) (DESC) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$184,248. The City's Plan of Adjustment approved in the Bankruptcy Case is its deficit elimination plan. DDA and LDFA's plan for elimination of its deficit involves the continued collection

of incremental tax revenues and payment of its debt service requirements in the upcoming years. Eastern Market Corporation's plan for elimination of its deficit involves ongoing cost containment.

The Sewage Disposal Fund (an Enterprise Fund) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$172,555,324. The Transportation Fund (an Enterprise Fund) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$34,232,212. The Water Fund (an Enterprise Fund) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$72,559,999. The Parking Fund (an Enterprise Fund) had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$11,539,044. The Airport Fund (an Other Enterprise Fund), had a deficit of unrestricted net position of \$1,724,579. As of the date of this report, the City has not yet filed deficit elimination plans with the State of Michigan related to the Transportation, Parking, and Airport Funds.

(d) Excess of Expenditures over General Fund Appropriations

The City amended the budget in a legally permissible manner in compliance with State of Michigan Public Act 2 of 1968.

The legal level of budget control is maintained at the appropriation level, which is more detailed than the budget in the Required Supplementary Information. Listed below are expenditures that exceeded their corresponding appropriation for the year ended June 30, 2014:

Agency Description	Appropriation Description	YTD Budget Final	YTD Actual	Variance		
Building and Safety Engineer	Environmental Affairs Department	\$ 304,191	\$ 338,587	\$ (34,396)		
	Administration and Licenses	(3,850)	(1,196)	(2,654)		
Finance	Targeted Business Developments	(1,119)	-	(1,119)		
Health and Wellness Promotions	Substance Abuse	(4,996)	1,463	(6,459)		
Water	Executive Office	5,024,230	5,039,419	(15,189)		
Mayor's Office	Citizen Radio Patrol	(1,127)	-	(1,127)		
	Community Access Center	6,034	6,695	(661)		
Non-Departmental	Greater Detroit Resource Recovery Authority	699	1,223	(524)		
	Claims Fund(Insurance Premium)	19,426,000	33,056,500	(13,630,500)		
	Downtown Development Authority Bonds 1997	-	1,369,400	(1,369,400)		
	Adjustments and Undistributed Costs	-	45,599,110	(45,599,110)		
	General Revenue - Non-Departmental	2,462,631	9,526,108	(7,063,477)		
	Program Management Office	(80)	-	(80)		
	800 MHZ Project Debt Service	-	34,953,272	(34,953,272)		
	Restructuring Consolidation	116,780,832	139,099,663	(22,318,831)		
Police	Civil Rights Integrity Bureau	13	56,649	(56,636)		
	Professional Accountability Bureau	(328)	-	(328)		
	Rape Counseling Unit	331,515	347,616	(16,101)		
	Support Services Bureau	19,436,509	26,429,328	(6,992,819)		
Planning & Development	Real Estate and GIS	979,123	4,501,968	(3,522,845)		
Public Lighting	Administration	1,589,671	4,645,637	(3,055,966)		
Recreation	Management	-	1,760	(1,760)		
	Development and Support	(330)	(24)	(306)		
	Recreation M anagement	640,189	738,325	(98,136)		
	Belle Isle Operations	186,788	207,165	(20,377)		
General Services Department	Ground Maintenance	5,227,094	5,551,592	(324,498)		
-	Facilities & Grounds Maintenance	11,451,334	12,440,119	(988,785)		
	Fleet Management	21,101,492	21,923,907	(822,415)		
Zoological Institute	Main Zoo Operations	(7,845)	-	(7,845)		
·	Belle Isle Activities	(35)	-	(35)		
City Council	City Legislative Functions	3,143,686	3,304,288	(160,602)		
	Council President Office	169,800	170,174	(374)		
	Council Member Office 1	22,095	23,814	(1,719)		
	Council Member Office 3	111,524	133,132	(21,608)		
	Council Member Office 8	115,205	116,786	(1,581)		
Emergency Manager	Emergency Manager	(132,935,370)	4,687,943	(137,623,313)		
Total All Agencies		\$ 75,555,575	\$354,270,423	\$ (278,714,848)		

NOTE III - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

(a) Governmental and Business-type Activities

A summary of deposits and investments of the governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Governn Activit		Business-type Activities	 Total
Demand Deposits	\$ 534,20	6,367 \$	579,470,142	\$ 1,113,676,509
U.S. Treasury Notes	7,29	3,827	_	7,293,827
U.S. Government Agency Securities	48,42	0,685	284,239,411	332,660,096
Money Market Funds			_	
Governmental Investment Pools			52,349,183	52,349,183
Certificates of Deposit			10,532	 10,532
Total	\$ 589,92	20,879_\$	916,069,268	\$ 1,505,990,147

Deposits and investments of the governmental and business-type activities at June 30, 2014 are reported in the financial statements as follows:

		Governmental		Business-type		
	-	Activities	_	Activities		Total
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	534,206,367 5 55,714,512	\$	579,470,142 336,599,126	\$	1,113,676,509 392,313,638
Total	\$	589,920,879	\$_	916,069,268	\$_	1,505,990,147

State laws authorize the City to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured financial institutions. Cash held by fiscal agents or by trustees is secured in accordance with the requirements of the agency or trust agreement.

The City is authorized by Michigan Public Act 20 of 1943 (as amended) to invest in obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies, certificates of deposit, savings and depository accounts of insured institutions, commercial paper of certain investment quality, repurchase agreements, banker acceptances, mutual funds of certain investment quality, and investment pools authorized by state law.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the bank may not return the City's deposits. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2014, the governmental and business-type activities had deposits of \$544,505,675 and \$562,409,612, respectively, of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that, over time, the value of debt investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not specifically restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The City policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring that the City attempt to match its debt investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless related to a specific cash flow, the City is generally not permitted to directly invest in debt securities maturing more than 10 years from the original date of purchase.

The City (governmental and business-type activities) had the following debt investments and maturities at June 30, 2014:

			Investme	n Years			
	_	Total Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 – 5 Years	6 – 10 Years		
Governmental Activities							
U.S. Government Agency Securities	\$	48,420,685 \$	— \$	48,420,685	\$		
U.S. Treasury Notes	_	7,293,827	7,293,827				
Total Governmental Activities	\$_	55,714,512 \$	7,293,827 \$	48,420,685	\$		
Business-type Activities							
U.S. Government Agency Securities	\$	284,239,411 \$	— \$	284,239,411	\$		
Governmental Investment Pools		52,349,183	52,349,183	_	_		
Certificates of Deposit	_	10,532		10,532			
Total Business-type Activities	\$	336,599,126 \$	52,349,183 \$	284,249,943	\$		

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the City will not recover its investments due to the inability of the counterparty to fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy complies with State law, which limits its investments in commercial paper, mutual funds, and external investment pools to the top two rating classifications issued by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs) Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Moody's Investor Service (Moody's).

The City's debt investments (governmental and business-type activities) have the following ratings at June 30, 2014 as rated by S&P or Moody's:

	_	AAA	AAAm A		AA+	 A-1	Not Rated		 Total
Governmental Activities U.S. Government Agency Securities U.S. Treasury Notes	\$	48,420,685 \$ 7,293,827		\$		\$ — \$ —	6		\$ 48,420,685 7,293,827
Total Governmental Activities	\$	55,714,512 \$		\$		\$ \$	s_		\$ 55,714,512
Business-type Activities U.S. Government Agency Securities Governmental Investment Pools Certificates of Deposit	\$	\$ 	 52,349,183 	\$	284,239,411 	\$ — \$ —	5	10,532	\$ 284,239,411 52,349,183 10,532
Total Business-type Activities	\$	\$	52,349,183	\$	284,239,411	\$ \$;	10,532	\$ 336,599,126

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy specifies a number of limitations to minimize concentration of credit risk including prohibiting investing more than 5 percent of the portfolio in securities (excluding U.S. government securities) of any one issuer. More than 5 percent of the City's debt investments are in the following: Federal Home Loan Bank (14.9 percent), Federal Farm Credit Bank (16.0 percent), and Federal National Mortgage Association (50.1 percent).

(b) Fiduciary Activities

The fiduciary activities consist of the Pension Funds (General Retirement System and Police and Fire Retirement System) and Other Employee Benefit and Agency Funds. A summary of cash and investments for fiduciary activities at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	_	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds								
		General		Police & Fire		Other				
		Retirement		Retirement		Employee				Agency
	_	System		System		Benefits		Total		Funds
Demand Deposits	\$	25,742,786	\$	52,165,913	\$	7,290,502	\$	85,199,201	\$	21,643,703
Short-Term Investments		74,423,479		82,894,855		34,951,325		192,269,659		—
Stocks		1,058,090,820		1,295,157,265		6,912,333		2,360,160,418		—
Commingled Equity Funds		84,643,123		—		—		84,643,123		—
Bonds		116,409,457		697,555,113		—		813,964,570		—
Mortgage-Backed Securities		21,970,772		63,374,032		6,780		85,351,584		—
Governmental Investment Pools		7,870,265		380,018,039		—		387,888,304		—
Equity Interest in Real Estate		211,811,951		299,951,543		—		511,763,494		—
Private Placements		322,419,977		67,792,405		1,955,305		392,167,687		
Mortgage and Construction										
Loans		99,652,517		122,456,980				222,109,497		
Real Estate Investment										
Trusts Held by Custodian	_			176,517,750		—		176,517,750	_	
Total	\$_	2,023,035,147	\$	3,237,883,895	\$	51,116,245	_\$	5,312,035,287	\$_	21,643,703

Cash and investments for fiduciary activities at June 30, 2014 are reported in the financial statements as follows:

	Pensie	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds								
	General	Police & Fire	Other							
	Retirement System	Retirement System	Employee Benefits	Total	Agency Funds					
	<u> </u>	5 ystem	Denents	10001	Fullus					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 25,742,786	- , - , 1	7,290,502 \$		21,643,703					
Investments	1,997,292,361	3,185,717,982	43,825,743	5,226,836,086						
Total	\$ 2,023,035,147	\$ 3,237,883,895 \$	51,116,245 \$	5,312,035,287 \$	21,643,703					

Pension Funds

The Pension Funds are authorized by Michigan Public Act 347 of 2012 to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate, debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles. The investment policy adopted by the board of trustees is in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 and has authorized the investments according to Michigan Public Act 347. The Pension Funds' deposits and investment policies are in accordance with this statutory authority.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

At June 30, 2014, the General Retirement System had approximately \$15.4 million in checking account balances that were uninsured and uncollateralized. At June 30, 2014, the Police and Fire Retirement System had approximately \$11.8 million in checking account balances that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Pension Funds believe that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Pension Funds evaluate each financial institution with which they deposit funds and assess the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Interest Rate Risk

The Pension Funds' investment policies do not restrict investment maturities. The Pension Funds had the following debt investments and maturities at June 30, 2014 (in \$000):

	_	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	 1-5 Years	6-10 Years	Over 10 Years
General Retirement System						
U.S. Government	\$	37,579 \$	1,521	\$ 5,121 \$	8,683 \$	22,254
Mortgage-Backed Securities		3,829	617	_	272	2,940
Treasuries		31,262	18,463	4,346	4,218	4,235
Corporate		19,000	2,155	10,043	4,816	1,986
Private Placement		20,855	5,449	3,773	2,676	8,957
State and Local Obligations		441	_	_	_	441
Commingled Bond Funds **		31,452	31,452	_	_	_
Commercial Mortgages		920	153	_	_	767
Mortgages		98,467	70,918	27,549	_	_
Construction Loans		1,186	_	1,186	_	_
Term Loans	_	2,974	922	 191	1,861	
Total	\$_	247,965 \$	131,650	\$ 52,209 \$	22,526 \$	41,580
Police & Fire Retirement System						
U.S. Government	\$	111,196 \$	4,505	\$ 44,859 \$	17,696 \$	44,136
Government Assets and						
Mortgage-Backed Securities		62,414	1,579	3,192	3,130	54,513
Treasuries		(2)	_	(5)	26	(23)
Corporate **		308,719	10,701	104,948	151,024	42,046
Private Placement		136,703	4,203	37,472	85,403	9,625
Convertible Bonds		49,777	7,912	19,237	7,283	15,345
State and Local Obligations		6,626	_	510	5,539	577
Convertible Preferred Stock		3,662	3,662	_	_	_
Construction Loans		19,000	_	19,000	—	—
M ort gages	_	103,294	88,962	 14,332		
Total	\$_	801,389 \$	121,524	\$ 243,545 \$	270,101 \$	166,219

** Not all pooled, mutual funds, corporate, and commingled bond funds are subject to interest rate risk.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Pension Funds' investment policies do not further limit their investment choices. The General Retirement System and the Police and Fire Retirement System debt investments have the following ratings at June 30, 2014 as rated by S&P and Moody's, respectively (amounts presented in \$000):

		AAA		AA		Α		BAA		BA		в		CAA & Below		Not Rated
General Retirement System	-						-									
U.S. Government	\$	35.317	¢	181	¢	260	¢		\$		\$	— \$		— \$		3,236
Treasuries	ф	3,401	φ	181	φ	200	φ		φ		Þ	— ¢	,	— ə	•	3,230
		5,401		8,148		9,025		15,452		2.846		623		866		43,941
Corporate Other Fixed Income		3,655		8,148 1,188		9,025 3,608		2,634		2,846		215		31		6,499
		5,055		1,188		5,608		2,634		195		215				,
Commingled Bond Funds Preferred Securities				_		264				101		_		_		78,435
		_		_		364		658		191		_		_		00 467
Mortgages		_								_						98,467
Construction Loans	-				-	_	_	_			_				_	1,186
Total	\$	47,720	\$	9,517	\$	13,257	\$_	18,744	\$	3,832	\$	838 \$		897 \$		231,764
Police & Fire Retirement System																
Government Fixed Income	\$	144,220	\$	3,170	\$	404	\$		\$	_ 5	\$	— \$;	— \$;	9,632
Government Assets and																
Mortgage-Backed Securities																
Corporate Fixed Income		8,838		17,259		54,153		116,643		35,903		63,190		14,583		17,985
Private Placements		2,359		4,365		9,722		16,744		25,768		55,758		14,077		11,105
Convertible Bonds		· —		_		3,270		3,567		706		1,893				23,481
Future Contracts		_		_		· _		· _		_				_		(1)
Convertible Preferred Stock		_		_		_		2,282		421		_		_		5,772
Preferred Securities		_		_		_		558		_		55				4,008
Convertible Private Placements		_		_		_		_		_		725		_		9,348
Mortgages		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	1	103,294
Construction Loans	_			_	_		_	_			_					19,000
Total	\$	155,417	\$	24,794	\$	67,549	\$	139,794	\$	62,798	\$	121,621 \$		28,660 \$	2	203,624

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the City's investment policy do not permit investments in foreign currency. However, the General Retirement System and Police and Fire Retirement System (Pension Funds) do not restrict the amount of investments in foreign currency.

The foreign currency risk for cash and investments of the Pension Funds at June 30, 2014 is as follows (in \$000):

		General Reti	rement Sys	tem	Pol	lice and Fire Re	tirement S	it System		
	Fixed Income	Equity	Cash	Forward Contracts	Equity	Forward Contracts Unrealized Gain (Loss)	Cash	Net Other Investment Receivable/ (Payable)		
Australian Dollar	\$ 2,811	\$ _ \$	57\$	(1,365) \$	4,939	\$ 7,392 \$	52 \$	(358)		
Brazilian Real	617			472	539	_	3			
British Pound Sterling	1,248	_	565	(214)	42,781	8,093	621	(198)		
Canadian Dollar	107	_	1	(107)	10,157	3,214	54	_		
Chilean Peso		_	_	2,147	_	_		_		
Danish Krone		_	_		1,768	1,715	17	_		
Euro Currency	4,022	_	(103)	(3,874)	82,233	(13,738)	2,350	(413)		
Hong Kong Dollar		_	_	_	13,189	(1,212)	33	(203)		
Hungarian Forint	1,072	_	_		_	_	_	_		
Indian Rupee		_		1,117	1,159	_				
Israeli Shekel		_				602	3			
Japanese Yen		_			65,600	(19,084)	465			
Malaysian Ringgit	561	_			300	_	_			
Mexican Nuevo Peso	3,382	_	_		_	_	_	_		
New Taiwan Dollar		_			546	_				
New Turkish Lira		_		362	307	_				
New Zealand Dollar	773	_		(704)	_	_				
Norwegian Krone		_		_	7,092	(480)	51	47		
Philippines Peso		_	_		_	_	8	_		
Polish Zloty	1,277	_	15	(1,108)	_	_	_	_		
Russian New Ruble		_	_	_	658	_	46	_		
Singapore Dollar		_	_		269	1,704	14	_		
South African Rand	740	_	_	_	1,054	_	9	_		
South Korean Won	1,233	_	_	_	3,455	_	11	_		
Swedish Krona		_	_		2,877	3,620	17	_		
Swiss Franc					26,782	(3,267)	277	142		
Total	\$ 17,843	<u>\$ </u>	§ <u> </u>	(3,274) \$	265,705	\$ (11,441) \$	4,031 \$	(983)		

Securities Lending

As permitted by State statues and under the provisions of a securities lending authorization agreement, the Pension Funds lend securities to broker-dealers and banks for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The Pension Funds' custodial bank manages the securities lending program and receives cash, government securities, or irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. The custodial banks do not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults. Borrowers are required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 102 percent of the market value of the loaned securities. At June 30, 2014, the collateral provided for the General Retirement System and the Police and Fire Retirement System was 102.00 percent and 102.17 percent of the market value of the loaned securities, respectively.

The Pension Funds did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of loans made on its behalf by the custodial bank. There were no failures by any borrowers to return loaned securities or pay distributions thereon during the fiscal year. Moreover, there were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a default of the borrowers or custodial bank.

The Pension Funds and the borrower maintain the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. The cash collateral received on each loan was invested together with the cash collateral of other lenders in an investment pool. The average duration of this investment pool at June 30, 2014 was five and six days for the General Retirement System and the Police and Fire Retirement System, respectively. Because the loans are terminable on demand, their duration did not generally match the duration of the investments made with cash collateral.

The collateral held and the fair market value of the underlying securities on loan for the General Retirement System at June 30, 2014 was \$35,241,386 and \$34,458,938, respectively. The collateral held and the fair value of the underlying securities on loan for the Police and Fire Retirement System at June 30, 2014 was \$87,552,210 and \$85,691,007, respectively.

	_	Underlyir	ng S	Securities
	_	General Retirement		Police and Fire Retirement
Securities Lent		System	_	System
U.S. Government and Agencies	\$	5,327,272	\$	1,642,663
U.S. Corporates		—		11,215,901
U.S. Equities		28,037,373		69,558,862
Non-U.S. Fixed Income		444,409		
Non-U.S. Equities	-	649,884	-	3,273,581
Total	\$	34,458,938	\$	85,691,007

At June 30, 2014, the fair value of the collateral pool related to securities lending for the General Retirement System and the Police and Fire Retirement System was \$30,949,483 and \$79,546,235, respectively. The collateral was invested in agencies, asset-backed securities, notes (floating rate), money funds, repurchase agreements, and U.S. corporate securities (floating rate). Approximately 84 percent of the General Retirement System securities had a duration less than one year and 16 percent had a duration over 15 years. Approximately 88 percent of the Police and Fire Retirement System securities had a duration less than one year and 12 percent had a duration over 15 years.

The credit ratings of the securities lending collateral pool held at June 30, 2014 as rated by S&P are as follows:

Ratings	General Retirement System	Police and Fire Retirement System
B		\$ 439,538
CCC	3,579,610	9,206,816
D	1,496,155	
Not Rated	25,873,718	69,899,881
Total	\$ 30,949,483	\$ 79,546,235

Other Employee Benefits and Agency Trust Funds

State laws authorize the City to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured financial institutions. Cash held by fiscal agents or by trustees is secured in accordance with the requirements of the agency or trust agreement. The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies, certificates of deposit, savings and depository accounts of insured institutions, commercial paper of certain investment quality, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, mutual funds of certain investment quality, and investment pools authorized by State law.

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2014, the Other Employee Benefit and Agency Trust Funds had deposits of \$8,316,465 that were exposed to custodial credit risk as they were uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy does not specifically restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The City's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring that the Fund attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Unless related to a specific cash flow, the City is generally not permitted to directly invest in securities maturing more than 10 years from the original date of purchase.

The Other Employee Benefit Trust Fund had the following debt investments and maturities at June 30, 2014:

			Investment Maturities in Years						
		Total Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1	– 5 Years	6	5 – 10 Years	> 10 Year	rs
U.S. Government Agency Securities	\$	6,780 \$	_	\$		\$	\$	6,780	0
Mutual Funds	_	20,455,994				_	18,018,045	2,437,949	9
Total	\$	20,462,774 \$		\$	_	\$_	18,018,045 \$	2,444,729	9

Credit Risk

The City's investment policy complies with State law that limits its investments in commercial paper, mutual funds, and external investment pools which purchase commercial paper to the top two rating classifications issued by two NRSROs.

The Other Employee Benefit and Agency Trust Funds' debt investments have the following credit quality ratings at June 30, 2014 as rated by S&P or Moody's:

	Not Rated
U.S. Government Agency Securities	\$ 6,780
Mutual Funds	20,455,994
Total	\$ 20,462,774

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's policy specifies a number of limitations to minimize concentration of credit risk including prohibiting investing more than 5 percent of the portfolio in securities (excluding U.S. government, mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments) of any one issuer. There were no investments of more than 5 percent of the total debt investments of Other Employee Benefit and Agency Trust Funds.

NOTE IV - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

(a) Balances Due from/to Other Funds

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between the City funds for goods provided and services rendered and for the reimbursement of expenditures. Related interfund receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" and "due to other funds" on the balance sheet and statement of net position and will be settled within one year.

		Due From											
Due To		General Fund	GRSSC Fund	PFRSSC Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Sewage Disposal Fund	Transpor- tation Fund						
GeneralFund	\$	— \$	— \$	— 5	\$ 7,695,446 \$	— \$	303,985						
GRSSC Fund		36,123,493	_	_	_	_	_						
PFRSSC Fund		49,459,580	_	_	_	_	_						
Non-Major Governmental Funds		74,559,524	_	_	2,043,446	_	2,272						
Sewage DisposalFund		7,435,471	_	_	_	_	_						
Transportation Fund		12,182,487	_	_	_	_	_						
Water Fund		931,698	_	_	_	22,743,136	_						
Automobile Parking Fund		898,170	_	_	168,592	_	_						
Non-Major Proprietary Fund		25,315	_	_	_	_	_						
Fiduciary Funds (1)	_	32,167,402			204	1,365,525	1,032,831						
Liabilities Total	\$ =	213,783,140 \$	\$	\$	\$ 9,907,688 \$	24,108,661 \$	1,339,088						

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

				Due From		
	_	Wate r Fund	Automobile Parking Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Fund	Fiduciary Funds	Assets Total
GeneralFund	\$	— \$	2,100,338 \$	629,451 \$	2,538,863 \$	13,268,083
GRSSC Fund			_		_	36,123,493
PFRSSC Fund		_		_	_	49,459,580
Other Governmental Funds		_	33,793	6,495	652,824	77,298,354
Sewage Disposal Fund		_	_	_	1,639,051	9,074,522
Trans portation Fund		_	_	_	2,554,411	14,736,898
Water Fund		_	_	_	1,576,152	25,250,986
Automobile Parking Fund		_	_	50	34,314	1,101,126
Non-Major Proprietary Fund		_	_	_	_	25,315
Fiduciary Funds (1)		1,919,469	693,545	368,435		37,547,411
Liabilities Total	\$	1,919,469 \$	2,827,676 \$	1,004,431 \$	8,995,615 \$	263,885,768

(1) This interfund payable primarily represents employer contributions that are due to the Employee Benefit Trust Funds at year end.

(b) Transfers

During the course of the fiscal year, transactions occur between the City's funds for operating subsidies. Related interfund receipts and disbursements are classified as "transfers in" and "transfers out" on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position. The transfers are routine and consistent with the activities of the fund. Transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Transfers Out										
Transfers In		General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total							
General Fund	\$	— \$	9,010,944 \$	9,010,944							
General Retirement System Service Corporation		37,837,461	—	37,837,461							
Police and Fire System Service Corporation		51,806,311	_	51,806,311							
Non-Major Governmental Funds			11,115,472	11,115,472							
Transportation Fund		57,209,128	_	57,209,128							
Automobile Parking Fund		4,050,006	—	4,050,006							
Non-Major Proprietary Fund		18,173,589		18,173,589							
Total	\$	169,076,495 \$	20,126,416 \$	189,202,911							

The General Fund transferred \$169.1 million to other funds. The largest transfer from the General Fund was made to the Transportation Fund for \$57.2 million to maintain bus operations. The General Fund also transferred a combined \$89.6 million to the City's Retirement System Service Corporations for interest payments on the Pension Obligation Certificates. Of the \$89.6 million, \$85.6 million has been recorded as an interfund receivable in these service funds as of June 30, 2014.

The Non-Major Governmental Funds transferred \$20.1 million to other funds; the Major Street Fund transferred \$8.1 million to the Local Street Fund and \$9.0 million to the General Fund.

NOTE V - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

	_	Balance June 30, 2013 Additions		Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014	
Governmental Activities						
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Land	\$	412,818,037	\$	— \$	— \$	412,818,037
Works of Art		29,804,733		_		29,804,733
Construction in Progress	-	66,345,844		24,216,235	(66,191,804)	24,370,275
Total Non-Depreciable						
Capital Assets	_	508,968,614		24,216,235	(66,191,804)	466,993,045
Depreciable Capital Assets:						
Buildings and Improvements		1,135,110,212		69,328,706		1,204,438,918
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures		601,395,082		4,596,292	(2,221,729)	603,769,645
Infrastructure	-	1,097,998,327		49,379,874		1,147,378,201
Total Depreciable						
Capital Assets	_	2,834,503,621		123,304,872	(2,221,729)	2,955,586,764
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements		508,222,334		29,143,080		537,365,414
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures		529,986,315		25,364,228	(1,862,506)	553,488,037
Infrastructure	_	793,446,929		27,608,299		821,055,228
Total Accumulated						
Depreciation	_	1,831,655,578		82,115,607	(1,862,506)	1,911,908,679
Total Governmental Activities	_					
Capital Assets, Net	\$_	1,511,816,657	\$	65,405,500 \$	(66,551,027) \$	1,510,671,130

Depreciation expense for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2014 was charged to functions as follows:

Public Protection	\$ 12,168,690
Health	500,222
Recreation and Culture	13,710,009
Economic Development	6,893,100
Housing Supply and Conditions	529,540
Physical Environment	12,513,038
Transportation Facilitation	21,426,323
Development and Management	14,374,685
Total	\$ 82,115,607

	Balance June 30, 2		Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities					
Sewage Disposal Fund:					
Non-Depreciable Assets:					
Land and Land Rights	\$ 13,369	,777 \$	24,557,065 \$	— \$	37,926,842
Construction in Progress	211,789	,383	102,987,773	(62,853,650)	251,923,506
Total Non-Depreciable					
Capital Assets	225,159	,160	127,544,838	(62,853,650)	289,850,348
Depreciable Assets:					
Land Improvements	75,477	,901	1,351,192	—	76,829,093
Buildings and Structures	2,104,024		35,430,375	(23,992,302)	2,115,462,929
Interceptors and Regulators	207,261			(1,511,511)	205,749,861
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	1,697,620	,776	19,407,300	(4,123,732)	1,712,904,344
Total Depreciable					
Capital Assets	4,084,384	,905	56,188,867	(29,627,545)	4,110,946,227
Total Capital Assets	4,309,544	,065	183,733,705	(92,481,195)	4,400,796,575
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Land Improvements	21,449		1,111,266	—	22,561,166
Buildings and Structures	615,834		43,511,517	—	659,345,873
Interceptors and Regulators	70,678		2,195,983	—	72,874,922
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	740,324	,214	71,590,259	(3,894,699)	808,019,774
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	1,448,287	,409	118,409,025	(3,894,699)	1,562,801,735
Total Sewage Disposal Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,861,256	,656_\$	65,324,680 \$	(88,586,496) \$	2,837,994,840
Transmostation Fronds					
<i>Transportation Fund:</i> Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Land and Land Rights	\$ 7,578	,462 \$	— \$	— \$	7,578,462
Construction in Progress	1,316		1,057,624	(566,088)	1,808,177
Total Non-Depreciable					
Capital Assets	8,895	,103	1,057,624	(566,088)	9,386,639
Depreciable Capital Assets:					
Buildings and Structures	150,858	,601	74,910	_	150,933,511
Vehicle and Buses	146,071	582	640,958	(7,688,550)	139,023,990
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	49,900	,963	567,869	(169,274)	50,299,558
Total Depreciable					
Capital Assets	346,831	,146	1,283,737	(7,857,824)	340,257,059
Total Capital Assets	355,726	,249	2,341,361	(8,423,912)	349,643,698
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Structures	58,725	,934	3,113,946	_	61,839,880
Vehicle and Buses	96,615		9,592,508	(6,430,384)	99,777,731
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	34,053	,798	3,573,787	(167,622)	37,459,963
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	189,395	,339	16,280,241	(6,598,006)	199,077,574
Total Transportation Fund					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 166,330	,910 \$	(13,938,880) \$	(1,825,906) \$	150,566,124

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities				
Water Fund:				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land and Land Rights \$	6,466,486 \$	2,405,879 \$	— \$	8,872,365
Construction in Progress	159,078,519	40,039,627	(76,703,042)	122,415,104
Total Non-Depreciable				
Capital Assets	165,545,005	42,445,506	(76,703,042)	131,287,469
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	101,297,526	_		101,297,526
Buildings and Structures	806,692,081	7,808,775	(2,522,818)	811,978,038
Mains	1,007,719,701	25,630,524	_	1,033,350,225
Services	51,838,576	_		51,838,576
Meters	123,838,698	975,650	_	124,814,348
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	1,060,563,086	15,521,549	(3,625,242)	1,072,459,393
Total Depreciable				
Capital Assets	3,151,949,668	49,936,498	(6,148,060)	3,195,738,106
Total Capital Assets	3,317,494,673	92,382,004	(82,851,102)	3,327,025,575
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	18,078,621	1,449,486	—	19,528,107
Buildings and Structures	301,810,957	17,466,071		319,277,028
Mains	351,717,401	14,366,119	_	366,083,520
Services	27,478,328	625,924	_	28,104,252
Meters	49,809,346	5,042,224	—	54,851,570
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	484,967,639	46,076,184	(3,506,715)	527,537,108
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	1,233,862,292	85,026,008	(3,506,715)	1,315,381,585
Total Water Fund				
Capital Assets, Net \$	2,083,632,381 \$	7,355,996 \$	(79,344,387) \$	2,011,643,990

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities				
Automobile Parking Fund:				
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land and Land Rights \$	4,967,313 \$	— \$	— \$	4,967,313
Construction in Progress	445,679	898,524	(1,344,203)	
Total Non-Depreciable				
Capital Assets	5,412,992	898,524	(1,344,203)	4,967,313
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land Improvements	214,908	_	_	214,908
Buildings and Structures	200,066,403	_		200,066,403
Vehicles and Buses	1,254,151	_	_	1,254,151
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	3,608,421	1,344,203		4,952,624
Total Depreciable				
Capital Assets	205,143,883	1,344,203		206,488,086
Total Capital Assets	210,556,875	2,242,727	(1,344,203)	211,455,399
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land Improvements	198,455	3,143		201,598
Buildings and Structures	135,403,815	2,807,914		138,211,729
Vehicles and Buses	1,182,093	35,473		1,217,566
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	2,695,363	184,613		2,879,976
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	139,479,726	3,031,143		142,510,869
Total Automobile Parking Fund				
Capital Assets, Net \$	71,077,149 \$	(788,416) \$	(1,344,203) \$	68,944,530

	Balance June 30, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities				
Other Proprietary Funds:				
Airport Fund: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Land and Land Rights Construction in Progress	\$	\$	\$	\$ 17,349,458
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	17,461,958			17,461,958
Depreciable Capital Assets: Land Improvements Buildings and Structures Vehicle and Buses Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	8,020,718 5,853,773 1,326,693 1,825,327			8,020,718 5,853,773 1,326,693 1,825,327
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	17,026,511			17,026,511
Total Capital Assets	34,488,469			34,488,469
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Land Improvements Buildings and Structures Vehicle and Buses M achinery, Equipment, and Fixtures	7,720,718 5,221,969 1,326,693 1,550,762	40,000 52,647 37,605		7,760,718 5,274,616 1,326,693 1,588,367
Total Accumulated Depreciation	15,820,142	130,252		15,950,394
Total Airport Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$18,668,327	\$ (130,252)	\$	\$ 18,538,075
Public Lighting Authority: Non-Depreciable Capital Assets: Construction in Progress	\$ <u> </u>	\$19,190,049	\$ <u> </u>	\$19,190,049
Depreciable Capital Assets: Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures		42,081		42,081
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures		5,050		5,050
Total Public Lighting Authority Fund Capital Assets, Net		19,227,080		19,227,080
Total Other Proprietary Fund Capital Assets, Net	\$18,668,327	\$19,096,828	\$	\$37,765,155

In addition to the art capitalized above, as of June 30, 2014, the City of Detroit held title to a significant collection of art that has not been recorded as capital assets. The collection is held for public exhibition rather than financial gain. Currently, the Founders Society Detroit Institute of Arts (the "DIA") cares for and preserves the collection. Most of the items in the collection were donated to the City many years ago. The City has not allocated new funds for the acquisition of art in recent years. As part of the agreement between the City and the DIA, any funds received from disposition of works of art in the City art collection are used solely to purchase other works of art for the City art collection.

See Note XII (f) for discussion of commitments related to construction activities.

NOTE VI. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2014, short-term notes payable consisted of Local Government Loan Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2013D of \$60,000,000 issued by the PLA with a variable interest rate of the lesser of LIBOR, adjusted for a margin, or 12 percent. The bonds were used for purposes of conducting PLA's operations and financing the improvement of the City's public lighting system.

Changes in short-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	-	Balance June 30, 2013	Increase	 Decrease	Balance June 30, 2014
Loan Program Revenue Bonds	\$	\$	60,000,000	\$ \$	60,000,000
Total	\$	\$	60,000,000	\$ \$	60,000,000

NOTE VII. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

(a) Changes in Long-Term Obligations

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2013	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds Notes Payable Loans Payable	\$ 1,003,936,968 \$ 88,310,000 37,820,074	120,000,000 \$	(81,625,000) \$ (3,126,000) (1,126,910)	1,042,311,968 \$ 85,184,000 36,693,164	72,674,422 3,384,000 1,127,467
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable	1,130,067,042	120,000,000	(85,877,910)	1,164,189,132	77,185,889
Add: Unamortized Premiums	20,882,155		(2,231,146)	18,651,009	
Total Bonds, Notes, and Loans Payable,	1 150 040 107	120 000 000	(00.100.050)	1 100 040 141	77 105 000
Net	1,150,949,197	120,000,000	(88,109,056)	1,182,840,141	77,185,889
Pension Obligation Certificates Payable	1,161,502,719		(24,099,015)	1,137,403,704	27,049,913
Total Pension Obligation Certificates Payable, Net	1,161,502,719	_	(24,099,015)	1,137,403,704	27,049,913
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Accrued Compensated					
Absences Accrued Workers'	66,500,292	31,839,087	(34,743,059)	63,596,320	34,743,059
Compensation	61,849,000	8,496,552	(1,169,552)	69,176,000	8,626,000
Claims and Judgments	54,499,463	628,806	(6,494,705)	48,633,564	628,806
Accrued Pollution Remediation Accrued Other	156,765	—	(105,500)	51,265	51,265
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	766,985,393	80,904	(753,033,356)	14,032,941	13,082,859
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	949,990,913	41,045,349	(795,546,172)	195,490,090	57,131,989
Total Governmental					
Activities	\$ 3,262,442,829 \$	161,045,349 \$	(907,754,243) \$	2,515,733,935 \$	161,367,791

	Balance June 30, 2013	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Sewage Disposal Fund:					
Revenue Bonds Payable Capital Appreciation Bonds Discount on Capital	\$ 2,763,065,000 \$ 80,250,000	— \$ —	(34,755,000) \$ (7,700,000)	2,728,310,000 \$ 72,550,000	41,665,000 8,395,000
Appreciation Bonds State Revolving Loans	(18,820,684) 482,872,027	12,705,851	3,528,456 (35,790,000)	(15,292,228) 459,787,878	36,435,000
Total Revenue Bonds Payable	3,307,366,343	12,705,851	(74,716,544)	3,245,355,650	86,495,000
Add: Unamortized Premiums Less: Unamortized Discounts	110,513,465 (2,579,971)	—	(10,057,289) 2,579,971	100,456,176	—
Total Revenue Bonds	2 415 200 027	10 705 051	(00.100.000)	2 245 911 926	0.5 40.5 000
Payable, Net	3,415,299,837	12,705,851	(82,193,862)	3,345,811,826	86,495,000
Pension Obligation Certificates Payable	87,662,151	_	(1,818,721)	85,843,430	2,041,421
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Accrued Compensated	1 104 070	5 102 412	(1.552.440)	4 742 042	1565 150
Absences Accrued Workers'	1,194,979	5,102,413	(1,553,449)	4,743,943	1,565,150
Compensation	3,293,000	990,029	(591,029)	3,692,000	507,000
Claims and Judgments	190,000	2,514,958	—	2,704,958	1,527,458
Other Accrued Liabilities Accrued Other	12,166,071	19,054,722	_	31,220,793	16,003,280
Postemployment Benefits	70,445,095	17,437	(69,096,861)	1,365,671	1,111,555
Total Other Long-Term Liabilitie	s 87,289,145	27,679,559	(71,241,339)	43,727,365	20,714,443
Total Sewage Disposal Fund	\$ <u>3,590,251,133</u> \$	40,385,410 \$	(155,253,922) \$	3,475,382,621 \$	109,250,864
Transportation Fund:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 5,458,032 \$	— \$	— \$	5,458,032 \$	2,660,578
Pension Obligation Certificates Payable	102,281,745	_	(2,122,286)	100,159,459	2,382,157
Other Long-Term Liabilities: Capital Leases Payable Accrued Compensated	8,243,938	_	(8,243,938)	_	_
Absences	3,436,935	2,778,457	(3,013,426)	3,201,966	3,013,426
Accrued Workers' Compensation Accrued Other	4,302,693	519,562	(1,853,276)	2,968,979	786,262
Postemploy ment Benefits	86,090,281	22,846	(84,309,404)	1,803,723	1,508,954
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	102,073,847	3,320,865	(97,420,044)	7,974,668	5,308,642
Total Transportation Fund	\$ <u>209,813,624</u> \$	3,320,865 \$	(99,542,330) \$	113,592,159 \$	10,351,377

	Balance June 30, 2013	Increase	Decrease	Balance June 30, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities					
Water Fund:					
Revenue Bonds Payable	\$ 2,524,775,000 \$	— \$	(39,850,000) \$	2,484,925,000 \$	51,785,000
State Revolving Loans	21,453,761		(1,330,000)	20,123,761	1,355,000
Total Revenue					
Bonds Payable	2,546,228,761	—	(41,180,000)	2,505,048,761	53,140,000
Add: Unamortized Premiums	55,083,232	_	(3,375,733)	51,707,499	
Less: Unamortized Discounts	(3,632,420)		209,100	(3,423,320)	
Total Revenue Bonds					
Payable, Net	2,597,679,573		(44,346,633)	2,553,332,940	53,140,000
Pension Obligation Certificates					
Payable	77,353,384	—	(1,604,980)	75,748,404	1,801,509
Other Long-Term Liabilities:					
Accrued Compensated					
Absences	10,622,865	1,315,988	(5,981,989)	5,956,864	1,965,415
Accrued Workers'					
Compensation	9,590,000	2,867,141	(1,761,141)	10,696,000	1,358,000
Claims and Judgments	243,986	1,749,573	(8,736)	1,984,823	1,129,823
Other Accrued Liabilities	8,175,986	8,166,309	_	16,342,295	9,820,504
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	70,552,075	25,524	(68,536,617)	2,040,982	1,782,195
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	99,184,912	14,124,535	(76,288,483)	37,020,964	16,055,937
Total Water Fund	\$ <u>2,774,217,869</u> \$	14,124,535 \$	(122,240,096) \$	2,666,102,308 \$	70,997,446

Pusings two Astivities		
Business-type Activities		
Automobile Parking Fund:		
Revenue Bonds Pay able \$ 9,300,000 \$ — \$ (9,300,000) \$	— \$	—
Less:		
Unamortized Discounts (175,226) — 175,226		
Total Revenue Bonds		
Payable, Net 9,124,774 — (9,124,774)		
Other Long-Term Liabilities:		
Advances from Other Funds 4.050.006 — (4.050.006)	_	_
Accrued Compensated		
Absences 179,633 367,771 (394,248)	153,156	76,578
Accrued Workers'		
Compensation 597,000 78,933 (8,933)	667,000	84,000
Claims and Judgments 113,997 60,000 (71,997)	102,000	—
Accrued Other		
Postemploy ment Benefits 2,372,228 55,036 (2,372,229)	55,035	48,137
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities 7,312,864 561,740 (6,897,413)	977,191	208,715
Total Automobile		
Parking Fund \$ 16,437,638 \$ 561,740 \$ (16,022,187) \$	977,191 \$	208,715
Other Proprietary Fund:		
Accrued Compensated		
Absences \$ 17.349 \$ 15.967 \$ (14.238) \$	19,078 \$	19,078
Accrued Workers'		
Compensation 81,000 7,000 —	88,000	88,000
Claims and Judgments 2,000 184,800 —	186,800	_
Accrued Other		
Postemployment Benefits 48,276 117 (39,374)	9,019	6,967
Total Other		
Proprietary Fund \$ 148,625 \$ 207,884 \$ (53,612) \$	302,897 \$	114,045

(b) General Obligation Bonds

Governmental Activities

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. General obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and unlimited taxing power of the City. The debt for governmental activities will be retired by future property tax levies and other resources accumulated in the General Fund and the Debt Service (other governmental) Fund to the extent not otherwise adjusted and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed in the Bankruptcy Case. The debt for business-type activities (i.e., Transportation Fund) will be retired by revenues from those operations or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies to the extent not otherwise adjusted and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed by revenues from those operations or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies to the extent not otherwise adjusted and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment not otherwise adjusted and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed in the Sankruptcy Case.

On April 8, 2014, the City issued \$120.0 million of State of Michigan Financial Recovery Bonds, Series 2014. The proceeds are being used to enhance City services to improve the quality of life of the City's citizens. Planned uses include public safety improvements including purchasing new police cars, hiring new police officers, upgrading technology and equipment, and blight removal. The maturity date of the bonds was the earliest of (a) the date that is two years and six months after the closing date; (b) the effective date of the confirmed plan of adjustment filed in the Bankruptcy Case (i.e., December 10, 2014); (c) the acceleration of the bonds under the revised bond documents; and (d) dismissal of the Bankruptcy Case.

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds

The following is a schedule of general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014:

-	Bond Date	 Amount Issued	Range of Interest Rates	Maturity Date		Balance June 30, 2014	_
Governmental Activities							
General Obligation Bonds -							
Unlimited Tax:							
Series 1999-A	4-1-99	\$ 28,020,000	5.00 to 5.25%	4/1/15-19	\$	15,765,000	b
Series 2001-A(1)	7-15-01	83,200,000	5.0 to 5.375	4/1/15-21		74,800,000	b
Series 2002	8-2-02	29,205,000	5.125	4/1/21-22		6,645,000	b
Series 2003-A	10-21-03	34,380,000	4.00 to 5.25	4/1/15-23		31,675,000	b
Series 2004-A(1)	9-9-04	39,270,000	4.25 to 5.25	4/1/19-24		39,270,000	b
Series 2004-B(1)	9-9-04	29,365,000	4.00 to 5.25	4/1/15-18		29,365,000	b
Series 2004-B(2)	9-9-04	17,270,000	5.24	4/1/15-18		575,000	
Series 2005-B	12-1-05	13,840,000	5.00	4/1/15-16		4,695,000	
Series 2005-B	12-1-05	37,920,000	4.30 to 5.00	4/1/17-25		37,920,000	b
Series 2005-C	12-1-05	20,010,000	5.00	4/1/15-16		4,730,000	
Series 2005-C	12-1-05	10,795,000	4.30 to 5.25	4/1/17-20		10,795,000	b
Series 2008-A	6-9-08	15,120,000	4.00 to 5.00	4/1/15-18		12,385,000	
Series 2008-A	6-9-08	43,510,000	5.00	4/1/19-28		43,510,000	b
Series 2008-B(1)	6-9-08	66,475,000	5.00	4/1/15-18		18,780,000	
Series 2010-E	12-16-10	100,000,000	5.129 to 8.369	11/1/14-35	_	100,000,000	b
Total General Obligation							
Bonds - Unlimited Tax					\$_	430,910,000	=

	Bond Date	Amount Issued	Range of Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Balance June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities (continued)					
General Obligation Bonds - Limited Tax:					
Self-Insurance Bonds:					
Series 2012C	8-23-12	129,520,000	3.00 to 5.00	11/1/14-32	\$ 129,520,000
General Obligation:					
Series 2005-A(1)	6-29-05	21,325,000	4.53	4/1/2015	3,950,000
Series 2005-A(1)	6-29-05	52,175,000	4.61 to 5.15	4/1/16-25	52,175,000 b
Series 2005-A(2)	6-29-05	4,055,000	4.00	4/1/2015	745,000
Series 2005-A(2)	6-29-05	9,475,000	4.00 to 5.00	4/1/16-25	9,475,000 b
Series 2005-B	6-29-05	4,845,000	5.00	4/1/2015	1,000,000
Series 2005-B	6-29-05	6,940,000	5.00	4/1/16-21	6,940,000 b
Series 2008-A(1)	6-9-08	43,443,278	5.00	4/1/15-16	37,806,968
Series 2014 - QOL Financial Recovery	4-8-14	120,000,000	LIBOR + 0.26	10/7/2016	120,000,000
Distributable State Aid 2010	3-18-10	249,790,000	4.25 to 5.25	11/1/14-35	249,790,000
Total General Obligation Bonds - Limited Tax					611,401,968
Total General Obligation Bonds					\$ <u>1,042,311,968</u>
Business-type Activities					
Transportation Fund:					
General Obligation Bonds - Limited Tax:					
Series 2008-A(1)	6-9-08	6,271,722	5.00%	4/1/15-16	\$ 5,458,032

a - Indicates interest rates are reset periodically at the stated market interest rates.

b - Indicates bonds are callable under terms specified in the indenture; all other bonds are noncallable.

(c) Revenue Bonds

Sewage Disposal Fund

The Sewage Disposal Fund has pledged specific revenue streams to secure the repayment of the revenue bonds and State of Michigan revolving fund loans. The bonds and loans are paid solely from the net revenues of the Sewage Disposal System. A summary of the pledged revenue and the applicable debt as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Bonds	Types of Revenue Pledged	General Purpose for Debt	Term of Pledged Commitment	Remaining Principal and Interest	Principal and Interest for the Year Ended June 30, 2014	Net Pledged Revenue Recognized for the Year Ended June 30, 2014	Proportion of Pledged Revenue Collected
Revenue Bonds and State of Michigan Revolving Fund Loans	All Sewage Disposal Fund operating revenue	Funding of various waste water treatment and collection capital improvements, refund certain sewage disposal revenue bonds, pay termination amounts for interest rate swap agreements, and funding reserve requirements.	Through 2040	\$ 5,488,185,412	\$ 229,611,135	\$ 273,877,114	119.3%

The fund has approximately \$292 million in restricted cash and investments related to various bond indentures as of June 30, 2014.

Water Fund

The Water Fund has pledged specific revenue streams to secure the repayment of the revenue bonds and State of Michigan revolving fund loans. The bonds and loans are paid solely from the net revenues of the Water Supply System. A summary of the pledged revenue and the applicable debt as of June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Bonds	Types of Revenue Pledged	General Purpose for Debt	Term of Pledged Commitment	:	Remaining Principal and Interest	հ	Principal and iterest for the Year Ended June 30, 2014	R th	Net Pledged Revenue ecognized for te Year Ended fune 30, 2014	Proportion of Pledged Revenue Collected
Revenue Bonds and State of Michigan Revolving Fund Loans	All Water Fund operating revenue	Funding of various waste water treatment and collection capital improvements, refund certain water revenue bonds, pay termination amounts for interest rate swap agreements, and funding reserve requirements	Through 2042	\$	4,510,976,358	\$	182,464,867	\$	212,022,819	116.2%

The fund has approximately \$311 million in restricted cash and investments related to various bond indentures as of June 30, 2014.

Schedule of Revenue Bonds

The following is a schedule of revenue bonds (including capital appreciation bonds and state revolving loans) outstanding at June 30, 2014:

	Bond		Amount	Range of Interest	Maturity	Balance	
Business-type Activities	Date		Issued	Rates	Date	June 30, 2014	-
Sewage Disposal Fund:							
Sewage Disposal System Revenu	ue Bonds:						
Series 1998-A	12-14-06	\$	18,540,000	5.50 %	7/1/14-17 \$	13,535,000	
Series 1998-A	12-14-06		49,075,000	5.25	7/1/18-23	49,075,000	b
Series 1998-B	12-14-06		18,750,000	5.50	7/1/14-17	13,395,000	
Series 1998-B	12-14-06		48,770,000	5.25	7/1/18-23	48,770,000	b
Series 1999-A (* *)	12-1-99		33,510,118	0.00	7/1/14-21	57,257,772	
Series 2001-B	9-15-01		110,550,000	5.50	7/1/23-29	110,550,000	
Series 2001-C (1)	6-17-09		6,360,000	5.25	7/1/14-19	3,865,000	
Series 2001-C (1)	6-17-09		148,510,000	6.50 to 7.00	7/1/20-27	148,510,000	b
Series 2001-C (2)	5-8-08		3,275,000	4.00	7/1/14-18	1,725,000	
Series 2001-C (2)	5-8-08		119,630,000	4.00 to 5.25	7/1/19-29	119,630,000	b
Series 2001-D	10-23-01		92,450,000	Variable (a)	7/1/32	21,300,000	b
Series 2001-E	5-7-08		136,150,000	5.75	7/1/24-31	136,150,000	b
Series 2003-A	5-22-03		55,395,000	3.50 to 5.50	7/1/14-18	55,395,000	
Series 2003-A	5-22-03		543,985,000	3.40 to 5.00	7/1/14-32	128,940,000	b
Series 2003-B	6-17-09		150,000,000	7.50	7/1/32-33	150,000,000	b
Series 2004-A	2-12-04		101,435,000	5.00 to 5.25	7/1/14-24	60,795,000	
Series 2005-A	3-17-05		3,765,000	3.50 to 3.70	7/1/14-15	1,115,000	
Series 2005-A	3-17-05		269,590,000	3.75 to 5.125	7/1/16-35	236,770,000	b
Series 2005-B	3-17-05		40,215,000	5.00 to 5.50	7/1/14-22	37,195,000	
Series 2005-C	4-5-05		22,065,000	5.00	7/1/14-15	8,485,000	
Series 2005-C	4-5-05		41,095,000	5.00	7/1/16-25	41,095,000	b
Series 2006-A	5-7-08		123,655,000	5.50	7/1/34-36	123,655,000	
Series 2006-B	8-10-06		11,850,000	4.00 to 5.00	7/1/14-16	5,090,000	
Series 2006-B	8-10-06		238,150,000	4.25 to 5.00	7/1/17-36	238,150,000	b
Series 2006-C	8-10-06		8,495,000	5.25	7/1/16	8,495,000	
Series 2006-C	8-10-06		18,065,000	5.00	7/1/17-18	18,065,000	b
Series 2006-D	12-14-06		370,000,000	Variable (a)	7/1/26-32	288,780,000	b
Series 2012-A	6-26-12		95,445,000	5.00	7/1/14-22	95,445,000	
Series 2012-A	6-26-12		564,335,000	5.00 to 5.50	7/1/23-39	564,335,000	b
Total Sewage Dispos	sal System Revo	enue	Bonds		\$	2,785,567,772	=

* * - Capital Appreciation Bonds

a - Interest rates are set periodically at the stated current market interest rate.b - Indicates bonds are callable under terms specified in the indenture; all other bonds are noncallable.

-	Bond Date	 Amount Issued	Range of Interest Rates	Maturity Date	Balance June 30, 2014
Business-type Activities (continued	l)				
Sewage Disposal Fund (continued):					
State Revolving Loans:					
Series 1993-B-SRF	9-30-93	\$ 6,603,996	2.00	10/01/14	\$ 390,000
Series 1997-B-SRF	9-30-97	5,430,174	2.25	10/01/14-18	1,575,000
Series 1999-SRF-1	6-24-99	21,475,000	2.50	4/01/15-20	7,590,000
Series 1999-SRF-2	9-30-99	46,000,000	2.50	10/01/14-22	23,555,000
Series 1999-SRF-3	9-30-99	31,030,000	2.50	10/01/14-20	12,660,000
Series 1999-SRF-4	9-30-99	40,655,000	2.50	10/01/14-20	16,585,000
Series 2000-SRF-1	3-30-00	44,197,995	2.50	10/01/14-22	19,947,995
Series 2000-SRF-2	9-28-00	64,401,066	2.50	10/01/14-22	32,836,066
Series 2001-SRF-1	6-28-01	82,200,000	2.50	10/01/14-24	50,225,000
Series 2001-SRF-2	12-20-01	59,850,000	2.50	10/01/14-24	36,575,000
Series 2002-SRF-1	6-27-02	18,985,000	2.50	4/01/15-23	9,710,000
Series 2002-SRF-2	6-27-02	1,545,369	2.50	4/01/15-23	790,369
Series 2002-SRF-3	12-19-02	31,549,466	2.50	10/01/14-24	17,794,466
Series 2003-SRF-1	6-26-03	48,520,000	2.50	10/01/14-25	31,960,000
Series 2003-SRF-2	9-25-03	25,055,370	2.50	4/01/15-25	15,205,370
Series 2004-SRF-1	6-24-04	2,910,000	2.125	10/01/14-24	1,750,000
Series 2004-SRF-2	6-24-04	18,353,459	2.125	4/01/15-25	11,008,459
Series 2004-SRF-3	6-24-04	12,722,575	2.125	4/01/15-25	7,622,575
Series 2007-SRF-1	9-20-07	167,565,000	1.625	10/01/14-29	135,996,786
Series 2009-SRF-1	4-17-09	13,970,062	2.50	4/01/15-30	11,355,062
Series 2010-SRF-1	1-22-10	4,214,763	2.50	4/01/15-31	3,655,763
Series 2012-SRF-1	8-30-12	14,950,000	2.50	10/01/15-34	10,999,967

Total State Revolving Loans Payable

\$ 459,787,878

				Range of				
	Bond		Amount	Interest	Maturity		Balance	
	Date		Issued	Rates	Date		June 30, 2014	_
Business-type Activities (continue	d)							
Water Fund:								
Water Supply System Revenue B	onds:							
Series 1993	10-15-93	\$	38,225,000	6.50%	7/1/14-15	\$	24,725,000	
Series 1997-A	8-01-97		215,300,000	6.00	7/1/14-15		13,430,000	
Series 2001-A	5-01-01		301,165,000	5.00	7/1/29-30		73,790,000	b
Series 2001-C	5-14-08		4,055,000	3.50 to 4.25	7/1/14-18		1,900,000	
Series 2001-C	5-14-08		186,350,000	4.50 to 5.75	7/1/19-29		186,350,000	b
Series 2003-A	1-30-03		234,805,000	4.50 to 5.00	7/1/19-34		178,785,000	b
Series 2003-B	1-30-03		41,770,000	5.00	7/1/34		41,770,000	b
Series 2003-C	1-30-03		4,335,000	Variable (a)	7/1/14		2,330,000	
Series 2003-C	1-30-03		25,325,000	4.25 to 5.25	7/1/15-22		25,325,000	b
Series 2003-D	9-1-06		3,180,000	4.00 to 4.20	7/1/14-16		1,010,000	
Series 2003-D	9-1-06		139,575,000	4.25 to 5.00	7/1/17-33		139,575,000	b
Series 2004-A	8-16-06		17,600,000	4.125 to 5.25	7/1/14-16		13,435,000	
Series 2004-A	8-16-06		55,165,000	4.50 to 5.25	7/1/17-25		55,165,000	b
Series 2004-B	8-16-06		52,840,000	4.00 to 5.00	7/1/14-16		13,720,000	
Series 2004-B	8-16-06		100,990,000	4.25 to 5.00	7/1/17-23		100,990,000	b
Series 2005-A	3-23-05		20,965,000	3.60 to 5.00	7/1/14-15		4,350,000	
Series 2005-A	3-23-05		84,035,000	3.90 to 5.00	7/1/16-35		84,035,000	b
Series 2005-B	5-14-08		19,070,000	4.00 to 5.50	7/1/14-18		11,505,000	
Series 2005-B	5-14-08		175,830,000	4.75 to 5.50	7/1/19-35		175,830,000	b
Series 2005-C	3-23-05		36,405,000	5.00	7/1/14-15		19,005,000	
Series 2005-C	3-23-05		90,200,000	5.00	7/1/16-22		90,200,000	b
Series 2006-A	8-16-06		42,795,000	5.00	7/1/14-16		22,965,000	
Series 2006-A	8-16-06		237,205,000	5.00	7/1/17-34		237,205,000	b
Series 2006-B	4-01-09		900,000	3.30 to 5.00	7/1/14-19		600,000	
Series 2006-B	4-01-09		119,100,000	5.50 to 7.00	7/1/20-36		119,100,000	b
Series 2006-C	8-16-06		12,585,000	4.00 to 5.00	7/1/14-16		8,620,000	
Series 2006-C	8-16-06		208,060,000	5.00	7/1/17-33		208,060,000	b
Series 2006-D	8-16-06		4,430,000	4.00 to 4.20	7/1/14-16		45,000	
Series 2006-D	8-16-06		142,160,000	4.25 to 5.00	7/1/17-32		142,160,000	b
Series 2011-A	12-22-11		37,880,000	5.00	7/1/14-21		29,100,000	
Series 2011-A	12-22-11		341,710,000	5.00 to 5.75	7/1/22-41		341,710,000	b
Series 2011-B	12-22-11		7,455,000	2.496 to 5.00	7/1/14-21		5,730,000	
Series 2011-B	12-22-11		9,740,000	6.00	7/1/22-33		9,740,000	b
Series 2011-C	12-22-11		3,925,000	5.00	7/1/21		2,700,000	
Series 2011-C	12-22-11		99,965,000	4.50 to 5.25	7/1/23-41	_	99,965,000	b
Total Water Supply S	ystem Revenu	ie Bo	onds			\$	2,484,925,000	=
State Revolving Loans:								
Series 2005 SRF-1	9-22-05	\$	13,805,164	2.125%	10/1/14-26	\$	9,335,164	
Series 2005 SRF-2	9-22-05		8,891,730	2.125	10/1/14-26		5,851,730	
Series 2006 SRF-1	9-21-06		5,180,926	2.125	10/1/14-26		3,480,926	
Series 2008 SRF-1	9-29-08		2,590,941	2.500	10/1/14-28		1,455,941	_
Total State Revolving	Loans Payabl	е				\$	20,123,761	=

a - Interest rates are set periodically at the stated current market interest rate.

b - Indicates bonds are callable under terms specified in the indenture; all other bonds are noncallable.

(d) Pension Obligation Certificates (POCs)

The Detroit Retirement Systems Funding Trust issued POCs for the purpose of funding certain unfunded accrued actuarial liabilities (UAAL) of the two retirement systems of the City, which include the General Retirement System (GRS) and the Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS). The GRS includes employees and retirees of certain governmental funds, proprietary funds (Sewage Disposal Fund, Transportation Fund, and Water Fund), and the Detroit Public Library, a discretely presented component unit.

A trust was created by the General Retirement System Service Corporation (GRSSC) and the Police and Fire Retirement System Service Corporation (PFRSSC), both blended component units of the City. The City entered into service contracts with the GRSSC and PFRSSC to facilitate the transaction.

The following is a schedule of the Pension Obligation Certificates outstanding at June 30, 2014:

	Bond Date	 Amount Issued	Range of Interest Rates	Maturity Date		Balance June 30, 2014
Pension Obligation Certificates					_	
Series 2005 - A	6-2-05	\$ 640,000,000	4.00 to 4.95%	6/15/14-25	\$	450,615,000
Series 2006 - A, B	6-12-06	948,540,000	Variable (a)	6/15/19-35		948,540,000
Total Pension Obligatio	n Certificates				\$	1,399,155,000

a - Interest rates are set periodically at the stated current market interest rate.

The POCs were allocated to the governmental activities and the Transportation, Sewage Disposal, and Water Funds based on those funds portion of the overall UAAL liquidated by the use of the POCs net proceeds. Because the Detroit Public Library is a discretely presented component unit, its prorated portion of the POCs liability assumed was included in the balance of the POCs obligation recorded in the governmental activities. The City has an advance to the Library for \$24,016,604 outstanding at June 30, 2014.

As of June 30, 2014, the City failed to remit the required principal and interest payments on the POCs totaling \$29,645,000 and \$36,838,505, respectively. The entire amount of the principal and \$6,024,864 of the interest was paid by the insurer subrogees. The City also failed to remit the required principal and interest payments totaling \$23,105,001 and \$17,873,917, respectively, as of June 30, 2013. The entire amount of the principal and \$4,407,810 of the interest was paid by the insurer subrogees. According to agreements between the City and subrogees, the City was to repay the subrogees and therefore a current obligation has been recorded totaling \$63,182,675. A current obligation was recorded for the remaining amount of unpaid interest totaling \$44,279,748.

The POC and service corporation contracts do not require immediate payment of the remaining POC debt balance (totaling approximately \$1.399 billion for the entire City and \$1.1 billion for the General Fund at June 30, 2014) upon a missed payment. No party to the POC and service corporation agreements has sought to exercise any right to immediate payment of the remaining POC debt balance subsequent to the missed payment. As a result, the POC debt was not immediately due and payable as of June 30, 2014, and the City continues to report it as a long-term obligation in its financial statements as of that date.

(e) Notes and Loans Payable

The City issues installment notes and loans to provide funds for various public improvement projects.

The following is a schedule of notes payable at June 30, 2014:

	Issue Date	Range of Interest Rates		Maturity Date	Balance June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities					
Non-Major Funds:					
(All notes are secured by future Block Grant	revenues)				
Ferry Street Project	06/12/08	4.14 to 4.62	%	08/01/14-18	\$ 1,635,000
Garfield Project	06/12/08	4.14 to 4.33		08/01/14-15	525,000
Stuberstone Project	06/12/08	4.14 to 4.48		08/01/14-16	90,000
Vernor Lawndale Project	09/14/06	5.07 to 5.74		08/01/14-25	1,340,000
New Amsterdam Project	08/01/02	5.43 to 6.12		08/01/14-22	7,750,000
Mexicantown Welcome Center Project	09/14/06	5.07 to 5.70		08/01/14-24	3,210,000
Book Cadillac Project	09/14/06	5.07 to 5.77		08/01/14-26	7,300,000
Book Cadillac Project Note II	06/12/08	4.14 to 5.38		08/01/14-27	9,984,000
Garfield II Note 1	09/14/06	4.14 to 5.30		08/01/14-25	6,372,000
Garfield II Note 2	09/14/06	5.07 to 5.77		08/01/14-26	2,058,000
Garfield II Note 3	09/16/09	LIBOR + 0.2		08/01/14-29	1,473,000
Garfield II Note 4	09/16/09	LIBOR + 0.2		08/01/17-29	6,697,000
Fort Shelby Project	06/12/08	4.14 to 5.34		08/01/14-26	17,750,000
Woodward Garden Project 1	06/12/08	4.48 to 5.05		08/01/16-21	7,050,000
Woodward Garden Project 2	07/21/10	2.66 to 4.35		08/01/16-28	6,197,000
Woodward Garden Project 2	04/20/12	LIBOR + 0.2		08/01/16-31	5,753,000
Total Notes Payable					\$ 85,184,000

The following is a schedule of loans payable at June 30, 2014:

		Range of		
	Issue	Interest	Maturity	Balance
	Date	Rates	Date	June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities				
Downtown Development Authority	1991-1997	—		\$ 33,600,000
Loan Payable IBM Schedule - 001	11/20/12	12.03%	12/1/16	3,093,164
Total Loans Payable				\$ 36,693,164

The City entered into a \$33.6 million loan payable with the Downtown Development Authority, listed in the preceding table, a discretely presented component unit. The loan was used to cover costs related to the Cobo Hall Expansion Project and operations of the Downtown People Mover System. The loan is unsecured and bears no interest and was to be repaid by the City as general operating funds become available to the extent not otherwise adjusted and/or discharged pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed in the Bankruptcy Case.

(f) Debt Service Requirements

As of June 30, 2014, debt service requirements of the City's debt (fixed-rate and variable-rate) are as follows. These amounts assume that current interest rates on variable-rate bonds will remain the same for their term. As these rates vary, interest payments on variable-rate bonds will vary.

	_	General Obliga	tion Debt	Revenue Bonds a	nd C	Other Indebtedness
		Principal	Interest	Principal		Interest
Governmental Activities:						
2015	\$	72,674,422 \$	53,016,556 \$	4,511,467	\$	3,895,987
2016		71,352,546	49,421,537	4,923,872		3,595,470
2017		174,605,000	43,013,780	6,788,825		3,233,877
2018		56,245,000	38,737,330	5,517,000		2,953,151
2019		56,670,000	35,868,119	6,501,000		2,683,925
2020-2024		259,180,000	136,113,790	31,025,000		8,840,695
2025-2029		151,140,000	79,803,648	25,694,000		2,071,432
2030-2034		146,550,000	38,264,482	3,316,000		13,749
2035-2036		53,895,000	3,450,450	33,600,000		
Total	\$	1,042,311,968 \$	477,689,692 \$	121,877,164	\$	27,288,286
Business-type Activities:						
Sewage Disposal Fund						
2015	\$	— \$	— \$	86,495,000	\$	143,116,135
2016		—	_	89,685,000		140,215,950
2017		_	_	92,005,000		137,085,906
2018		_	_	95,245,000		133,856,457
2019		_	_	98,680,000		130,495,440
2020-2024		_	_	531,714,430		597,192,595
2025-2029		_	_	658,340,870		473,615,592
2030-2034		_	_	759,417,578		329,999,044
2035-2039		_	_	730,435,000		135,776,140
2040-2044				118,630,000		6,184,275
Total	\$	\$	\$	3,260,647,878	\$	2,227,537,534

		General O	bliga	tion Debt	Revenue Bonds and Other Indebtedness					
		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
Business-type Activities (Continue	d)								
Transportation Fund										
2015	\$	2,660,578	\$	272,902	\$	_	\$	_		
2016		2,797,454	_	139,873		_				
Total	\$	5,458,032	\$	412,775	\$		\$			
Water Fund										
2015	\$	_	\$		\$	53,140,000	\$	129,324,867		
2016				_		58,450,000		126,508,048		
2017		_				61,505,000		123,406,562		
2018						64,460,000		120,418,686		
2019				_		67,585,000		117,251,087		
2020-2024		_				388,280,000		531,700,016		
2025-2029		_		_		489,018,761		421,780,373		
2030-2034		_				608,075,000		287,744,642		
2035-2039		_				514,310,000		126,622,290		
2040-2042		_				200,225,000		21,171,026		
Total	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,505,048,761	\$	2,005,927,597		

The future principal payments for Sewage Disposal Fund revenue bonds exceed the bonds payable balance by \$15,292,228 at June 30, 2014 because the future principal payments on capital appreciation bonds are greater than the carrying value of those bonds. The balance of the capital appreciation bonds will increase each year, until maturity, through accretion.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for pension obligation certificates at June 30, 2014 are as follows. Refer to Note VIII for information on derivative instruments.

	Pension Obligation Certificates							
				0		Investment		
	_	Principal		Interest		Derivatives, Net		
Governmental Activities:								
2015	\$	27,049,913	\$	64,654,664	\$	37,645,862		
2016		30,037,394		27,410,958		37,645,862		
2017		33,301,268		25,965,258		37,645,862		
2018		36,800,888		24,362,468		37,645,862		
2019		37,121,179		22,591,241		37,645,862		
2020-2024		216,929,328		90,940,030		178,762,043		
2025-2029		282,766,094		52,901,113		150,482,797		
2030-2034		382,116,298		42,101,427		60,472,999		
2035	_	91,281,344		5,466,678				
Total	\$	1,137,403,706	\$	356,393,837	\$	577,947,149		
Business-type Activities:								
Sewage Disposal Fund								
2015	\$	2,041,421	\$	4,879,402	\$	2,841,084		
2016		2,266,883		2,068,669		2,841,084		
2017		2,513,203		1,959,564		2,841,084		
2018		2,777,315		1,838,603		2,841,084		
2019		2,801,486		1,704,931		2,841,084		
2020-2024		16,371,370		6,863,124		13,490,936		
2025-2029		21,339,984		3,992,377		11,356,737		
2030-2034		28,837,812		3,177,338		4,563,816		
2035		6,893,956		412,565				
Total	\$ _	85,843,430	\$	26,896,573	\$	43,616,909		
Transportation Fund								
2015	\$	2,382,157	\$	5,693,829	\$	3,315,292		
2016		2,645,251		2,413,953		3,315,292		
2017		2,932,684		2,286,637		3,315,292		
2018		3,240,879		2,145,487		3,315,292		
2019		3,269,086		1,989,503		3,315,292		
2020-2024		19,103,935		8,008,657		15,742,723		
2025-2029		24,901,866		4,658,749		13,252,305		
2030-2034		33,651,167		3,707,673		5,325,570		
2035	_	8,032,434		481,423				
Total	\$	100,159,459	\$	31,385,911	\$	50,897,058		

	Pension Obligation Certificates					
	_	Principal		Interest	_	Investment Derivatives, Net
Business-type Activities (Continued):					-	
Water Fund						
2015	\$	1,801,509	\$	4,305,963	\$	2,507,193
2016		2,000,473		1,825,554		2,507,193
2017		2,217,845		1,729,271		2,507,193
2018		2,450,918		1,622,526		2,507,193
2019		2,472,249		1,504,564		2,507,193
2020-2024		14,447,368		6,056,553		11,905,449
2025-2029		18,832,057		3,523,184		10,022,067
2030-2034		25,448,723		2,803,930		4,027,464
2035		6,077,262		364,078	-	
Total	\$	75,748,404	\$	23,735,623	\$	38,490,945

(g) Debt Limit

The Michigan Constitution established the authority, subject to constitutional and statutory prohibition, for municipalities to incur debt for public purposes. The City is subject to the Home Rule Act, Act 279 Public Acts of MI, 1909, as amended, which limits the net indebtedness incurred for all public purposes to as much as, but not to exceed, the greater of the following: (a) 10 percent of the assessed value of all the real and personal property in the City or (b) 15 percent of the assessed value of all the real and personal property in the City of the total amount of indebtedness incurred which exceeds 10 percent is, or has been, used solely for the construction or renovation of hospital facilities.

(h) Refundings

The City defeased certain bonds in the prior and current years by placing the proceeds of new debt in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased debt are not included in the City's financial statements. The amount of defeased debt outstanding at June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Revenue Bonds
Sewage Disposal Fund	\$	259,545,000
Water Fund	-	178,070,000
Total	\$	437,615,000

(i) Bonds Authorized and Unissued

The following is the schedule of bonds authorized and unissued at June 30, 2014:

	Authority	Date	 Authorized Amount	 Unissued Amount
General Obligation Bonds				
(Tax Supported):				
Sewer Construction	Electorate	8/2/1960	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 24,000,000
Public Safety	Electorate	11/2/2004	120,000,000	23,393,000
Municipal Facilities	Electorate	11/7/2000	18,000,000	120,000
Neighborhood/Economic				
Development	Electorate	11/2/2004	19,000,000	17,295,000
Public Lighting	Electorate	11/2/2004	22,000,000	7,735,000
Recreation, Zoo, Cultural	Electorate	11/7/2000	56,000,000	628,000
Recreation, Zoo, Cultural	Electorate	11/2/2004	22,000,000	570,000
History				
Historical	Electorate	11/6/2011	20,000,000	17,200,000
Museum of African American				
History	Electorate	4/29/2003	6,000,000	500,000
Transportation	Electorate	11/2/2004	32,000,000	17,310,000
Public Lighting	Electorate	2/24/2009	22,000,000	22,000,000
Neighborhood/Economic	Electorate	2/24/2009	25,000,000	25,000,000
Museums, Libraries, Recreation,				
and Other	Electorate	2/24/2009	97,000,000	89,770,000
Transportation	Electorate	2/24/2009	12,000,000	12,000,000
Public Safety	Electorate	2/24/2009	72,000,000	 59,379,000
Total Bonds				
Authorized -				
Unissued				\$ 316,900,000

The electorate approved an amendment to the State Constitution (the Headlee Amendment) on November 7, 1978, that requires voter approval for the issuance of general obligation bonds effective December 22, 1978. The authority to issue bonds approved by the electors continues until revoked by the electors.

Additionally, the City has State Revolving Loans in the Sewage Disposal Fund, which have been authorized but not issued. These amounted to \$3,950,033 at June 30, 2014.

(j) Debt Ratings

On July 18, 2013, Standard & Poor's downgraded the City's UGTO rating from "CC" to "C". On October 2, 2013, Standard & Poor's downgraded the City's UTGO rating from "C" to "D". On September 30, 2013, Fitch downgraded the City's UGTO and LGTO ratings from "C" to "D". On June 16, 2014, Fitch withdrew the 'D' ratings on the POCs, UGTO, and LGTO bonds due to the bankruptcy.

On July 3, 2013, Standard & Poor's downgraded the rating on the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds on the senior lien and second lien revenue bonds to "BB-" and then again lowered the rating on March 25, 2014, to a "CCC". On February 28, 2014, Fitch downgraded the Water and Sewage Fund revenue bonds. Senior lien Water Fund revenue bonds were downgraded to "BB+" from "BBB+". Water Fund second lien revenue bonds were downgraded to "BB" from "BBB+". Water Fund second lien revenue bonds were downgraded to "BB" from "BBB". Sewage Disposal Fund senior lien revenue bonds were downgraded to "BB" from "BBB".

See Note XIV for any rating actions that occurred after June 30, 2014.

NOTE VIII. DERIVATIVES

The table below summarizes derivative instrument activity during the reporting period and balances at the end of the year (debit/(credit)):

	Changes in Fair Value		Fair Value at Ju	30, 2014	No tio nal		
	Classification		Amount	Classification		Amount	Amount
Governmental Activities Investment derivatives: Pay-fixed interest rate swaps	Investment loss	\$	(4,471,205)	Long-term liabilities	\$	(244,149,176) \$	650,336,000
Business-type Activities Investment derivatives: Pay-fixed interest rate swaps	Investment Loss		(1,503,930)	Long-term liabilities		(58,314,702)	149,664,000

Because the derivative instruments are classified as investment derivatives, the change in fair value of the swaps noted in the above table were reported within loss on investments for the year ended June 30, 2014.

The fair values of the interest rate swaps were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swaps.

(a) Objectives

In order to better manage its interest rate exposure and to reduce the overall costs of its financings, the City has entered into eight separate pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps.

(b) Terms

Certain key terms and fair values relating to the outstanding investment derivative instruments are presented below:

Associated Financing Issue		Notional Amount (1)	Effective Date	Fixed Rate Paid	Rate Received	Fair Value	Swap Termination Date	Final Maturity of Bonds
Investment Derivatives								
Investment Derivatives, Pay-fixed interest rate sw	aps							
Pension Obligation Certificates:								
Taxable Certification of								
Participation SBSFPC-0009	\$	96,621,000	6/12/2006	6.36%	3 MONTH LIBOR + .34% \$	(39,240,207)	6/15/2034	6/15/2034
Taxable Certification of								
Participation SBSFPC-0012		45,252,000	6/12/2006	6.32	3 MONTH LIBOR + .30%	(16,046,639)	6/15/2029	6/15/2029
Taxable Certification of								
Participation 37380341		96,621,000	6/12/2006	6.36	3 MONTH LIBOR + .34%	(39,231,534)	6/15/2034	6/15/2034
Taxable Certification of								
Participation 37380291		45,252,000	6/12/2006	6.32	3 MONTH LIBOR + .30%	(16,039,694)	6/15/2029	6/15/2029
Taxable Certification of								
Participation SBSFPC-0010		153,801,500	6/12/2006	6.35	3 MONTH LIBOR + .34%	(62,624,781)	6/15/2034	6/15/2034
Taxable Certification of		101005 500	<			(22.24.545)	< /1 5 /2020	< 11 E 12020
Participation SBSFPC-0011		104,325,500	6/12/2006	6.32	3 MONTH LIBOR + .30%	(33,341,547)	6/15/2029	6/15/2029
Taxable Certification of		152 001 500	6/10/2006	6.25		(62,610,205)	6/15/2024	611510004
Participation 37380313 Taxable Certification of		153,801,500	6/12/2006	6.35	3 MONTH LIBOR + .34%	(62,610,295)	6/15/2034	6/15/2034
		104 225 500	6/12/2006	6.32	3 MONTH LIBOR + .30%	(22 220 181)	6/15/2020	6/15/2020
Participation 37380351	-	104,325,500	0/12/2006	0.32	5 MONTHLIBOR + .30%	(33,329,181)	6/15/2029	6/15/2029
Total	\$	800,000,000			\$	(302,463,878)		

(1) Notional amount balance as of June 30, 2014

(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk can be measured by actual market value exposure or theoretical exposure. When the fair value of any swap has a positive market value, then the City is exposed to the actual risk that the counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. As of June 30, 2014, the City had no net exposure to actual credit risk on its investment derivatives (without regard to collateral or other security arrangements) for any of its counterparties. The table below shows the credit quality ratings of the counterparties to each swap. The City uses two different counterparties as one way of diversifying its credit risk. In addition, the swap agreements contain varying collateral agreements with the counterparties. The swaps require full collateralization of the fair value of the swap should the counterparty's credit rating fall below certain rating levels by Fitch Ratings, S&P, and/or Moody's. Collateral on all swaps was to be in the form of cash or U.S. government securities held by a third-party custodian. The City has not calculated theoretical credit exposure.

Counterparty	S&P	Moody's
SBS Financial Products Company, LLC		
Credit Support provided by Merrill Lynch Capital		
Services, Inc. and guaranteed by Merrill Lynch & Co.	А	A2
UBS, AG	А	A2

(d) Interest Rate Risk

All investment derivatives are pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swaps. The City believes it has significantly reduced interest rate risk by entering into the interest rate swaps, which are the subject of settlements with the swap counterparties described in Note II and the adjustment of the related POCs pursuant to the Plan of adjustment confirmed in the Bankruptcy Case, described in Note XIII.

(e) Basis Risk

The City is exposed to basis risk when the variable interest received on a swap is based on a different index than the variable interest rate to be paid on the associated variable rate debt obligation. At June 30, 2014, the associated POCs used the same index (based on LIBOR) in the table above. As a result, there was no significant exposure to basis risk as of June 30, 2014.

(f) Rollover Risk

The City is exposed to rollover risk on swaps that mature or may be terminated prior to the maturity of the associated financings. When these swaps terminate, or in the case of the termination option, if the counterparty exercises its option, the City will not realize the synthetic rate offered by the swaps on the underlying issues. The City is exposed to rollover risk on the pension obligation swaps should they be terminated prior to the maturity of the associated financings (POCs).

(g) Foreign Currency Risk

All derivatives are denominated in U.S. dollars and therefore, the City is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

(h) Market Access Risk

The City is exposed to market access risk on swaps in the event it will not be able to enter credit markets or in the event the credit will become more costly.

NOTE IX. PENSION PLANS

(a) Plan Administration

City of Detroit Retirement System consists of the General Retirement System (GRS) and the Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) (collectively, the "Systems"). Each system is a single employer plan composed of a Defined Benefit Plan and a Defined Contribution Annuity Plan. The plans provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Each plan is administered by its own board of trustees. Plan members include active employees, retirees, and beneficiaries from various departments within the City. Benefit terms have been established by contractual agreements between the City and the employees' collective bargaining units; amendments are subject to the same process. The Systems issue publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and the required supplementary information. The reports can be obtained from City of Detroit Retirement Systems, One Detroit Center, 500 Woodward Ave., Suite 3000, Detroit, MI 48226 or obtained from Systems' website (www.rscd.org).

The board of trustees of the General Retirement System consists of ten members - five elected employee members, one elected retired member, one mayor appointed citizen, and three ex-officio members. The board of trustees of the Police and Fire Retirement System consists of sixteen members – six elected employee members, two elected retired members, and eight ex-officio members.

(b) Plan Membership

Membership of the plans at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	GRS	PFRS
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12,089	8,476
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2,395	235
Active plan members	5,364	3,266

As of June 30, 2014, the plans have been frozen. As of that date, no new participants were allowed to enter the plan and no new benefit accruals were allowed for existing participants.

(c) Benefits Provided

The Systems provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit terms are established by negotiations between the City Council and the employees' collective bargaining unit and may be amended by the City Council.

(d) Contributions

Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, the Systems retain an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the board of trustees in accordance with the City Charter, union contracts and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the average active member contribution rate for the General Retirement System was between 0 percent and 7 percent, as the Plan allows the employees to elect to contribute (a) 0 percent, (b) 3 percent of annual compensation up to the Social Security wage base and 5 percent of any excess over that, (c) 5 percent, or (d) 7 percent toward annuity savings. The average active member contribution rate for the Police and Fire Retirement System was 5 percent of annual pay.

The City's average contribution rate for fiscal year 2014 was 30.05 percent of annual payroll for the General Retirement System and 30.59 percent of annual payroll for the Police and Fire Retirement System. The City contributed only \$27,523,180 of the annual required contribution of \$68,025,576 for the General Retirement System and did not make any payments towards the required contribution of \$51,418,126 for the Police and Fire Retirement System.

(e) Deferred Retirement Option Program ("DROP")

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a retirement allowance under the Plan, any member of the Police and Fire Retirement System who is eligible for the DROP program may defer the receipt of his or her retirement allowance, continue services and be paid compensation. At the time of the DROP election, the member no longer accrues a benefit. The program credits the employee for benefit payments that would have been paid had they retired normally, by depositing 75 percent of the monthly payment with a third-party administrator in the member's name. The remaining 25 percent of the monthly payments are retained in the trust for general purposes. The DROP allocations continue if the member continues to be actively employed, as a police officer or a firefighter, with the City. The member is eligible to withdraw the amounts deposited with the third-party administrator upon retirement and from that point on the retiree receives 100 percent of retirement benefits. There are no amounts held by the System at June 30, 2014 as all amounts due to the members pursuant to the DROP election are held by a third-party administrator.

(f) Investment Policy

The Systems policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the board of trustees by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the board of trustees to pursue an investment strategy that manages risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Systems investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the board of trustees' adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2014:

	Target Allocation			
Asset Class	GRS	PFRS		
Global asset allocation	12.0 %	0.0 %		
Domestic Equity	23.0	19.0		
International Equity	22.0	19.0		
Domestic Fixed Income	16.0	17.5		
International Fixed Income	3.0	0.0		
Energy/MLPs	0.0	5.0		
Real estate	8.0	13.0		
Cash	0.0	1.0		
High yield	0.0	8.0		
Private mortgages	0.0	2.5		
Private equity	6.0	10.0		
Hedge funds	5.0	5.0		
Commodities	5.0	0.0		

(g) Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 16.3 percent for the General Retirement System and 19.8 percent for the Police and Fire Retirement System. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

(h) Pension Plan Reserves

In accordance with State law, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the pension plan:

The <u>retiree reserve</u> is made up of two reserves – Annuity Reserve Fund and Pension Reserve Fund. The annuity reserve fund is an accumulation of transfers made from the annuity savings fund, when an employee retires, becomes disabled, or if a surviving spouse elects an annuity rather than a lump-sum payout of accumulated employee contributions. The pension reserve fund represents funded pension benefits available for retired members and is funded by actuarially determined transfers from the pension accumulation fund.

The <u>employee reserve</u> (Annuity Savings Fund) is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the Systems maintain a record of the amount contributed by each employee, and credits interest annually at a rate approved by the board of trustees. The City Council adopted an Ordinance limiting the interest rate on the General Retirement System's net investment rate of return, with a cap of 7.9 percent and a floor of 0 percent. During fiscal year 2014, the board of trustees approved the interest rate at 0 percent. The interest rate for the Police and Fire Retirement System is based on the recognized rate of return per the previous actuarial valuation. During fiscal year 2014 the board of trustees approved the interest rate at 3.8 percent. Members are eligible to withdraw if they left the City for any reason (retire, laid-off, quit, disability, death), and have 25 years of service (or 20 for DPOA or Fire equivalents). Eligible active members may elect to withdraw their accumulated (annuity) contributions plus investment earnings. Upon retirement, a member can elect to annuitize or receive a lump sum of their accumulated contribution and interest earnings. Members of the Police and Fire Retirement System are also eligible to withdraw upon conversion from disability or have an eligible domestic relations order (EDRO). When an employee retires, becomes disabled, or if a surviving spouse elects an annuity rather than a lump-sum payout of accumulated employee contributions, the balance is transferred to the annuity reserve fund.

The balances of the reserve accounts as of June 30, 2014 for the Systems are as follows:

	_	GRS	 PFRS
Reserved for employee contributions	\$	267,783,724	\$ 155,258,272
Reserved for retired contributions		2,350,833,869	2,883,228,305

(i) Net Pension Liability of the City, as Required by GASB Statement No. 67

The net pension liability of the City has been measured as of June 30, 2014 based on benefits in force as of that date and is composed of the following:

	 GRS		PFRS
Total pension liability	\$ 3,801,649,071	\$	4,407,788,045
Plan fiduciary net position	 2,015,207,879		3,276,203,299
City's net pension liability	\$ 1,786,441,192	\$	1,131,584,746
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.0 %	6	74.3 %

Attribution period: As of June 30, 2014, the plan was frozen such that no new benefit accruals were allowed and no new members could join. Starting July 1, 2014, the participants in this legacy plan will now be earning benefits under a newly created defined benefit plan. GASB 67 requires that the service costs of all pensions be attributed through all assumed exit ages, through retirement. Neither GASB 67 nor any other GASB standard has set forth guidance specifically related to frozen plans with successor plans in place. Absent any guidance to the contrary, due to the status as a frozen plan combined with the fact that individuals are now earning service in a new defined benefit pension plan, the retirement date for purposes of attribution was assumed to be June 30, 2014 for all members. Therefore, the total pension liability at June 30, 2014 is equal to the present value of projected benefit payments.

(j) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to June 30, 2014. The valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, which were different between the beginning of the year (July 1, 2013) and the end of the year (June 30, 2014) due to the plan freeze and changing assumptions.

To calculate the June 30, 2013 total pension liability before the rollforward, the following significant assumptions were made:

	GRS		PFRS	
Inflation	4.0	%	4.0	%
Salary increases	4.0-8.9	%	5.0-9.2	%
Investment rate of return	7.9	%	8.0	%

For the General Retirement System, mortality rates were based on 110 percent of the RP-2000 Combined Table for males and 110 percent of the RP-2000 Combined Table set back two years for females. For the Police and Fire Retirement System, mortality rates were based on 95 percent of the RP-2000 Combined Table for males and 100 percent of the RP-Combined Table set back two years for females.

To calculate the end of year total pension liability, the following significant assumptions were made:

- For the Systems, due to the plan freeze, pay was not assumed to increase in the future and no inflation assumption was utilized. The investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation) applied to the end of year pension liability was 7.2 percent.
- To calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014, the mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Tables, Employees and Health Annuitants for males and females with fully generational mortality projections using the 2-dimensional Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2014. For the General Retirement System, the table was set forward one year for males and females.
- The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation to calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013.
- Cost of living adjustments: For both the beginning and end of year calculations of the total pension liability, for certain active members, depending upon bargaining group, benefits are increased annually by 2.25 percent of the original pension amounts at retirement.

(k) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 was 7.2 percent for both Systems; however, the single discount rate used at the beginning of the year was 5.88 percent for the General Retirement System and 8.0 percent for the Police and Fire Retirement System. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

(l) **Projected Cash Flows**

For the General Retirement System, for purposes of the calculation of the total pension liability at the beginning of the year, based on the above beginning of year assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was not projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability as of June 30, 2013 incorporated a municipal bond rate, which was 4.27 percent as of June 30, 2013. The source of that bond rate was the Federal Reserve. The long-term expected rate of return was applied to projected benefit payments from 2015 through 2035 and the municipal bond rate was applied to the remaining periods.

However, as of June 30, 2014, due primarily to the plan freeze which lowered the future benefit payments, based on the above end of year assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the Police and Fire Retirement System, based on the above assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees both at the beginning of the year as well as at the end of the year. Therefore, the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2014 for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return		
	GRS	PFRS	
Global asset allocation/risk parity	4.62 %	0.00 %	
Domestic equity	5.01	4.49	
International equity	6.13	4.68	
Domestic fixed income	1.88	1.61	
International fixed income	3.87	0.00	
Energy/MLPs	0.00	7.02	
Real Estate - General	3.90	0.00	
Real Estate - Private	0.00	3.95	
Real Estate - Public	0.00	3.32	
Cash	0.00	(0.24)	
High yield	0.00	3.41	
Private mortgages	0.00	3.41	
Private equity	6.83	6.98	
Hedge Funds	4.15	4.10	
Commodities	3.17	0.00	

(m) Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (6.2%)	_	Current Discount Rate (7.2%)	 1% Increase (8.2%)
Net pension liability of the Plan				
GRS	\$ 2,170,235,520	\$	1,786,441,192	\$ 1,466,150,791
PFRS	1,644,647,869		1,131,584,746	707,632,759

(n) Annual Pension Costs and Net Pension Asset, as Required by GASB Statement No. 27

GASB Statement No. 68, which determines how employers and nonemployer contributing entities will report their pension liabilities on their financial statements, is effective for years beginning after June 15, 2014. Until that statement is implemented, the Fund continues to report its annual pension cost and net pension asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, *Accounting for Pension by State and Local Government Employers*.

				GRS									
			Business-type Activities										
		PFRS				Sewage					Total		
		Governmental		Governmental		Disposal	,	Transportation		Water	Primary		
		Activities		Activities	_	Fund	_	Fund		Fund	Government		
Annual required													
contributions (ARC)	\$	51,418,126	\$	29,509,073	\$	8,476,369 \$	\$	13,648,269 \$		16,391,865 \$	119,443,702		
Interest on net pension asset		(42,853,862)		(36,633,249)		(6,813,629)		(8,242,080)		(7,604,684)	(102,147,504)		
Adjustment to ARC		47,994,237		26,033,540		4,842,128	_	5,857,262		5,404,294	90,131,461		
Annual pension cost		56,558,501		18,909,364		6,504,868		11,263,451		14,191,475	107,427,659		
Contributions made (employer)*		-		222,090	_	10,400,618	_			16,900,472	27,523,180		
Changes in net pension asset		(56,558,501)		(18,687,274)		3,895,750		(11,263,451)		2,708,997	(79,904,479)		
Net pension asset, beginning of year	-	535,673,281		463,712,015	_	86,248,463	_	104,330,131		96,261,825	1,286,225,715		
Net pension asset, end of year	\$	479,114,780	\$	445,024,741	\$	90,144,213 \$	\$	93,066,680 \$		98,970,822 \$	1,206,321,236		

The annual pension costs and net pension assets for the City (primary government) as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

* Includes payments subsequent to year-end for Sewage and Water Funds of \$1,358,792 and \$1,847,723, respectively, and overpayments from fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 for Sewage and Water Funds of \$1,119,946 and \$1,483,608, respectively

Three-year trend information for the City (primary government) is as follows:

	Year Ended	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Actual Contributions	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Asset
GRS	June 30, 2014 June 30, 2013	\$ 50,869,158 \$ 43,258,554	27,523,180 37,794,407	54.1 % \$ 87.4	727,206,456 750,552,434
	June 30, 2013	32,614,342	34,461,252	105.7	756,016,581
PFRS	June 30, 2014	56,558,501	-	0.0	479,114,780
	June 30, 2013 June 30, 2012	49,017,402 53,722,030	(29,026,800) 49,760,229	-59.2 92.6	535,673,281 613,717,483
	June 30, 2012	53,722,030	49,760,229	92.6	613,717,483

(o) Funding Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of each plan, as of June 30, 2013, based on actuarial assumptions of the Retirement Systems, respectively is as follows:

	 GRS	_	PFRS
Actuarial value of assets	\$ 2,524,863,146	\$	3,474,538,021
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 3,609,073,858	\$	3,890,143,341
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$ 1,084,210,712	\$	415,605,320
Funded ratio	70.0%		89.3%
Covered payroll	\$ 213,291,083	\$	186,694,166
Ratio of UAAL/covered payroll	508.3%		222.6%

(p) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant actuarial assumptions used to determine the annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	GRS	PFRS				
Valuation Date	June 30, 2012	June 30, 2012				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age				
Amortization Method	Level Percent	Level dollar, Closed				
Remaining Amortization Period	30 years, Open	29 years, Closed				
Asset Valuation Method	7-year Smoothed Market	7-year Smoothed Market				
Actuarial Assumptions:						
Investment Rate of Return	7.9%	8.0%				
Projected Salary Increases	4.0%-8.9%	5.0%-9.2%				
Inflation Rate	4.00%	0% for three years; 4% thereafter				
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2.25%	2.25%				

The schedules of funding progress are presented following these notes to the financial statements as required supplementary information and present multi-year trend information about whether the atuarial values of plan net assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE X. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

(a) Plan Description

The Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan (Benefit Plan) was a single–employer defined benefit plan administered by the City and Retirement Systems and was accounted for in the Other Post-employment Benefits Fund. The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone statement. The Benefit Plan provided hospitalization, dental care, vision care, and life insurance to all officers and employees of the City who were employed on the day preceding the effective date of the Benefit Plan and who continue in the employ of the City on and after the effective date of the Benefit Plan. Retirees were allowed to enroll in any of the group plans offered by the City to active employees. The City provided healthcare coverage for substantially all retirees in accordance with terms set forth in union contracts or provisions found in Section 13, Article 8 of the Code of Ordinances. Effective March 1, 2014, the City changed the health insurance coverage offered to retirees which is described in more detail below. Additional changes have occurred due to the effectiveness of the Plan as confirmed by the Bankruptcy Court.

The following paragraphs describe the healthcare benefits provided to employees prior to March 1, 2014:

The healthcare benefit eligibility conditions for General City employees hired before 1995 are 30 years of creditable service or 25 years of creditable service for an EMS member or age 60 and 10 years of creditable service or age 65 and 8 years of creditable service. The healthcare benefit eligibility conditions for General City employees hired on or after 1995 are age 55 and 30 years of creditable services, or age 60 and 10 years of creditable service or age 65 and 8 years of creditable service. Prior to March 1, 2014, the City provided full healthcare coverage to General City employees who retired prior to January 1, 1984, except for the Master Medical benefit that was added on to the coverage after that date. The City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage if retired after January 1, 1984; however, for employees who retired between January 1, 1984 and June 30, 1994, the retiree share has been reduced by 50 percent by appropriations from City Council. The City also paid health coverage for the spouse, under the same formulas noted above, as long as the spouse continued to receive a pension. The City did not pay health coverage for a new non-City retiree spouse. Dental and vision coverage was provided for the retiree and the spouse.

The healthcare benefit eligibility conditions for Police and Fire were any age with 25 years of creditable service, or any age with 20 years of service for Detroit Police Officers Association (DPOA) members, effective March 8, 2007 and Allied Detroit Fire Fighters Association (DFFA) members, effective March 8, 2008. Prior to March 1, 2014, the City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the retiree and the spouse. The City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage as long as the spouse continues to receive a pension.

The City did not pay for healthcare coverage for a new non-City retiree spouse. Spouses (widows or widowers) of Straight Life Option retirees who retired prior to July 1, 1987 continued to receive hospitalization coverage. Dental and vision coverage was provided for the retiree and the spouse.

The City provided healthcare coverage to General City and Police and Fire employees that opt for early retirement. For General City employees hired before 1995, the healthcare benefit eligibility conditions are 25 years of creditable service and employees hired after 1995 is age 55 and 25 years of creditable service. The coverage begins when the retiree would have been eligible for normal retirement. Prior to March 1, 2014, the City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the retiree and the spouse. The City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the retiree spouse continued to receive a pension. The City did not pay for healthcare coverage for a new non-City retiree spouse. For Police and Fire employees, the healthcare coverage begins when the retiree reaches the date they would have attained 25 years of creditable service or when the retiree would have attained 20 years of creditable service for DPOA member and Allied DFFA members, effective March 8, 2007. Prior to March 1, 2014, the City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the spouse. The City paid up to 90 percent of neatthcare coverage for the spouse. The City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the spouse as long as the spouse of creditable service for DPOA member and Allied DFFA members, effective March 8, 2007. Prior to March 1, 2014, the City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for the spouse. The City paid up to 90 percent of healthcare coverage for a new non-City retiree spouse. Spouses (widows or widowers) of Straight Life Option retirees who retired prior to July 1, 1987 continued to receive hospitalization coverage. Dental and vision coverage was provided for the retiree and the spouse.

The City also provided healthcare coverage to General City and Police and Fire employees who meet certain healthcare benefit eligibility conditions at reduced rates for those that retire under the Deferred Retirement Benefits (Vested), the Death-in-Service Retirement Benefits Duty and Non-Duty Related, and the Disability Retirement Benefits Duty and Non-Duty Related. Complementary healthcare coverage was provided by the City for those retirees that are Medicare-Eligible. Retirees who opt out of the retiree healthcare coverage may obtain coverage at a later date.

In addition to healthcare coverage, the City allowed its retirees to continue life insurance coverage under the Group Insurance Protection Plan offered to active employees in accordance with Section 13, Article 9 of the Code of Ordinances. The basic life insurance coverage for General City and Police and Fire employees is based on the employee's basic annual earnings to the next higher thousand dollars. The life insurance benefit amounts range from \$3,750 to \$12,500.

The following paragraphs describe the healthcare benefits provided to employees effective March 1, 2014:

As noted above, the City changed the health insurance coverage offered to retirees effective March 1, 2014. The health benefits a retiree receives from the City effective with this change depends upon whether the retiree is "Medicare eligible." Generally, a retiree is Medicare eligible if he or she is age 65 or older and has worked to earn Medicare coverage or has eligibility through a spouse. In addition, the City provided certain other benefits, effective as of March 1, 2014 through the remainder of the 2014 calendar year pursuant to the Retiree Health Care Settlement Agreement (the "Retiree Settlement Agreement") between the City, the Retiree Committee, the Detroit Retired City Employees Association, the Retiree Detroit Police and Fire Fighters Association, and AFSCME Sub-Chapter 98, City of Detroit Retirees. The revised coverages provided by the City will be in effect until December 31, 2014.

Medicare eligible retirees were able to select one of three Medicare Advantage insurance plans that included health and drug benefits for which the City pays most or all of the premium. These new options were available to all City retirees who were Medicare eligible.

Pursuant to the Retiree Settlement Agreement, Medicare-eligible retirees who opted out of a City-sponsored Medicare Advantage Plan on or prior to February 7, 2014 were automatically enrolled in a City-sponsored Health Reimbursement Arrangement ("HRA"). The City provided each enrolled retiree with a vested \$115 monthly contribution credit to his or her HRA during the remainder of 2014, which will carry forward until used by the retiree or otherwise forfeited under terms negotiated by the parties to the Retiree Settlement

Agreement. In addition, the retirees were provided an additional opportunity to opt out of a City-sponsored Medicare Advantage Plan after February 7, 2014 and by June 20, 2014 and receive an HRA with credits for the months they were not covered under the City-sponsored Medicare Advantage Plan.

Non-Medicare eligible retirees were required to obtain their own health insurance coverage (for themselves, their spouses or their dependent family members). Non-Medicare eligible retirees who were enrolled in City retiree health benefits on February 28, 2014 (or as a spouse on a City health benefit) or who transitioned from active City benefits to retiree City benefits on or after November 1, 2013 were eligible for a monthly stipend beginning with the later of the month of March 2014 or the first month for which they were no longer eligible for active City benefits. Eligible retirees, surviving spouses, and surviving dependent children may use this taxable stipend for any purpose, including to defray the cost of premiums for health insurance coverage acquired through a Health Insurance Marketplace, through the retiree's or the retiree's spouse's employer or through other available health insurance premiums.

Pursuant to the Retiree Settlement Agreement, the City agreed to provide several additional benefits to non-Medicare eligible retirees which included additional taxable stipends based on various eligibility conditions.

The City ceased to subsidize dental and vision coverage effective March 1, 2014 for any retirees. All retirees, regardless of age or Medicare eligibility, who wanted dental and vision coverage were required to pay the full cost of such coverages.

The Supplemental Death Benefit Plan (Supplemental Plan) is a pre-funded single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Employee Benefit Board of Trustees and is accounted for in the Employee Death Benefits Fund. The Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone statement. The money is held in the City of Detroit Employee Benefit Trust and the City uses the trust fund to account for the Supplemental Plan. In accordance with Section 13, Article 8 of the Code of Ordinances, effective July 1, 1999 and prior to the member's retirement from the City, a death benefit of \$10,000 will be paid. After retirement of the member from the City, the amount of death benefits paid is based upon the retiree's years of City service ranging from \$1,860 (for 8 to 10 years of service) to \$3,720 (for 30 years of service). For years of service beyond 30 years, \$93.00 will be added per year for each additional year of service.

The Benefit and Supplemental Plans do not issue separate financial statements.

Under the City's plan of adjustment approved in the Bankruptcy Case, the City restructured retiree health benefits through the creation of two voluntary employee beneficiary associations (or VEBAs). See Note XIII for further detail regarding the VEBAs. As a result of the restructuring, a special item totaling \$994,774,385 was recorded which represented the reduction of the net other postemployment benefit liability for the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan. The Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014.

(b) Funding Policy

Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan – The cost of benefits for the benefit plan for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Benefit	City Cost	Retiree Cost	Total Cost
Hospitalization	\$ 124,383,248	\$ 16,298,533	\$ 140,681,781
Dental	6,196,144	1,984,411	8,180,555
Vision	845,446	186,909	1,032,355
Life Insurance	 128,739	 36,077	 164,816
	\$ 131,553,577	\$ 18,505,930	\$ 150,059,507

Supplemental Death Benefit Plan – The cost of benefits for the supplemental plan, which is a pre-funded plan, with the funds held in the City of Detroit Employee Benefit Trust for the year ended June 30, 2014, is as follows:

Benefit	 City Cost	Retiree Cost	Total Cost
Supplemental Death Benefit	\$ 99,776 \$	i	\$ 99,776

The City of Detroit Employee Benefit Trust paid death benefits in the amounts of \$997,047 for General City retirees and \$584,877 for Police and Fire retirees for the year ended June 30, 2014.

(c) Annual OPEB Costs and Net OPEB Obligation

Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan - Prior to the City changing the health insurance coverage offered to retirees and the Plan of adjustment approval, the City had a net OPEB obligation of \$994,774,385 as of June 30, 2013. Given the significant changes to the Plan, and ultimately the elimination of the Plan as a result of the creation of the VEBAs, the City has recorded a special item to reduce the OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014. The net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014 was eliminated and a contractual liability was created equal to the fiscal year 2015 benefit payments of \$17,540,667.

	Business-type Activities												
		Total	Sewage				Automobile	Non-Major	Total				
		Governmental	Disposal	Transportation		Water	Parking	Proprietary	Primary				
	_	Activities	Fund	Fund	_	Fund	Fund	Fund	Government				
Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan													
Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year	\$	766,046,174 \$	70,201,066 \$	85,808,452	\$	70,306,819 \$	2,365,557 \$	46,317 \$	994,774,385				
Special Item - Plan Termination	_	(766,046,174)	(70,201,066)	(85,808,452)	_	(70,306,819)	(2,365,557)	(46,317)	(994,774,385)				
Net OPEB Obligation, end of year	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
Postemployment Benefit Contractual Liability	\$	13,082,859 \$	1,111,555 \$	1,508,954	\$	1,782,195 \$	48,137 \$	6,967 \$	17,540,667				

Supplemental Death Benefit Plan - The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension.* The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2014, the amount actually contributed to the Employee Supplemental Death Benefit Plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the Benefit Plan:

	Business-type Activities										
	Total Governmental Activities		Sewage Disposal Transportation <u>Fund</u> <u>Fund</u>		Water Fund	Automobile Parking Fund	Non-Major Proprietary Fund	Total Primary Government			
Supplemental Death Benefit Plan											
Annual Required Contributions (ARC) Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to ARC	\$	65,250 \$ 46,961 (31,307)	13,370 \$ 12,201 (8,134)	18,149 5 14,091 (9,394)	\$ 21,436 \$ 12,263 (8,175)	579 \$ 334 (222)	6 84 \$ 98 (65)	118,868 85,948 (57,297)			
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)		80,904	17,437	22,846	25,524	691	117	147,519			
Contributions Made		(70,040)	(7,350)	(9,906)	(11,992)	(464)	(23)	(99,775)			
Changes in Net OPEB Obligation Net OPEB Obligation,		10,864	10,087	12,940	13,532	227	94	47,744			
beginning of year		939,219	244,029	281,829	245,255	6,671	1,959	1,718,962			
Net OPEB Obligation, end of year	\$	950,083 \$	254,116 \$	294,769	\$ 258,787 \$	6,898	<u>2,053</u> \$	1,766,706			

The City annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plans, and the net OPEB obligation for the three most recent fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

					Percentage	Net
			Annual		of Annual	OPEB
			OPEB	Actual	OPEB Cost	Obligation
	Year Ended	_	Cost	 Contributions	Contributed	(Asset)
Supplemental and Death	June 30, 2014	\$	147,519	\$ 99,776	67.6 % \$	1,766,705
Benefit Plan	June 30, 2013		615,816	114,292	18.6	1,718,963
	June 30, 2012		609,001	200,751	33.0	1,217,448

(d) Funded Status and Funding Progress

Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan – As mentioned above, the City made significant changes to the Plan, and ultimately eliminated the Plan as a result of the creation of the VEBAs. Therefore for the fiscal year, the funded status and funding progress was not applicable.

Supplemental Death Benefit Plan – As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the Supplemental Plan, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits related to all City employees was \$32,445,878 and the actuarial value of assets was \$31,264,848, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,181,030. The covered payroll (annual payroll of all active City employees covered by the Plan) was \$396,950,077 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 0.3 percent.

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedules of funding progress are presented following these notes to the financial statements as required supplemental information and present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan net assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits. The prior year actuarial reports were not prepared using the parameters as specified by GASB Statement No. 45 and therefore, prior year trend information was not included in schedule of funding progress for years prior to June 30, 2008.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of shortterm volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the annual required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan	Supplemental Death Benefit Plan			
Valuation date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013			
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age			
Amortization method	Level dollar	Level dollar			
Amortization period for					
unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities	1.5 years	30 years, open			
Asset valuation method	N/A	3 year smoothed market			
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	0.0%	5.0%			
Projected salary increases	N/A	N/A			
Healthcare cost trend rate	N/A	N/A			

In the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation for the Supplemental Death Benefit Plan, the mortality tables used by the City's plan to evaluate death benefits to be paid for General, EMS, and Department of Transportation (D.O.T.) retirees was 120 percent of the RP 2000 Combined Male and 120 percent of the RP 2000 Combined Female table setback two years. For police and fire retirees, the City's plan used 105 percent of the RP 2000 Combined Female table setback two years. The City's plan used an annual rate of retirement of 50 percent, initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 20 percent after age 70 for General City. The City's plan used an annual rate of retirement of 25 percent, initially, increased to an ultimate rate of 100 percent after age 70 for police and 100 percent for fire for all ages.

NOTE XI. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various types of risk of loss including torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; natural disasters; and environmental occurrences. Also included are risk of loss associated with providing health, dental, and life insurance benefits to employees and retirees.

The City provides health and dental insurance benefits to employees and retirees through self-insured health plans that are administered by third-party administrators. The City does not purchase excess or stop-loss insurance for its self-insured health plans. The City currently is also self-insured for losses such as workers' compensation, legal, disability benefits, and vehicular liabilities and does not purchase stop-loss insurance.

The City purchases public official liability insurance, property insurance for certain properties, and general liability insurance for accidents occurring at certain properties. The City assumes a \$250,000 self-insured retention for any one loss or occurrence under its self-insured public official liability program. The City purchases excess liability insurance for its general liability for certain properties that provides per occurrence and aggregate protection. The City is fully self-insured for environmental-related liabilities and purchases no excess environmental liability insurance.

There were no significant changes in the insurance coverage from coverage provided in the prior year for any of the above-described risks.

A liability for claims is reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The claim liabilities also include estimated costs for claim administration fees and outside legal and medical assistance costs.

The City currently reports the risk management activities (excluding health and dental) of non-Enterprise Funds and the Transportation Fund (an Enterprise Fund) in its General Fund. Each fund pays insurance premiums to the General Fund based on past claims activities. Because the Transportation Fund is included in the General Fund's risk management activities, it does not record a liability in its financial statements. Risk management activities for the other Enterprise Funds are recorded and reported separately in those funds. The Detroit Public Library (Library), a discretely presented component unit, reimburses the City for all costs incurred related to workers' compensation. The Library records the liability in its financial statements.

The liability for self-insured health and dental benefits is reported with accrued liabilities for each of the applicable funds. The liability for workers' compensation current year claims are based on estimates and payments are based on actuals.

Changes in the reported liabilities for workers' compensation, legal, disability benefits, and vehicular liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				
	_	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014		June 30, 2013		
Balance at beginning of year	\$	116,348,463	\$	128,234,257	\$	18,413,676	\$	22,140,309		
Current year claims and changes										
in estimates		9,125,358		6,333,033		8,971,996		6,668,691		
Claims payments	_	(7,664,257)		(18,218,827)		(4,295,112)		(10,395,324)		
Balance at end of year	\$	117,809,564	\$	116,348,463	\$	23,090,560	\$	18,413,676		

Changes in the accrued liabilities for health and dental claims for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				
	_	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2013		June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013			
Balance at beginning of year Current year claims and changes	\$	31,098,837	\$	26,942,025	\$	1,317,216 \$	1,133,760			
in estimates Claims payments	_	100,958,945 (110,852,673)		132,834,132 (128,677,320)		28,265,624 (32,729,058)	34,947,355 (34,763,899)			
Balance at end of year	\$_	21,205,109	\$	31,098,837	\$	(3,146,218) \$	1,317,216			

The General Fund reported committed fund balance of \$79.3 million at June 30, 2014 for the purpose of funding future claim liabilities.

NOTE XII. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

(a) Lawsuits and Claims

The City is a defendant in numerous lawsuits and is also subject to other claims, including claims for workers' compensation payments. The City uses in-house and, where necessary, outside counsel to adjudicate lawsuits. Each case is initially rated by the City supervising or senior attorney handling or overseeing the case with respect to its viability for success against the City. Only cases rated 'probable' for recovery from the City are reported for financial statement purposes. The dollar value reserved for any eventual payout on any said case is based upon the facts of the case, industry standards relative to the type of injury or damage involved, and the experience of the Supervising or Senior attorney. The legal reserve as of June 30, 2014 is a product of this analysis. The City used a third party actuary to perform a workers' compensation reserve analysis (estimated loss reserve) as June 30, 2014. The actuary used a general approach that relied upon actual loss development patterns based on insurance industry sources and patterns to project ultimate losses. While it is not possible to project the final outcome of these lawsuits and claims, the City and its legal department have estimated that the liability for all such litigation and claims totaled approximately \$140.9 million for the primary government as of June 30, 2014. In addition, these lawsuits and claims may be compromised and/or discharged pursuant to a plan of adjustment confirmed in the Bankruptcy Case.

(b) Grant Audits

Several of the City's funds participate in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs prior to and/or including the year ended June 30, 2014 have not been conducted and/or completed. Accordingly, the funds' compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined as of June 30, 2014. Since the City believes such adjustments, if any, will not be material, no provision for possible adjustments has been made.

(c) Rate Matters

The Water Fund is a party to certain challenges and disputes related to its wastewater treatment rates by various groups and governmental entities. The challenges address the reasonableness of the overall revenue requirement to be attained, certain cost allocation methods, and ultimate amounts billed. Settlement discussions are ongoing and the ultimate solution is not currently known.

(d) Block Grant Funds

Several revitalization projects in the City have used a combination of financing from governmental and private sources. One of the sources of governmental financing has been Section 108 loan notes from the Federal Government. As of June 30, 2014, future Block Grant Funds of \$85,184,000 were pledged as collateral for the amounts owed to the Federal Government under Section 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended.

(e) Other Contingencies

The General Fund has a contingent liability for the obligations of all other City funds should such funds be unable to generate sufficient funds to liquidate their liabilities. In particular, the Airport Fund (other enterprise fund), Detroit Transportation Corporation, and Transportation Fund have received varying levels of subsidy from the General Fund to fund operating requirements.

(f) Construction Commitments

The City has commitments for future construction contracts. Construction to date and remaining commitments at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Spent as of June 30, 2014	Remaining
Public Protection	\$ 12,409,411	\$ 15,451,476
Municipal Facilities	5,880,409	939,470
Recreation and Culture	_	133,043
Municipal Services	671,073	1,454,772
Development and Management	494,077	112,123
Transportation Facilitation	_	 2,000,000
Total	\$ 19,454,970	\$ 20,090,884

The Sewage Disposal Fund is engaged in a variety of projects that are a part of its five-year Capital Improvement Program (Sewage Program). The total cost of this Sewage Program is anticipated to be approximately \$553 million through fiscal year 2019. The Sewage Program is being financed primarily from revenues of the Fund and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds. The total amount of construction contract commitments outstanding at June 30, 2014 was approximately \$737.2 million.

The Water Fund is engaged in a variety of projects that are a part of its five-year Capital Improvement Program (Water Program). The total cost of this Water Program is anticipated to be approximately \$504 million through fiscal year 2019. The Water Program is being primarily financed from revenues of the Fund and proceeds from the issuance of revenue bonds. The total amount of construction contract commitments outstanding at June 30, 2014 was approximately \$130.9 million.

(g) Operating Leases

The City has entered into various operating leases for equipment. The commitments under such lease agreements provide for minimum annual rental payments as follows:

Fiscal Year En	ding:	
2015		\$ 11,283,949
2016		10,028,603
2017		8,488,039
2018		8,275,531
2019		8,062,819
2020-2024		35,894,227
2025-2028		25,072,804
	Total Minimum Payments	\$ 107,105,972

Rental expense for all operating leases approximated \$15.3 million for the year ended June 30, 2014.

(h) Revenue Bond Indentures

The various bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of and flow of monies through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverage.

(i) Pollution Remediation

The City is subject to various governmental laws and regulations. GASB Statement No. 49, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations* established accounting and financial reporting standards for pollution (including contamination) remediation obligations, which are obligations to address the current or potential detrimental effects of existing pollution by participating in pollution remediation activities such as site assessments and cleanups. The standard excludes pollution prevention or control obligations with respect to current operations, and future pollution remediation activities that are required upon retirement of an asset, such as landfill closure, and post closure care. At June 30, 2014, the City has recorded an estimated pollution remediation obligation of \$51,265 as follows:

		Total Governmental
	_	Activities
Accrued Pollution Remediation	\$	51,265

The City's pollution remediation obligation is the result of projects that have been budgeted and approved by City Council. These projects include removal of underground storage tanks, cleanup of contaminated soil, and removal of other environmental pollution (e.g., asbestos) identified at the individual sites. The estimated liability is calculated using the expected cash flow technique. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and subject to changes resulting from price increases or reductions, technology, or changes in applicable laws and regulations. The estimated pollution obligation is reflected in the City's long-term obligations, which can be seen in Note VII (a).

(j) Joe Louis Arena and Joe Louis Arena Parking Facility – Lease Agreement

On March 31, 2014, the Detroit City Council approved a lease between the City, Olympia Entertainment and the Detroit Red Wings for the rental of the Joe Louis Arena and the Joe Louis Arena Parking Facility, effective as of July 2, 2010 and ending on June 30, 2015. The agreement may be extended for up to five more years. The agreement also includes a \$5.2 million settlement payable to the City in six equal installments over a three year period for all claims that all parties may have against the other related to the original lease (effective from August 16, 1978 to June 30, 2010) and the original parking agreement, and the new lease and the new parking agreement up through their dates of execution (July 1, 2010 through April 1, 2014). A payment of \$1,293,750 was received by the City upon execution of the lease. Accordingly, the City has recognized \$3.9 million accounts receivable and \$3.9 million deferred inflows on the General Fund balance sheet. In addition, the General Fund reduced the Parking Fund Advance of \$4,050,006 to zero due to the uncertainty of collection.

NOTE XIII. BANKRUPTCY

On July 18, 2013 (the "Petition Date"), the City filed a voluntary petition under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (the "Bankruptcy Court"), which case is captioned <u>In re City of Detroit, Michigan</u>, Case No. 13-53846 (Bankr. E.D. Mich.) (the "Bankruptcy Case"). On July 19, 2013, Bankruptcy Judge Steven W. Rhodes was assigned to the Bankruptcy Case by the Chief Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit. On or about February 18, 2015, after Judge Rhodes' retirement, Judge Thomas J. Tucker assumed oversight of the Bankruptcy Case.

Under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code, actions by creditors to collect indebtedness the City owed prior to the Petition Date were stayed, and certain other pre-petition contractual obligations could not be enforced against the City. The Chapter 9 filing enabled the City to continue to operate and provide services to its residents and "froze" pre-petition debts, which generally would be treated and resolved under a plan of adjustment. Obligations of the City incurred, owing or attributable to the period prior to July 18, 2013, were subject to compromise in the bankruptcy process. The City paid certain pre-petition liabilities, including certain employee salaries, wages, benefits, and other obligations, during the Bankruptcy Case. The City stopped making payments related to unsecured funded debt and legacy liabilities, with the exception of retiree healthcare benefits (which were modified during the Bankruptcy Case) and certain vendors providing essential goods and services.

On December 3, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court issued a bench decision determining that the City was insolvent and eligible to be a Chapter 9 debtor (the "Bench Decision"). On December 5, 2013, the Bankruptcy Court entered: (1) its Opinion Regarding Eligibility memorializing and further elucidating the Bench Decision; and (2) an Order for Relief under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code that permitted the City to be a debtor under Chapter 9 of the Bankruptcy Code.

The Bankruptcy Court set a deadline of March 1, 2014 for the City to file a plan of adjustment in the Bankruptcy Case. Accordingly, on February 21, 2014, the City filed its first plan of adjustment and a related disclosure statement. On May 5, 2014, following additional negotiations and mediations with its creditors, the City filed its fourth amended plan of adjustment and fourth amended disclosure statement. Also, on May 5, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order approving the fourth amended disclosure statement as containing adequate information with which creditors could determine whether to vote to accept or reject the Plan, and established July 11, 2014 as the deadline for creditors to cast votes to accept or reject the Plan. Thereafter, the City through its claims and balloting agent, Kurtzman Carson Consultants LLC ("KCC"), sent the Plan, the disclosure statement, ballots, and other materials that had been approved by the Bankruptcy Court to creditors entitled to vote on the Plan.

After voting was completed, on July 21, 2014, KCC filed its first declaration regarding the solicitation and tabulation of votes on, and the results of voting with respect to, the fourth amended plan of adjustment. Impaired classes that voted to accept the Plan included classes comprising PFRS pension claims, GRS pension claims, OPEB claims, Pension Obligation Certificate (POC) Swap claims and Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond claims. Impaired classes that voted to reject the Plan included the classes comprising general unsecured claims, POC claims, Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Bond claims, and certain classes of DWSD debt.

Thereafter, the City continued to negotiate and mediate with its creditors who had either not settled their disputes with the City or voted to reject the Plan in an attempt to reach full consensus on the City's plan of adjustment. Those further discussions were successful, and the City filed successive amended versions of the Plan of adjustment that reflected new settlements as they were achieved. On October 22, 2014, the City filed its eighth (and final) amended plan of adjustment (the "Plan").

The hearing on confirmation of the Plan lasted 24 days between September 2, 2014 and October 27, 2014. On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"). On December 10, 2014 (the "Effective Date"), the transactions contemplated by the Plan closed, and the Plan became effective pursuant to its terms. On December 31, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court issued a Supplemental Opinion supporting the Confirmation Order.

Eight timely appeals of the Confirmation Order were filed and docketed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Michigan (one of which has been dismissed on procedural grounds). Seven appeals remain pending. Six of the pending appeals of the Confirmation Order arise from the Plan's treatment of Pension and OPEB Claims and the ASF Recoupment program and are identified by the following case numbers: (1) No. 14-14872; (2) No. 14 14910; (3) No. 14-14917; (4) No. 14-14920; (5) No. 15-10036; and (6) No. 14-14899. The seventh pending appeal (No. 14-14919) concerns the unrelated issue of the Plan's treatment of claims arising under 42 U.S.C. § 1983.

On December 10, 2014, and in accordance with the Plan, the City: (1) issued \$1.3 billion of debt of which \$1.1 billion was delivered to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims; (2) paid \$110.1 million of cash including \$73.1 million to various classes of creditors in satisfaction of their claims, \$36.5 million to establish a Professional Fee Reserve account to pay the bankruptcy and restructuring professionals, and \$0.5 million to satisfy debt issuance costs; (3) assigned debt service payments on the remaining \$43.3 million of the original UTGO bonds primarily to the income stabilization funds for the General Retirement System (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS); (4) issued settlement credits totaling \$25.0 million to the insurers of the POCs; and (5) irrevocably transferred the assets of the Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) having a net book value of \$86.6 million to the DIA, as trustee, to be held in perpetual charitable trust, subject to dispositions in accordance

with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and within City limits, for the primary benefit of residents of the City and residents of the State. The table below describes the Plan creditor claims settlements and other requirements and the sources and amounts for the settlements made on or around December 10, 2014.

		Settlement
Description of Plan Creditor Claims and Other Requirements	Source	Amount
Limited Tax General Obligation (LTGO) Bond Debt	Cash	\$ 54,999,940
Professional Fee Reserve	Cash	36,461,114
POC Swap Settlement	Casino Holdback Funds	12,662,479
Syncora POC Swap Settlement	Cash	5,000,000
Debt Issuance Costs	Cash	521,147
36th District Court Settlement	Cash	482,857
	Total Cash	110,127,537
Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond Debt to Holders	2014 A1 - K1 UTGO Bonds	279,618,950
Police Fire Retiree Health Care Trust (VEBA)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	253,900,999
General Retiree Health Care Trust (VEBA)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	238,780,159
Refund Series 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds Issued In April 2014	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	120,105,000
POC Settlement FGIC/Syncora	2014 B(1)	97,692,788
POC Settlement FGIC/Syncora	2014 C Bonds	88,430,021
Funds for Revitalization and Reinvestment Initiatives (RRI)	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	85,684,724
POC Swap Settlement	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	37,969,929
Debt Service Set-Aside on 2014 A/B Bonds	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	27,500,000
Class 14 Unsecured Claims	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	20,596,747
LTGO Class 9 Settlement (POC Claims)	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	17,301,861
Unlimited Tax General Obligation (UTGO) Bond Debt to Insurers	2014 A2 - K2 UTGO Bonds	7,941,840
Downtown Development Authority Class 13 Claim Assigned to FGIC	2014 B(1) & B(2) Bonds	3,691,591
Debt Issuance and Other Costs	2014 A/B Income Tax Bonds	3,740,347
	Total Bonds	1,282,954,956
Income Stabilization Fund for Two Pension Funds	Original UTGO Bonds	43,349,210
Settlement Credits	Non-Cash	25,000,000
	Total Other Sources	68,349,210
Transfer of Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) Assets to DIA Trustee	DIA Assets (Book Value)	86,568,800

Grand Total \$ 1,548,000,503

Included in the \$1.3 billion of debt issued on December 10, 2014, were the City's Financial Recovery Income Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A/B totaling \$275.0 million which: (1) refunded the \$120.0 million of the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds issued in April 2014; (2) paid the \$38.0 million final installment of the POC swap settlement claim; (3) provided an additional \$85.7 million for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives in the City; (4) funded \$27.5 million for a debt service reserve for the Series 2014 A/B Bonds; and (5) paid \$3.8 million for issuance and other costs related to the new bonds. Also, the City has remaining proceeds available for reinvestment and revitalization initiatives from the \$120.0 million of the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life) that were refunded with this new debt.

The City eliminated a net \$8.3 billion (\$9.6 billion of liabilities and deferred inflows less \$1.3 billion of assets and deferred charges) of its obligations including: (1) \$7.0 billion of pension and retiree benefits (\$994.8 million included in the Long-Term Obligations total of \$3.0 billion detailed in the table below) legacy costs which were not recorded in the City's June 30, 2014 financial statements; (2) \$1.4 billion of POC long-term obligations; (3) \$302.5 million of the POC swaps; and (4) \$200.9 million of accrued but unpaid pension contributions. Also, as a result of the elimination of the POC long-term obligations the City eliminated the related net pension asset totaling \$1.2 billion, which included the obligation for the unpaid pension contributions.

The bankruptcy exit and settlement and discharge of claims under the Plan provided the City a total of \$6.8 billion in aggregate debt relief. Detailed in the table below is a summary of: (1) the eliminated and restructured obligations; (2) cash and assets used and new or other obligations incurred; and (3) the net benefit of the Plan.

		Primary Government						
		Assets & Oblig	gations		Cash & Asse	ts Used & New Obl	igations	
	_		Applied or			New Debt		Net
Description		Eliminated	Assigned		Cash & Assets	Obligations	Other	Benefit
ASSETS								
Net Pension Asset	(1) \$	(1,206,321,236) \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	(1,206,321,236)
Capital Assets (Net Book Value)		-	-	(10)	86,568,800	-	-	(86,568,800)
Deferred Charges	(2)	(34,452,367)	-		-	-	-	(34,452,367)
Total Assets		(1,240,773,603)	-		86,568,800	-	-	(1,327,342,403)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(3)	(17,682,877)						(17,682,877)
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable		-	-	(11)	36,461,114	-	-	(36,461,114)
Accrued Interest Payable		53,306,470	-		-	-	-	53,306,470
Derivative Instruments - Swap Liability		302,463,879	-		17,662,479	37,969,929	-	246,831,471
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers	(4)	143,085,398	-		-	-	-	143,085,398
Other Defaulted Debt	(5)	25,000,000	-		-	-	-	25,000,000
Contingent Liabilities		-	-		-	-	25,000,000	(25,000,000)
Long-Term Obligations	(6)	2,961,435,753	43,349,210		56,003,944	1,244,985,027	43,349,210	1,660,446,782
Total Liabilities		3,485,291,500	43,349,210		110,127,537	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	2,067,209,007
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	(7)	34,844,753	-		<u> </u>	-		34,844,753
Total Net Position (Deficit)	_	2,261,679,773	43,349,210		196,696,337	1,282,954,956	68,349,210	757,028,480
Other Obligations Not In Financial Statements								
Long-Term Obligations - OPEB	(8)	4,723,511,843	-		-	-	-	4,723,511,843
Long-Term Obligations - Net Pension Liability	(9)	1,326,824,448	-		-	-	-	1,326,824,448
Total Other Obligations	_	6,050,336,291	-		-	-	-	6,050,336,291
Grand Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	8,312,016,064 \$	43,349,210	\$	196,696,337 \$	1,282,954,956 \$	68,349,210 \$	6,807,364,771

(1) Net Pension Asset eliminated with bankruptcy and GASB 67 and upcoming GASB 68 requirements

(2) Prepaid insurance costs related to eliminated obligations

(3) Deferred charges related to eliminated obligations

(4) Principal and interest paid by insurers for defaulted debt including POC and LTGO debt

(5) Uninsured LTGO (2008 A(2)) bonds principal defaulted on

(6) Includes \$1.4 billion POC; \$994.8 million OPEB eliminated for year ended June 30, 2014; \$287.5 million restructured UTGO; and \$117.6 million LTGO obligations (7) Deferred Swap Termination Fees

(8) Last OPEB valuation (June 11, 2011) \$5,718,286,228 less \$994,774,385 included in Long-Term Obligations

(9) Net Pension Liability Reduction (\$2,918,025,938 pre-bankruptcy and \$1,591,201,490 post-bankruptcy)

(10) DIA Assets transferred to DIA Trustee

(11) Funding for Professional Fee Reserve

The City entered into various settlement agreements and other resolutions as set forth in the Plan, including the following: (1) UTGO Settlement Agreement (Sections II.B.3.o and IV.C of the Plan and Exhibit I.A.360 to the Plan); (2) LTGO Settlement Agreement (Sections II.B.3.n and IV.H of the Plan and Exhibit I.A.237 to the Plan); (3) OPEB Benefits Settlement (Sections II.B.3.s, IV.G and IV.P of the Plan and Exhibits I.A.108 and I.A.112 to the Plan) and the Retiree Health Care Settlement Agreement (Exhibit I.A.298 to the Plan); (4) DIA Settlement (Section IV.E of the Plan and Exhibits I.A.126 and I.A.127 to the Plan); (5) State Contribution Agreement (Section IV.D of the Plan and Exhibit I.A.332 to the Plan); (6) General Retirement System (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement System settlements (Sections II.B.3.q, II.B.3.r and IV.F of the Plan and Exhibits I.A.250.a-b, I.A.254.a-b, I.A.280, I.A.281, I.A.292, II.B.3.q.ii.A, II.B.3.q.ii.C, II.B.3.r.ii.A and II.B.3.r.ii.C to the Plan); (7) matters relating to the DWSD Authority (Great Lakes Water Authority - Section IV.A.3 of the Plan); (8) Syncora Settlement, including the Syncora Development Agreement and the other Syncora Settlement Documents (Sections II.B.3.p and IV.I of the Plan and Exhibits I.A.66, I.A.133, I.A.248, I.A.249, I.A.340 and I.A.344 to the Plan); (9) FGIC/POC Settlement, including the FGIC Development Agreement and the other FGIC/POC Settlement Documents (Sections II.B.3.p and IV.J of the Plan and Exhibits I.A.66, I.A.132, I.A.197, I.A.198, I.A.248 and I.A.249 to the Plan); (10) POC Swap Settlement Agreement (Section II.B.3.1 of the Plan and Exhibit I.A.88 of the Plan); and (11) all other compromises and settlements included in, incorporated into or related to the Plan of Adjustment.

Certain of the primary activities in the Bankruptcy Case are summarized below:

UTGO Settlement

On April 9, 2014, the City and three bond insurers agreed to a settlement in principle regarding the unlimited tax general obligation bonds (UTGO) that they insure, which UTGO bonds had a total principal value of \$330.9 million at June 30, 2014. The settlement resolved certain litigation pending in the Bankruptcy Court regarding the UTGO bonds. Pursuant to the settlement, holders of UTGO bonds receive a pro-rata share of Restructured UTGO Bonds in the principal amount of \$279.6 million (2014 A1-K1 Bonds issued December 10, 2014). The insurers of the prior UTGO bonds received \$7.9 million of the Restructured UTGO Bonds. The Restructured UTGO Bonds are secured by the City's pledge of UTGO bond ad valorem tax levy and distributable state aid (DSA) that the City is entitled to receive. The Plan reinstated the remaining Stub UTGO Bonds. Pursuant to the Plan, the proceeds of ad valorem taxes pledged and collected to pay the remaining principal (\$43.3 million) and the related interest of the reinstated Stub UTGO bonds are primarily to support the income stabilization funds for the City's two pension plans for additional distributions to those retirees who meet certain income eligibility criteria. The insurers remain responsible for the debt service to the bondholders on the remaining \$43.3 million Stub UTGO bonds.

LTGO Settlement

The City, the LTGO (Limited Tax General Obligation) bond insurer and Black Rock Financial Management reached a settlement related to the treatment of allowed LTGO Bond Claims, which is described in Exhibit I.A.237 and elsewhere in the Plan. On December 10, 2014, in accordance with the Plan, the City eliminated \$161.0 million of Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds and paid to the holders of allowed LTGO Bond Claims \$55.0 million in cash from the General Fund. Holders of allowed LTGO Bond Claims also received \$17.3 million of the 2014 B(1) and B(2) Bonds issued by the City on that day.

Retiree Health Benefits

The Plan restructures the City's retiree health legacy obligations, which consumed substantial (and escalating) percentages of the City's revenues at the time of the Chapter 9 filing. The Plan allowed the City to eliminate billions in unfunded retiree health obligations through the creation of two voluntary employee beneficiary associations (or VEBAs), which will be exclusively responsible for retiree health programs and payments for City employees who retired prior to January 1, 2015. A total of \$492.7 million (2014 B(1) and B(2) bonds issued on December 10, 2014), plus an additional amount of approximately \$5.0 million (paid over time) from private foundations, will be used to fund the VEBAs.

The Plan provides for the establishment of two VEBAs in accordance with section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, that would provide health care, life or other permissible welfare benefits to beneficiaries and certain of their dependents. The "Detroit Police and Fire VEBA" (PFRHC Trust), funded largely with the \$253.9 million of the \$492.7 million in 2014 B(1) and B(2) bonds, has been established for retired police and fire uniform employees, and the "Detroit General VEBA" (GRHC Trust), funded largely with the remaining \$238.8 million of the \$492.7 million in 2014 B(1) and B(2) bonds, has been established for general retirees. The two VEBAs will each be governed by a board of trustees, which will be responsible for: (1) management of the assets held by the VEBA; (2) administration; and (3) determination of the level of distribution of benefits to the beneficiaries. From and after January 1, 2015, the City shall have no further responsibility to provide retiree healthcare or any other retiree welfare benefits to City employees who retired prior to that date.

The two VEBA trusts, acting through their trustees, will be responsible for funding of retiree health coverage benefits on and after January 1, 2015, but the City has worked to facilitate a smooth transition for the take-over of retiree health benefits by continuing the 2014 program of stipends and Medicare Advantage insurance for the months of January through March 2015. The Trusts will reimburse the City for such payments.

In addition to the receipt of 2014 B(1) and B(2) bonds and certain foundation funds as noted above, and in order to provide liquidity to the two Trusts to make the reimbursement payments to the City and address other cash needs during the first half of 2015, the Governing Board of the City of Detroit Employee Benefits Plan (the "Detroit Benefits Board") will provide grants as well as a loan from rate stabilization reserve to the Trusts.

Detroit Institute of Arts (DIA) Settlement ("Grand Bargain")

Pursuant to the DIA Settlement: (1) certain charitable foundations and funders of the non-profit corporation ("DIA") that operates the Detroit Institute of Arts (collectively with DIA, the "DIA Funding Parties") have committed to assist in the funding of the City's restructured legacy pension obligations; and (2) the City has agreed to enter into certain transactions that will cause the DIA assets to remain in the City in perpetuity, subject to dispositions in accordance with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and to otherwise make the DIA assets available for the benefit of the residents on the City and State of Michigan (see below). The DIA Settlement will be funded over a 20-year period as follows: (1) an irrevocable commitment of \$366 million by the charitable foundations payable in equal annual installments over the 20-year period; and (2) in addition to its continuing commitments outside of the DIA Settlement, an irrevocable commitment from DIA to raise at least \$100 million from its donors, the payment of which \$100 million will be guaranteed by the DIA payable in equal annual installments over the 20-year period, which DIA payments are subject to a present value discount if paid in advance of the 20-year schedule of payments. Upon the closing of the DIA Settlement transaction on December 10, 2014, the City irrevocably transferred the DIA assets, having a net book value of \$86.6 million, to the DIA, as trustee, to be held in perpetual charitable trust, subject to dispositions in accordance with applicable national ethical standards for museums, and within the City limits, for the primary benefit of the residents of the City and citizens of the State.

In addition, related to the DIA Settlement, the State of Michigan, per the State Contribution Agreement (Exhibit I.A.332 of the Plan), committed to make a contribution equal to the net present value of \$350.0 million payable over 20 years using a discount rate of 6.75% to GRS (\$98.8 million) and PFRS (\$96.0 million) in support of the Plan. The State Contribution Agreement requires that the Plan provide for release of the State and certain other entities related to the State by each holder of a pension claim from all liabilities arising from or related to the City and the Bankruptcy Case.

In accordance with the Plan of Adjustment, on the closing of the DIA Settlement transaction on December 10, 2014, the City, the DIA, and the Foundation for Detroit's Future ("FDF") delivered the following agreements to effectuate the DIA Settlement: (1) the Omnibus Transaction Agreement (Exhibit I.A.127 of the Plan) by and among the City, the DIA and the FDF; (2) the Settlement Conveyance and Charitable Trust Agreement by and between the City and the DIA (the "Conveyance Agreement"); (3) the Quit Claim Deed from the City to the DIA granting the DIA the City's interest in the cultural center garage (the "Garage Deed"); (4) the Quit Claim Deed from the City to the DIA granting the DIA the City's interest in the real property of the Detroit Institute of Arts (the "DIA Deed"); (5) the Bill of Sale by and between the City and the DIA (the "Bill of Sale"); and (6) the Intellectual Property Transfer Agreement by and between the City and the DIA.

On December 10, 2014 the Foundation for Detroit's Future made the first payments totaling \$23.3 million in accordance with the DIA Settlement Agreement to the GRS (\$5.0 million) and PFRS (\$18.3 million). On February 9, 2015, the State paid the GRS \$98.8 million and the PFRS \$96.0 million in accordance with the State Contribution Agreement.

Pension Settlements

On the Effective Date (December 10, 2014) of the Plan, the City assumed the obligations related to the already accrued benefits under the GRS pension plan and the PFRS pension plan as those benefits were modified in the Plan. The old GRS and old PFRS plans (which were frozen on July 1, 2014) are closed to new participants, and vested active employees have not accrued additional pension benefits under the terms and conditions of those plans since that date. As of the Effective Date, the City retained the responsibility to fund all amounts necessary to provide the adjusted (reduced) pension benefits to its employees and retirees who accrued benefits in either of the old, frozen GRS or PFRS pension plans, although the City's contributions will be fixed during the period ending June 30, 2023. Thereafter, the City will be required to contribute all amounts necessary to fund the modified accrued pensions. Although, pursuant to the Plan, the City will provide necessary funding to support the reduced pension benefit levels, the level of funding necessary to support those reduced pension benefits will depend upon, among other things, future actuarial assumptions, changes in retiree mortality and investment returns.

To ensure that pension funding obligations do not impair the Plan objective of assuring that the City will have sufficient funds to operate and to improve infrastructure and public safety, the City developed the following pension restructuring assumptions and objectives: (1) the City has set a goal of achieving a 70% and 75% funded status for GRS and PFRS, respectively, based upon an assumed investment rate of return of 6.75%, by June 30, 2023 and based further on the market value of assets, not a smoothed value of assets; and (2) the City has determined the cash contributions it can reasonably afford to make to each pension plan during the period ending June 30, 2023. Based on these parameters, which were chosen to achieve predictable pension contributions over the long term and sufficient pension funding to provide benefits as modified, and to align the City's required future cash contributions to the plans with its reasonably projected revenues, the City determined what pension benefit cuts are necessary from the participants in each pension plan.

Under the Plan, claims against the City are divided into different classes. Claims related to PFRS pensions are in Class 10. Claims related to GRS pensions are in Class 11. Specifically, the calculation of the amounts of the allowed PFRS pension claims in Class 10 and the allowed GRS pension claims in Class 11 utilized, among other assumptions, a 6.75% discount rate to value liabilities and a 6.75% investment return rate for future growth rate of assets. This investment return rate is less than: (a) the net 8% investment return rate historically utilized by PFRS in calculating the actual underfunding of the PFRS pension plan; and (b) the net 7.9% investment return rate historically utilized by GRS in calculating the actuarial underfunding of the GRS pension plan. In both cases the City utilized the lower assumed rate as a measure to ensure that more conservative investment policies. Such policies would concomitantly reduce the risk of unexpected loss, which better ensures that the plan beneficiaries will receive their adjusted benefits and that the City is not confronted with unforeseen and unbudgeted increases in required future pension contributions that could cause the City to experience budget deficits in the future.

With respect to PFRS pension claims, the Plan does not reduce monthly pension payments for holders of PFRS pension claims, but it does reduce annual cost-of-living adjustments ("COLAs" or "escalators") by 55%.

Similarly, with respect to GRS pension claims, the Plan provides for reduction of pension benefits by 4.5% and eliminates COLAs. Holders of GRS pension claims who participated in the Annuity Savings Fund during the period July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2013, also are subject to the recoupment into the GRS trust of a portion of the excess interest credited to Annuity Savings Funds accounts during that period, either by a single lump sum payment, or over time through reductions in their monthly checks.

The table below details the anticipated pension contributions to the GRS and PFRS from December 10, 2014 through June 30, 2023.

	Required or Paid		Contributions Through	
Source of Pension Contributions	 FY 2015	_	June 30, 2023	Beneficiary
Detroit Water and Sewerage Department	\$ 65,400,000	\$	428,500,000	GRS
State Contribution	98,800,000		98,800,000	GRS
DIA	5,000,000		45,000,000	GRS
General Fund	12,100,000		92,100,000	GRS
Library	2,500,000		22,500,000	GRS
Stub UTGO Bond Millage Assignment to Income Stabilization Fund	4,400,000		31,700,000	GRS
Total GRS Contributions Through June 30, 2023	\$ 188,200,000	\$	718,600,000	-
Foundation For Detroit's Future	\$ 18,300,000	\$	164,700,000	PFRS
State Contribution	96,000,000		96,000,000	PFRS
Total PFRS Contributions Through June 30, 2023	\$ 114,300,000	\$	260,700,000	_

The latest actuarial reports "GASB Statement No. 67 *Plan Reporting and Accounting Schedules*" for the GRS and PFRS estimated that the pre-bankruptcy exit net pension liability at June 30, 2014 was \$1,786,441,192 and \$1,131,584,746 respectively (See Note IX Pension Plans). Also, as part of their analysis, the actuary projected that the net pension liability at June 30, 2014 for the GRS and PFRS as a result of the benefit changes in the Plan were \$999,849,016 and \$591,352,474, respectively. The net pension liability for both retirement systems decreased \$1,326,824,448 (\$786,592,176 GRS and \$540,232,272 PFRS) because of the pension settlements.

Great Lakes Water Authority

On September 9, 2014, as a result of the mediation in bankruptcy and pursuant to Section 12(1)(r) of PA 436, the Emergency Manager, the Mayor, the County Executives of Wayne, Oakland and Macomb Counties and the Governor executed a Memorandum of Understanding detailing the framework and parameters for establishing a regional authority under Michigan Public Act 233 of 1955, as amended ("Act 233"), to be called the Great Lakes Water Authority (the "Authority"), to operate and manage the regional assets of the Detroit Water Supply System and Sewage Disposal System ("Detroit Systems") owned by the City of Detroit and presently operated by the Detroit Water and Sewerage Department (DWSD) and the proposed Articles of Incorporation therefor including the lease of the Detroit Systems (other than the Detroit infrastructure serving residents, businesses and other customers within the City). On September 9, 2014, the Emergency Manager issued order number 34, approving the Articles of Incorporation of the Great Lakes Water Authority and related transactions. The Articles of Incorporation and Memorandum of Understanding include the following:

- The City retains control and ownership of the Detroit Systems.
- The Authority is incorporated for the purpose of acquiring, owning, leasing, improving, enlarging, extending, financing, refinancing and operating a water supply system and a sewage disposal system, including a storm water collection and treatment system, or a combination of such systems, and for exercising any of the powers of the Authority under these Articles and for purposes authorized under Article 7, Section 28 of the Michigan Constitution and other Michigan law.
- The City shall lease the Detroit Systems (except the Detroit local system infrastructure) to the authority for an initial term of 40 years, extendable to at least match the term of any outstanding bonds of the Authority.
- Consideration for the Lease shall be a \$50 million charge per year to be held by the Authority and used at the City's discretion to fund any or a combination of the following: Detroit local system infrastructure improvements, debt service associated with such improvements or the City's share of the cost of common-to-all improvements. Initially, 45% of the charge shall be allocated to Water Supply System customers and 55% shall be allocated to Sewage Disposal System customers. The City is forbidden to use the charge to support the General Fund.

- The State shall allow the Authority to use the Michigan Finance Authority to issue bonds on behalf of the Authority.
- The Authority will contribute \$4.5 million in fiscal year 2014-15 and 0.5% of base operating revenues of the Authority per year to a Water Residential Affordability Program Fund to assist customers who are financially unable to afford water or sewer service and agree to undertake conservation measures.
- The existing recognitions of the City's ownership and system support in the water and sewer system rate structures (return on equity for water and per settlement for sewer) will be frozen and continue at \$26.216 million per year (\$20,700,000 as the rate of return for the water system and \$5,516,600 pursuant to settlements for the sewer system) during the term of the Authority.
- The transfer of the Detroit Systems to the Authority shall not cause impairment of tax treatment of outstanding DWSD bonds. New debt and refunding bonds shall be issued pursuant to the Revenue Bond Act (PA 94 of 1933) or other statutory authority.
- The financial analysis undertaken by the parties to the Memorandum of Understanding assumes that the Authority will issue bonds to prepay its Pension Liability or identify other savings should such financing prove infeasible and the Pension Liability is paid over the schedule provided in the Plan of Adjustment. Within 90 days after the establishment of the Authority, the Authority working with the City and Investment Committee of the GRS, shall develop a process to reach agreement on the dollar amount which the Authority would need to deposit with the GRS as a one-time payment in lieu of the Pension Liability payments payable at \$42.9 million per year (not including the \$2.5 million in annual administrative expenses or the one-time restructuring cost payment of \$20 million in fiscal year 2014-15) over nine years pursuant to the Plan of Adjustment.
- The GRS will continue to: (a) track DWSD retirees, deferred retirees, active vested members, pension benefits paid and actuarial accrued liabilities separately from other GRS members; and b) shall allocate to the DWSD/Authority an undivided interest in GRS administrative expenses and in each investment and class of investment in the GRS, to enable the Authority to verify the appropriateness of allocations to the Authority.
- Each Detroit System is assumed to experience revenue requirement increases of not more than 4% for each of the first 10 years under the Authority management.
- The City and each wholesale customer shall retain responsibility for all obligations associated with their individual revenue requirements.
- The City has the right to continue to operate and retain employees to operate, maintain, repair and improve the local system in Detroit, including capital improvements and repairs, billing and collection services, and any other services.
- The City shall continue to develop the capital improvement program for the Detroit local system infrastructure and may elect to administer the maintenance and improvements to that system, and in any event, will direct the expenditure of all funds dedicated for those purposes.
- The Authority will finance Detroit local system improvements through the issuance of Authority bonds under the Revenue Bond Act, with the debt service to be allocated solely to Detroit local subsystem ratepayers.
- The Authority may provide services and issue bonds to finance improvements for other local systems within its service areas.
- The State agrees to identify ways to facilitate access and eligibility for the Authority to the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (SRF) grants and other sources of State funding to mitigate the cost of improvements for the Detroit Systems and local system improvements.

- The City will assign all customer and vendor contracts to the Authority.
- The Authority shall be a successor employer to DWSD for those employees transferring to the Authority, and will assume and honor DWSD's collective bargaining agreements for those employees.
- The Authority shall, in connection with its assumption of or substitution for outstanding DWSD bonds, covenant to:
 - A. Maintain compliance with DWSD's three-part combined coverage requirements for senior lien, second lien, and SRF junior lien indebtedness for both, additional bonds test and rate covenant purposes;
 - B. Maintain, pursuant to such ordinances or indentures, a flow of funds consistent with Act 94, on the following order of priority required by Act 94: (x) operation and maintenance expenses of the related Detroit System;, and (y) debt service on all bonds payable from net revenues of the related Detroit System before making deposits to other accounts in the flow of funds; and
 - C. Comply with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Court Order dated August 25, 2014 approving the DWSD tender and new money financing, including but not limited to paragraph 24 thereof (requiring the method of making pension payments to the frozen defined GRS plan).
- The Authority shall also have received: (a) an opinion of a nationally recognized bond counsel to the effect that the transfer of the Detroit Systems to the Authority and assumption of the outstanding DWSD bonds, in and of themselves, will not materially impair the tax-exempt status of the interest on such bonds; and (b) confirmation from one or more recognized rating agencies that the bonds, after assumption or substitution by the Authority are rated not less than the then-current rating on the bonds.

On June 12, 2015, the Authority's Board of Directors voted in favor of a resolution approving the lease of the Detroit Systems to the Authority for an initial term of 40 years.

The Syncora Settlement

Syncora owned and was an insurer of certain of the City's POC debt (Insurer of \$351.9 million pre-petition balance). In addition, Syncora insured certain interest rate swap agreements and UTGO debt (\$34.4 million pre-petition balance). Also, Syncora, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, owns the company that currently leases and operates the City of Detroit's side of the Tunnel.

The City and Syncora reached a Settlement Agreement (Exhibit I.A.340 of the Plan) effecting a global resolution of all matters and litigation between the parties related to the Bankruptcy Case, as set forth in the Syncora Settlement Documents (Exhibit I.A.344 of the Plan). Pursuant to the Syncora Settlement, and in accordance with the Plan: (1) the City, pursuant to Section II.D.1 of the Plan, assumed the Tunnel Lease and extended and amended Syncora's lease an additional 20 years to December 2040; (2) the parties entered into the Syncora Development Agreement and the Syncora Option Agreement; (3) the parties dismissed the Syncora litigation as set forth in the Syncora Settlement Agreement; (4) Syncora supported confirmation of the Plan; and (5) the City paid \$5 million (on December 10, 2014) to Syncora in full satisfaction of all of Claims filed or asserted against the City by Syncora relating to the POC Swap Agreements and any agreements.

In accordance with the Syncora Development Agreement, Syncora was granted options of 4, 5, and 7 years to acquire certain properties owned by the City including the former Police Headquarters located at 1300 Beaubien. If Syncora exercises the option on any of those properties, it would have 15 months to commence development of such property into parking facilities, residential housing, commercial retail space or any other suitable use that is consistent with the City's urban planning policies and comprehensive development plan. If Syncora does not begin development of the property within 15 months after the option is exercised, ownership of the property will revert to the City. Syncora must also complete construction within three years and three months of exercising the option. Syncora may exercise its option with respect to individual properties and is not required to exercise its option on all of those properties.

The Syncora Option Agreement includes a one-year option, exercisable from the Effective Date of the Plan for Syncora to enter into a 30 year concession with respect to the parking garage located under Grand Circus Park. If Syncora exercises the option, it will have the right to operate the garage and will also be obligated to invest at least \$13.5 million in capital expenditures within the first five years of assuming garage operations. The Syncora Option Agreement contemplates that Syncora will retain all revenues from the parking garage until it has recouped 140% of its initial capital expenditures of \$13.5 million. After that, Syncora will be required to pay the City 25% of the free cash flow of the garage.

On December 10, 2014, in accordance with the Plan, the City paid cash, issued bonds, and gave options and credits in settlement of all Syncora's claims against the City as detailed in the table below.

Source		Amount	Description
2014 A1 - K2 Bonds	\$	26,765,375	Restructure UTGO 2003 A Bonds totaling \$31,675,000
2014 A2 - K2 Bonds		47,479	UTGO Bonds Delivered to Syncora
2014 B(1) Bonds		23,500,000	POC Settlement (2005A \$52,750,000 & 2006B \$299,155,000)
2014 C Bonds		21,271,804	POC Settlement
General Fund Cash		5,000,000	Settle all remaining Syncora claims against the City
Settlement Credits	_	6,013,750	Development Agreements
Total Syncora Settlement	\$	82,598,408	

FGIC/COP Settlement

The Financial Guaranty Insurance Company ("FGIC") was an insurer of certain of the City's POC debt (\$1.1 billion pre-petition balance). The City and FGIC reached a settlement agreement effecting a global resolution of all matters and litigation between the parties related to the Bankruptcy Case, as set forth in the FGIC/POC settlement, and in accordance with the Plan: (1) the City and the Developer, for the benefit of FGIC and the FGIC POC Holders, entered into the FGIC Development Agreement (Exhibit I.A.198 of the Plan); (2) FGIC, on behalf of the FGIC POC Holders, became a settling POC claimant with respect to all POCs and POC claims associated with POCs originally insured by FGIC; (3) the parties dismissed the FGIC/POC Litigation as set forth in the FGIC/POC settlement documents; (4) except for excluded actions, FGIC waived any claims it may have had against any other party related to the dismissed FGIC/POC Litigation as set forth in the FGIC/S swap insurance policies: (a) FGIC received an Allowed Class 14 Claim in the amount of \$6.15 million, entitling FGIC to receive the Distributions provided pursuant to Section II.B.3.u.i; and (b) the DDA assigned to FGIC all of its right, title, and interest to the 2014 B (1) Bonds distributed to the DDA pursuant to Section II.B.3.t.ii.

Per the settlement agreement, FGIC and the POCs Holders will divide the consideration provided under the class 9 settlement (POCs claims) option under terms agreed upon between them. As part of the settlement, the parties agreed to dismiss the POCs litigation. FGIC also agreed to waive any and all claims it may have had against any other party, including the GRS and the PFRS related to the POCs litigation.

In addition to FGIC's share of the class 9 settlement option, FGIC and the City entered into a development agreement for the Joe Louis Arena site. Under this agreement, an entity to be formed and controlled by FGIC and the POCs Holders will have the option to acquire and develop the land upon which the Joe Louis Arena and its garage currently sit. The City will demolish the structures on the land and perform any necessary environmental remediation pursuant to the terms of the development agreement.

Within 36 months after executing the development agreement, the new entity must prepare a comprehensive development plan for the site. If the City approves the development plan, the City and the new entity must close on the sale of the parcels within two years of that approval, or within six months of completion of the demolition of the structures located on the property, whichever is later. The State has agreed to reimburse the new entity for eligible project costs and tax increment financing incentives. The City has also agreed to zone the property such that a mixed-use development would be permitted and assist the new entity in obtaining certain tax abatements. The new entity is required to have the development substantially completed within 36 months after closing on the sale of the property.

FGIC also had asserted claims against the City relating to the swap agreements. In settlement of those claims, FGIC has an allowed Class 14 claim for \$6.15 million to share pro rata with other Class 14 creditors in the \$20.4 million of 2014 B(1) bonds and \$0.2 million of 2014 B(2) bonds issued December 10, 2014. In addition, the Downtown Development Authority assigned to FGIC its right, title and interest to its distribution of 2014 B (1) Bonds under the plan on account of its \$33.6 million Class 13 Claim.

On December 10, 2014, in accordance with the Plan, the City paid cash, issued bonds, and gave options and credits in settlement of all FGIC's claims against the City as detailed in the table below.

Source		Amount	Description
2014 B(1) Bonds	\$	74,192,788	POC Settlement (2005A \$450,615,000; 2006A \$148,540,000 & 2006B \$500,845,000)
2014 C Bonds		67,158,217	POC Settlement
2014 B(1) Bonds		3,691,591	DDA settlement amount
2014 B(1) and B(2) Bonds	(1)	TBD	Pro-rata share of \$20.6 M Class 14 Claims Amount Unknown at time of this report
Settlement Credits	_	18,986,250	Development Agreements
Total FGIC Settlement	\$	164,028,846	

(1) Class 14 Claims (general unsecured creditors) remain unsatisfied pending determination of the allowed claim for each member of the class. A total of \$20,596,747 of 2014B(1) and 2014 B(2) Bonds are being held by a disbursing agent for distribution to claimants as such time as the allowed claims have been determined, and are the sole source of payment of Class 14 Claims.

Swap Settlement

The City reached a settlement agreement with the counterparties to the City's interest rate swap agreements (the "Swap Counterparties") that allowed the City to terminate its obligations related to the swap agreements in exchange for approximately \$85.0 million, less certain payments, in full satisfaction of the claims between the parties (the "Plan Support Agreement"). The POC Swap agreements are detailed in Exhibit I.A.88 of the Plan. On June 30, 2014, the fair value of the interest rate swaps obligation to the City was \$302.5 million (\$244.1 million to the Governmental Activities). On December 12, 2014, the City used \$37,969,929 of bond proceeds (Series 2014 B Bonds) and \$12,662,479 of Casino holdback funds to pay the remaining balance owed the Swap counterparties in accordance with the Plan of adjustment.

Financial Review Commission

Michigan Public Act 181 of 2014, M.C.L. §§ 141.1631, *et seq.*, established the Detroit Financial Review Commission (the "Commission), to monitor the City's compliance with the Plan of Adjustment and Public Act 181 and provide oversight of the City's financial activities. On December 10, 2014, the Commission became operational. The Commission has broad authority (as of the Effective Date) to obtain and review the City's financial records on an ongoing basis, approve budgets and contracts and conduct financial audits of the City. Michigan Public Act 182 of 2014, M.C.L. 117.4s-t, further imposes requirements including the City adopt a multi-year financial plan and appoint a chief financial officer (CFO).

Liabilities Subject to Compromise

Unsecured obligations owed or incurred by the City as of, or relating to the period prior to, July 18, 2013 were subject to compromise in the Bankruptcy Case. As of June 30, 2014, the City had made significant progress in achieving settlements with the major creditors. On December 10, 2014, the City exited bankruptcy with settlements with substantially all its major creditor groups. As a result, the City was able to reduce a large amount of obligations owed to creditors. The table below details the City's Primary Government obligations at June 30, 2014, and the bankruptcy compromise/settlement impact on those obligations. In addition, the table shows the additional debt incurred pursuant to the Plan to satisfy claims in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and to provide funding for restructuring initiatives.

	_	Total Primary Government	_	 Bankruptcy Compromise		Debt Added Effective Date	_	Proforma Balance
Long-Term Obligations Subject to Compromise					-		+	
Net Pension Liability GRS (Note IX (i))	\$	1,786,441,192		\$ (786,592,176)	\$	-	\$	999,849,016
Net Pension Liability PFRS (Note IX (i))		1,131,584,746		(540,232,272)		-		591,352,474
OPEB Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan		5,718,286,228		(5,718,286,228)		-		-
General Obligation Bonds Unlimited Tax (Note VII (b))		330,910,000		(287,560,790)		-		43,349,210
General Obligation Bonds Limited Tax (Note VII (b))		117,550,000		(117,550,000)		-		-
General Obligation Financial Recovery Bonds (Note VII (b))		120,000,000		(120,000,000)		-		-
Revenue Bonds (Note VII [c])		-		-		-		-
POC (Note VII (d))		1,399,155,000		(1,399,155,000)		-		-
Premium On UTGO and LTGO Bonds		8,795,578		(8,795,578)		-		-
2014 A1-K2 Bonds (Restructured UTGO)		-		-		287,560,790		287,560,790
2014 A Income Tax Bonds		-		-		134,725,000		134,725,000
2014 B Income Tax Bonds		-		-		140,275,000		140,275,000
2014 B(1) Bonds		-		-		616,560,047		616,560,047
2014 B(2) Bonds		-		-		15,404,098		15,404,098
2014 C Bonds		-		-		88,430,021		88,430,021
Notes & Loans Payable (Note VII (a) and (e))		33,600,000		(33,600,000)		-		-
Claims and Judgements (Note VII (a))		53,612,145	(1)	TBD		-		53,612,145
Total Long-Term Obligations Subject to Compromise	\$	10,699,934,889		\$ (9,011,772,044)	\$	1,282,954,956	\$	2,971,117,801
Current Obligations Subject to Compromise								
Accounts Payable	\$	16,329,862	(1)	\$ TBD	\$	-	\$	16,329,862
Accrued Interest Payable		53,306,471		(53,306,471)		-		-
Pension Contributions Due Retirement Systems		200,858,070		(200,858,070)		-		-
Swap Liability		302,463,879		(302,463,879)		-		-
LTGO P&I due Insurer		22,953,172		(22,953,172)		-		-
UTGO P&I Due Insurer		56,949,551		(56,949,551)		-		-
POC P&I Due Insurer		63,182,675		(63,182,675)		-		-
Other Unpaid Defaulted Debt (2008 A(2) Uninsured LTGO Bonds)		25,000,000		(25,000,000)		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources		34,844,753		(34,844,753)		_		-
Total Current Obligations Subject to Compromise	\$	775,888,433	-	\$ (759,558,571)	\$		\$	16,329,862

(1) Class 14 Claims (general unsecured creditors) remain unsatisfied pending determination of the allowed claim for each member of the class. A total of \$20,596,747 of 2014B(1) and 2014 B(2) Bonds are being held by a disbursing agent for distribution to claimants as such time as the allowed claims have been determined, and are the sole source of payment of Class 14 Claims.

The largest settlements were with the City's current employees and retirees. The City reduced its OPEB (Other post-employment benefits) obligations by \$5.7 billion and net pension liabilities by \$1.3 billion. In addition, the City's unpaid pension contributions required for FY 12 through FY 14, totaling \$200.9 million, were discharged in the bankruptcy.

Other significant reductions were for the: (1) POC settlement of \$1.4 billion; (2) Unsecured LTGO bonds of \$142.6 million including the \$25.0 million of the uninsured 2008 A(2) LTGO bonds; (3) Swap/derivative liability of \$302.5 million; and (4) insurer subrogation for defaulted debt totaling \$143.1 million.

The City issued \$1.3 billion of new debt under the Plan. Major applications of the new debt include: (1) \$492.7 million to fund the VEBAs for retiree health benefits; (2) \$287.6 million to restructure a portion of the original UTGO debt; (3) \$203.4 million to satisfy POC claims; (4) \$120.1 million to refund the 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life financing issued in April 2014); and (5) \$85.7 million for restructuring initiatives.

Pro-Forma General Fund Balance Sheet

Due to the timing of the City's CAFR, the June 30, 2014 financial statements do not represent the impact of the settlements reached in bankruptcy and the Plan of Adjustment, which became effective on December 10, 2014 when the City exited bankruptcy. In accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, the financial statements record the City's Assets, Liabilities (obligations), and Fund Balances as of June 30, 2014 when the bankruptcy was still pending. At June 30, 2014, the City was still obligated to its creditors for its pre-petition debt.

The following Pro-Forma General Fund Balance Sheet at June 30, 2014 has been restated for the impact of the occurrence of the Effective Date. As of the date of this report, there are unresolved claims and obligations of the City that are not included in the Pro-Forma General Fund Balance Sheet.

			Balance		Poplantov		Pro-Forma Balance
GENERAL FUND			June 30, 2014		Bankruptcy Compromise		June 30, 2014
ASSETS		-	Julie 30, 2014		compronuse		June 30, 2014
Cash and Cash Equivalen	ts	\$	376,272,685	\$	-	\$	376,272,685
Investments			5,009,151		-		5,009,151
Accounts and Contracts	Receivable:						
Estimated Withhe	ld Income Taxes Receivable		24,694,559		-		24,694,559
Utility Users' Taxe			2,505,618		-		2,505,618
Property Taxes Re			260,081,217		-		260,081,217
Income Tax Asses			58,485,008		-		58,485,008
Special Assessme			24,669,919		-		24,669,919
Trade Receivables		-	211,692,008		-		211,692,008
	nts and Contracts Receivable		582,128,329		-		582,128,329
	collectible Accounts	-	(513,781,842)		-		(513,781,842)
I otal Accounts ar	d Contracts Receivable - Net		68,346,487		-		68,346,487
Due from Other Funds			10,729,220		-		10,729,220
Due from Fiduciary Fund			2,538,863		-		2,538,863
Due from Component Un			1,808,025		-		1,808,025
Due from Other Governm	ental Agencies		156,927,661		-		156,927,661
Other Advances			805,485		-		805,485
Other Assets		_	348,865	. –	-		348,865
	Total Assets		622,786,442		-		622,786,442
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOU		_	-	. –	-		-
Total Assets and De	ferred Outflows of Resources	\$ =	622,786,442	\$ =	-	\$ =	622,786,442
LIABILITIES							
Accounts and Contracts	Payable	\$	50,239,629	\$	-	\$	50,239,629
Accrued Liabilities			68,690,505		-		68,690,505
Accrued Salaries and Wa	ges		17,141,508		-		17,141,508
Due to Other Funds			181,615,738		(138,359,015)		43,256,723
Due to Fiduciary Funds			32,167,402		-		32,167,402
Due to Other Governmen	tal Agencies		87,700,587		-		87,700,587
Due to Component Units			9,295,244		-		9,295,244
Income Tax Refunds Paya	able		3,862,477		-		3,862,477
Deposits from Vendors and	nd Customers		5,440,699		-		5,440,699
Unearned Revenue			5,051,341		-		5,051,341
Defaulted Debt Due to In	surer		22,953,172		(22,953,172)		-
Other Defaulted Debt			25,000,000		(25,000,000)		-
Other Liabilities			14,639,129		-		14,639,129
Accrued Interest Payable			3,890,348		(3,890,348)		-
Claims and Judgments		_	628,806		-		628,806
	Total Liabilities		528,316,585		(190,202,535)		338,114,050
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURC	ES	_	41,063,488		-		41,063,488
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)							
Restricted for:							
Capital Acquisitio	ns		42,000,000		-		42,000,000
Unspent Bond Pro	oceeds		979,826		-		979,826
Committed for:							
Risk Management	-		79,267,054		-		79,267,054
Quality of Life Pro	gram		77,067,071		-		77,067,071
Unassigned:							
General Fund (Def	,	_	(145,907,582)		190,202,535		44,294,953
	Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	-	53,406,369		190,202,535		243,608,904
	eferred Inflows of	¢		<i>c</i>		¢	
Resources, and Fu	and Balances (Deficit)	\$ =	622,786,442	\$ =	-	\$	622,786,442

The bankruptcy settlements in the Plan eliminated \$190.2 million or 36.0% of the City's General Fund liabilities at June 30, 2014. This includes: (1) \$85.6 million owed to the service corporations for the POC debt that the City defaulted on; (2) \$52.8 million of the UTGO debt service millage owed to the Debt Service Fund; and (3) \$51.8 million due to bondholders and insurers for principal and interest the City defaulted on for LTGO debt. The City's General Fund deficit would have been eliminated in fiscal year 2014 if the City's Plan had been confirmed and it had exited bankruptcy on June 30, 2014.

Long-Term Debt Compromised in Bankruptcy

The following schedule details the City's Primary Government long-term obligations at June 30, 2014, the impact of the settlements approved by the Plan, and the new debt issued on December 10, 2014, the Effective Date.

	Balance June 30, 2014	Discharged or Refunded	Effective Date Financing	Balance December 10, 2014
Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	, <u> </u>			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Self Insurance 2012C	\$ 129,520,000 \$	- \$	- \$	129,520,000
Subtotal	129,520,000	-	-	129,520,000
Series 2005-A(1)	3,950,000	(3,950,000)	-	-
Series 2005-A(1)	52,175,000	(52,175,000)	-	=
Series 2005-A(2)	745,000	(745,000)	-	-
Series 2005-A(2)	9,475,000	(9,475,000)	-	-
Series 2005-B	1,000,000	(1,000,000)	-	-
Series 2005-B	6,940,000	(6,940,000)	-	-
Series 2008-A(1)	43,265,000	(43,265,000)		-
Subtotal	117,550,000	(117,550,000)	-	-
Distributable State Aid 2010	249,790,000	-	-	249,790,000
2014 A Income Tax Bonds	-	-	134,725,000	134,725,000
2014 B Income Tax Bonds	-	-	140,275,000	140,275,000
2014 B(1) Bonds	-	-	616,560,047	616,560,047
2014 B(2) Bonds	-	-	15,404,098	15,404,098
2014 C Bonds	-	-	88,430,021	88,430,021
Series 2014 - QOL Financial Recovery Bonds	120,000,000	(120,000,000)	-	
Total Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	616,860,000	(237,550,000)	995,394,166	1,374,704,166
Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds				
Series 1999-A	15,765,000	(13,699,785)	-	2,065,215
Series 2001-A (1)	74,800,000	(65,001,200)	=	9,798,800
Series 2002	6,645,000	(5,774,505)	=	870,495
Series 2003-A	31,675,000	(27,525,575)	=	4,149,425
Series 2004-A(1)	39,270,000	(34,125,630)	-	5,144,370
Series 2004-B(1)	29,365,000	(25,518,185)	-	3,846,815
Series 2004-B(2)	575,000	(499,675)	-	75,325
Series 2005-B	4,695,000	(4,079,955)	-	615,045
Series 2005-B	37,920,000	(32,952,480)	-	4,967,520
Series 2005-C	4,730,000	(4,110,370)	-	619,630
Series 2005-C	10,795,000	(9,380,855)	-	1,414,145
Series 2008-A	12,385,000	(10,762,565)	-	1,622,435
Series 2008-A	43,510,000	(37,810,190)	-	5,699,810
Series 2008-B(1 Series 2014 A 1 - K2	18,780,000	(16,319,820)	13,321,425	2,460,180 13,321,425
Series 2014 A1 - K2 Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	63,206,000	63,206,000
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	5,615,025	5,615,025
Series 2014 A1 - K2	_	_	26,765,375	26,765,375
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	_	33,183,150	33,183,150
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	24,813,425	24,813,425
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-		485,875	485,875
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	36,009,675	36,009,675
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	13,118,625	13,118,625
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	47,231,275	47,231,275
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	15,869,100	15,869,100
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	378,360	378,360
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	1,795,200	1,795,200
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	159,480	159,480
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	760,200	760,200
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	942,480	942,480
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	704,760	704,760
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	13,800	13,800
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	1,022,760	1,022,760
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	372,600	372,600
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	1,341,480	1,341,480
Series 2014 A1 - K2	-	-	450,720	450,720
Subtotal	330,910,000	(287,560,790)	287,560,790	330,910,000
Series 2010-E	100,000,000	-	-	100,000,000
Total General Obligation Unlimited Tax Bonds	\$ 430,910,000 \$	(287,560,790) \$	287,560,790 \$	430,910,000

	Balance June 30, 2014	Discharged or Refunded	Effective Date Financing	Balance December 10, 2014
Revenue Bonds				
	\$ 2,785,567,772 \$	- \$	-	\$ 2,785,567,772
Water Revenue Bonds	2,484,925,000		-	2,484,925,000
Total Revenue Bonds	5,270,492,772	-	-	5,270,492,772
State Revolving Loans				
Sewer Revolving Loans	459,787,878	-	-	459,787,878
Water Revolving Loans	20,123,761		-	20,123,761
Total State Revolving Loans	479,911,639	-	-	479,911,639
PLAD Bonds	60,000,000	-	-	60,000,000
Governmental Notes Payable				
Federal Note — Ferry Project	1,635,000	-	-	1,635,000
Federal Note — Garfield Project	525,000	-	-	525,000
Federal Note — Stuberstone Project	90,000	-	-	90,000
Federal Note — New Amsterdam Project	7,750,000	-	-	7,750,000
Federal Note — Mexicantown Welcome Center	3,210,000	-	-	3,210,000
Federal Note — Vernor Lawndale Project	1,340,000	-	-	1,340,000
Federal Note — Book Cadillac	7,300,000	-	-	7,300,000
Federal Note — Garfield II Note 1	6,372,000	-	-	6,372,000
Federal Note — Garfield II Note 2	2,058,000	-	-	2,058,000
Federal Note — Fort Shelby	17,750,000	-	-	17,750,000
Federal Note — Book Cadillac II	9,984,000	-	-	9,984,000
Federal Note — Woodward Garden	7,050,000	-	-	7,050,000
Federal Note — Woodward Garden Note 2	6,197,000	-	-	6,197,000
Federal Note — Garfield II Note 3	6,697,000	-	-	6,697,000
Federal Note — Garfield II Note 4 (interim)	1,473,000	-	-	1,473,000
Federal Note — Woodward Garden Note 3	5,753,000	-	-	5,753,000
Total Governmental Notes Payable	85,184,000			85,184,000
Loan Payable to Downtown				
Development Authority	33,600,000	(33,600,000)	-	-
Loans Payable-IBM - Schedule-001	3,093,164	-	-	3,093,164
Total Governmental Loans Payable	36,693,164	(33,600,000)		3,093,164
Pension Obligation Certificates				
Series 2005A	450,615,000	(450,615,000)	-	-
Series 2006A and 2006B	948,540,000	(948,540,000)		-
Total Pension Obligation Certificates	1,399,155,000	(1,399,155,000)	-	-
Unamortized Premiums & Discounts	167,391,362	(8,795,578)		158,595,784
Total Other Financing Costs	167,391,362	(8,795,578)	-	158,595,784
OPEB Obligation	19,307,371	-	-	19,307,371
Pollution Remediation	51,265	-	-	51,265
Accrued Compensated Absences	77,671,327	-	-	77,671,327
Claims & Judgments	53,612,145	-	-	53,612,145
Other	47,563,087	-	-	47,563,087
Workers Compensation	87,287,979			87,287,979
Total Other Long-Term Debt	285,493,174	-	-	285,493,174
Grand Total Long-Term Debt	8,832,091,111	(1,966,661,368)	1,282,954,956	8,148,384,699
Defaulted Debt	168,085,398	(168,085,398)		
Total Primary Government	\$ 9,000,176,509 \$	(2,134,746,766) \$	1,282,954,956	\$ 8,148,384,699

The Primary Government long-term obligations, as of June 30, 2014, discharged or refinanced in bankruptcy totaled \$2.0 billion. This includes: (1) \$1.4 billion of POC debt; and (2) \$237.6 million of LTGO debt including the cost of refunding the \$120.0 million 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds (Quality of Life) issued in April 2014. In addition, the City's OPEB obligations totaling \$1.0 billion at June 30, 2013 were eliminated during the year ended June 30, 2014 because the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and settlements reached with retirees in the Bankruptcy Case. The City's only OPEB obligations to retirees were the \$19.3 million (\$17.5 million Health Plan and \$1.8 million Death Benefit Plan) included in the City's long-term obligations at June 30, 2014, which were payable through December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan (the "Retiree Health Care Settlement Agreement"). In addition, \$168.1 million of defaulted debt owed to the insurers as subrogees and bond holders including the \$25.0 million of uninsured LTGO bonds was discharged. The obligations that were discharged or refinanced in the Plan were satisfied in part by the issuance and distribution, on the Effective Date, of \$1.3 billion of new debt. The net Plan impact was a \$1.7 billion (\$1.0 billion OPEB and \$0.7 billion other Long-Term debt) reduction in the Primary Government long-term obligations at June 30, 2014.

Pro-Forma Statement of Net Position (Government-Wide)

The following Primary Government Pro-Forma Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2014 has been restated for the impact of the occurrence of the Effective Date on December 10, 2014. As of the date of this report, there are unresolved claims and obligations of the City that are not included in the Pro-Forma Statement of Net Position.

	_				
	_	June 30, 2014 Balance	Bankruptcy Compromise	Added Bankruptcy	Pro-Forma Primary Government
ASSETS	.		¢		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,113,676,509 \$	- \$	(110,127,537) \$	1,003,548,972
Investments		392,313,638	-	-	392,313,638
Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		288,158,532	-	-	288,158,532
Due from Component Units		3,592,899	-	-	3,592,899
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		178,184,774	-	-	178,184,774
Inventory		19,816,345	-	-	19,816,345
Prepaid Expenses		1,051,783	-	-	1,051,783
Prepaid Insurance on Debt		73,173,163	(34,452,367)	-	38,720,796
Long-Term Receivable		10,219,051	-	-	10,219,051
Advance to Component Unit/Library		24,016,604	-	-	24,016,604
Other Assets		2,059,941	-	-	2,059,941
Net Pension Asset Capital Assets:		1,206,321,236	(1,206,321,236)	-	-
Non-Depreciable		939,136,821	-	(10,800)	939,126,021
Depreciable, Net		5,678,448,948	-	(86,558,000)	5,591,890,948
Total Capital Assets - N	et -	6,617,585,769	-	(86,568,800)	6,531,016,969
Total Assets		9,930,170,244	(1,240,773,603)	(196,696,337)	8,492,700,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	346,369,340	(17,682,877)	-	328,686,463
LIABILITIES		220 752 075			220 752 075
Accounts and Contracts Payable		230,753,975	-	-	230,753,975
Accrued Liabilities		89,850,714	-	-	89,850,714
Accrued Salaries and Wages		21,183,213	-	-	21,183,213
Accrued Interest Payable		197,216,027	(53,306,471)	-	143,909,556
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		134,026,126	-	-	134,026,126
Due to Component Units		13,069,229	-	-	13,069,229
Deposits and Refunds		10,102,587	-	-	10,102,587
Unearned Revenue		17,983,338	-	-	17,983,338
Derivative Instruments - Swap Liability		302,463,879	(302,463,879)	-	-
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers		143,085,398	(143,085,398)	-	-
Other Defaulted Debt		25,000,000	(25,000,000)	-	-
Other Liabilities		19,286,339	-	25,000,000	44,286,339
Long-Term Obligations:					
Due within one year		412,290,238	-	-	412,290,238
Due in more than one year	-	8,419,800,873	(1,966,661,368)	1,282,954,956	7,736,094,461
Total Liabilitie	s -	10,036,111,936	(2,490,517,116)	1,307,954,956	8,853,549,776
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	-	52,033,918	(34,844,753)		17,189,165
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		940,478,218	-	-	940,478,218
Restricted for:					
Highway and Street Improvement		48,941,150	-	-	48,941,150
Endowments and Trust (Expendable)		765,245	-	-	765,245
Endowments and Trust (Non-Expendable)		937,861	-	-	937,861
Capital Projects and Acquisitions		187,742,180	-	-	187,742,180
Donations		1,135,691	-	-	1,135,691
Debt Service		335,582,345	-	-	335,582,345
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(1,327,188,960)	1,266,905,389	(1,504,651,293)	(1,564,934,864)
Total Net Position (Defici	t) \$	188,393,730 \$	1,266,905,389 \$	(1,504,651,293) \$	(49,352,174)

The Primary Government Pro-forma Statement of Net Position includes \$2.5 billion reduction in liabilities resulting from the settlements reached in bankruptcy. The liability reductions include \$2.0 billion of long-term obligations including \$1.4 billion of POC debt. Also, \$302.5 million of swaps were eliminated. In addition, the Pro-Forma Statement of Net Position includes the \$1.3 billion of new debt issued and the transfer of \$86.6 million of the DIA assets pursuant to the Plan.

In addition, the City's OPEB obligations totaling \$994.8 million at June 30, 2013 were eliminated during the year ended June 30, 2014 because the Employee Health and Life Insurance Benefit Plan was significantly reduced on March 1, 2014 and terminated on December 31, 2014 in accordance with the Plan of Adjustment and settlements reached with retirees in the Bankruptcy Case. As a result, the City's Long-Term Obligations were reduced by \$994.8 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, and this was the primary reason for the \$866.6 million increase from the June 30, 2013 Net Position Deficit of \$678.2 million to the \$188.4 million Net Position at June 30, 2014.

The net impact of the occurrence of the Effective Date on the June 30, 2014 Primary Government Statement of Net Position is a \$237.8 million increase in the Unrestricted Deficit and a \$49.4 million deficit Net Position, a \$237.8 million decrease from the \$188.4 million Net Position at June 30, 2014.

The actual net impact on the City's Net Position from the Plan is a \$628.8 million decrease (\$866.6 million less \$237.8 million) from the Net Position Deficit of \$678.2 million at June 30, 2013 to a \$49.4 million Net Position Deficit.

NOTE XIV. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a. Bankruptcy Exit

On November 12, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered an order confirming the Plan (the "Confirmation Order"). The Effective Date of the Plan occurred on December 10, 2014, and the City exited bankruptcy. On December 31, 2014 the Bankruptcy Court issued a Supplemental Opinion supporting the Confirmation Order.

Major Plan implementation activities subsequent to the Effective Date are detailed below.

Retiree Health Benefits

Pursuant to the comprehensive settlement of pension, healthcare and other labor-related issues that the City entered into with employee and retiree representatives that is set forth in the Plan (the "Global Retiree Settlement"), two voluntary employee beneficiary associations ("VEBAs") have been established to assume the responsibility for providing healthcare benefits to City retirees who retired on or before December 31, 2014. The trustees of the VEBAs assumed day-to-day responsibility for providing benefits beginning on April 1, 2015 and are currently: (1) working with vendors to monetize the new 2014 B(1) and B(2) bonds distributed to the VEBAs under the Plan; (2) negotiating contracts with insurers; and (3) designing benefits plans.

On the Effective Date, the Foundation for Detroit's Future transferred \$3,632,857 to an escrow account held in the name of the City to partially fund the two voluntary employee beneficiary associations established pursuant to Section II.B.3.s.ii of the Plan. On that same date, as required pursuant to the escrow agreement governing such escrow account, the City caused such funds to be disbursed to the Detroit General Retiree Health Care Trust (for the Detroit General VEBA) and the City of Detroit Police and Fire Retiree Health Care Trust (for the Detroit Police and Fire VEBA).

Pension Plans

The Retirement Systems have commenced implementation of pension plan modifications required by the Plan, including implementation of: (a) pension benefit and COLA reductions; (b) ASF Recoupment; and (c) income stabilization benefits for eligible applicants. The Retirement Systems have represented that they have taken steps so that the modifications were reflected in the pension payments distributed by the Retirement Systems on March 1, 2015. Pursuant to the DIA Settlement and the State Contribution Agreement, both of the Retirement Systems adopted new governance and financial oversight mechanisms.

Pursuant to the Global Retiree Settlement, on January 2, 2015, excess interest totaling, in the aggregate, approximately \$55.4 million was debited from the annuity savings fund ("ASF") accounts of substantially all current account holders. Each annuity savings fund participant who previously received a distribution of the contents of his or her account has been provided the opportunity to elect to return excess interest in the form of a lump-sum payment, and the election period closed on January 21, 2015. Reductions in pension payments to ASF participants who declined to make a lump-sum payment commenced on March 1, 2015. For each ASF participant who elected to make a lump-sum payment but fails to timely remit the ASF Recoupment Cash Payment, deductions of annuitized excess amounts will begin after May 1, 2015.

Syncora Settlement

Pursuant to the Syncora Settlement set forth in the Plan: (a) the options to purchase certain land provided to Syncora were executed on the Effective Date, and memoranda thereof were recorded on December 11, 2014; (b) on the Effective Date, the lease of the Detroit Windsor Tunnel was amended and extended for approximately 20 years; and (c) the City paid \$5.0 million to Syncora in satisfaction of claims relating to the POC Swap Agreements and certain related agreements.

FGIC Settlement

On the Effective Date, pursuant to the FGIC/POC Settlement set forth in the Plan, the City executed the Development Agreement associated with the properties related to such settlement (specifically the property commonly referred to as the Joe Louis Arena and its parking structure). As part of this transaction, the City has also entered into a Memorandum of Understanding transferring property to Wayne County Community College District to obtain clean title on the Joe Louis Arena Garage.

Settlement Credits

On the Effective Date, pursuant to the Syncora Settlement and the FGIC/POC Settlement, the City transferred settlement credits to a trustee (on behalf of Syncora and FGIC) in the aggregate amount of \$25.0 million that may be applied to the purchase price of certain eligible City assets, subject to the terms and conditions of those settlement credits.

DIA Assets

On the Effective Date, pursuant to the DIA Settlement set forth in the Plan, the City irrevocably transferred all of its right, title and interest in the DIA Assets to a perpetual charitable trust, including: (a) the DIA Collection; and (b) the real property located at 5200 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Michigan (the site of the DIA); and associated parking lots and garages.

Implementation of Reinvestment Initiatives

The City began implementation of the \$1.7 billion program of reinvestment and revitalization initiatives contemplated in, and made possible by confirmation of, the Plan. The reinvestment and revitalization initiatives provide funds for (a) public safety equipment, facilities and services; (b) blight remediation; (c) upgrades to City infrastructure, operations, and information technology; and (d) public transportation improvements.

Budget Implementation

Pursuant to Section 21(1) of PA 436, the City implemented a two-year budget, which includes contractual agreements assumed pursuant to the Plan and employment terms negotiated during the pendency of the Bankruptcy Case (including the implementation of new collective bargaining agreements negotiated with approximately 40 unions and incorporated into the Plan) and reflects the debt relief provided by the Plan.

For more details on the Bankruptcy Case, see Footnote XIII.

b. Restoration of Mayor and City Council Authority

On September 25, 2014, in accordance with Section 9(6)(c) of PA 436, the City Council voted unanimously to remove the Emergency Manager (EM) as of the Effective Date (the period from the appointment of the EM through such removal, the "EM Tenure"). By a letter to the Governor, the Mayor approved of the City Council's vote on the same day. On September 25, 2014, the EM issued his Order No. 42. Order No. 42 restored the authority of the Mayor and the City Council over day-to-day operations and activities effective immediately as permitted by PA 436. The EM continued to exercise his powers for the management of the Bankruptcy Case and related bankruptcy proceedings and the implementation of the Plan of Adjustment until the City's exit from bankruptcy on December 10, 2014. On December 9, 2014, pursuant to PA 436 of 2012, the Local Financial Stability and Choice Act, M.C.L. §§ 141.1541, *et seq.* ("*PA 436*"), the Governor of Michigan, Richard D. Snyder, approved the termination of: (a) the City's financial emergency status and; (b) the Emergency Manager's contract, in both cases upon the occurrence of the Effective Date. On December 9, 2014, pursuant to Section 9(7) of PA 436, Governor Snyder determined that the financial condition of the City would be corrected in a sustainable fashion so as to justify removing the City from receivership upon the occurrence of the Effective Date. Upon the occurrence of the Effective Date, the EM resigned, thereby fully restoring day-to-day management of the City to the Mayor and City Council.

c. Financial Review Commission

On the December 10, 2014 Effective Date, the Financial Review Commission (the "Commission") became operational and began its oversight responsibilities. Michigan Public Act 181 of 2014, M.C.L. §§ 141.1631, *et seq.*, established the Commission to monitor the City's compliance with the Plan of Adjustment and Public Act 181, and provide oversight of the City's financial activities. The Commission has broad authority (as of the Effective Date) to obtain and review the City's financial records on an ongoing basis, approve budgets and contracts, and conduct financial audits of the City. Public Act 182 of 2014, M.C.L. 117.4s-t, further imposes requirements including that the City adopt a multi-year financial plan and appoint a chief financial officer (CFO).

Compliance with Public Act 181 includes the following:

- Providing to the Commission any documents, records or other information requested of City officials by the Commission or its staff, including any documents, records or other information specifically required by PA 181.
- Appearing before the Commission to provide testimony, documents, records or other information as and when requested by the Commission or its staff.
- Providing to the Commission upon its request verification of compliance by the City with all of the following consistent with the requirements of Section 6(3) of PA 181:
 - A. Section 8 of Michigan Public Act 152 of 2011, the Publicly Funded Health Insurance Contribution Act;
 - B. Sections 4i, 4p, 4s, and 4t of Michigan Public Act 279 of 1909, the Home Rule City Act;

- C. Michigan Public Act 34 of 2001, the Revised Municipal Finance Act; and
- D. Michigan Public Act 2 of 1968, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act;
- Providing to the Commission a 4-year financial plan for review by March 23 of each year (100 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year). Section 6 (4) of PA 181 states- "During the period of oversight, the commission shall review and approve that qualified city's 4-year financial plan required by section 4t of the home rule city act, 1909 PA 279, MCL 117.4t. A 4-year financial plan described in this subsection shall be submitted at least 100 days prior to the commencement of a qualified city's fiscal year." The Commission shall approve or disapprove the plan within 30 days after receipt of the Plan. The Commission, if it disapproves the Plan, shall receive from the City a revised plan that addresses the Commission's rationale for rejection within 15 days after disapproving plan. The Commission shall approve or disapprove the revised plan from the City. If the revised plan is disapproved the Commission may adopt and impose a financial plan that satisfies all requirements.

The Commission is required on June 1 and December 1 of each year to file a written report with the Governor with copies to the Senate Majority Leader and the Speaker of the House and posted on the Treasury website as well as sent to the Mayor and the City Council.

d. Finance Department Restructuring

On September 25, 2014, the EM issued order number 41, which established a centralized financial management organization, under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO). Order number 41 places under the CFO all of the authority and responsibilities of the Finance Director under Sections 6-301 and 6-302 of the City Charter and of the Budget Director under Section 6-101, as well as the additional duties and responsibilities outlined in order number 41. Order number 41 includes the following:

- The CFO is directed to establish a centralized financial management organizational structure, to be called the Office of the Chief Financial Officer ("Office of the CFO"). The Office of the CFO will provide management oversight, control, and direction to the existing Budget Department, Finance Department and all their subordinate components, and all finance, budget, and grant related components of other City departments, divisions, and agencies. The Office of the CFO shall oversee, control, direct, and coordinate the City's activities relating to budgets, financial plans, financial management, grants management, financial reporting, financial analysis, and compliance with the budget and financial plan of the City.
- The Office of the CFO will be comprised of the following organizational components which shall be considered to be "Divisions" of the Office of the CFO:
 - A. Office of the Assessor (Assessments Division);
 - B. Office of the Treasury (Treasury Division);
 - C. Office of the Controller (Accounts Division);
 - D. Office of Contracting and Procurement (Purchasing Division);
 - E. Office of Grants Management (Grants Management Department);
 - F. Office of Budget (Budget Department); and
 - G. Office of Financial Planning & Analysis.

- All finance, budget, and grants management related positions in each of the City's departments, divisions, and agencies shall report to the CFO. Each department, division, and agency will include in their annual budgets the full funding of all finance, budget, and grant related positions performing financial and/or budget management functions. The CFO may transfer finance, budget, and grant related position and their full funding into the Office of the CFO from any department, division, and agency. The CFO will seek input from each department, division, and agency in the selection of the finance, budget, and grant related positions that will be housed in a department, division, and agency and will seek input from such entities in the management of those positions.
- The CFO shall have the authority to write-off accounts receivable without City Council approval if such accounts receivable: (a) are older than the statute of limitations; (b) have been absolved by a legal proceeding such as the confirmed Plan of Adjustment; or (c) are older than one year provided that the CFO obtains the written approval of the Mayor.
- Notwithstanding any City or human resources rule, regulation, policy, agreement, ordinance or practice to the contrary, including, but not limited to, the City's Civil Service Rules, in consultation with the Human Resource Department, the CFO shall create a new classification and compensation system for the positions under the authority of the CFO. The CFO shall have the authority to create compensation and salary schedules and to change said schedules based on future needs and compensation surveys to ensure competitive salaries for City finance and related positions. In all events, the CFO shall comply with the terms of applicable collective bargaining agreements and provide required notices to impacted employees and labor unions, if applicable.

e. Human Resources Department Restructuring

On September 25, 2014, the EM issued order number 40, directing the restructuring of the City's Human Resources Department. Order number 40 requires the HR Director to create a new classification and compensation system for the City. Order number 40 includes the following:

- The Human Resources Director shall have direct and indirect oversight of the Human Resource related functions, including bargaining obligations with employee representatives.
- The Human Resources Department shall be comprised of the following six organization components which shall be deemed to be "Divisions" of the Human Resources Department:
 - A. Office of the Human Resource Director;
 - B. Office of Human Resource Operations;
 - C. Office of Talent and Performance Management;
 - D. Office of Classification and Compensation;
 - E. Office of Policy and Planning; and
 - F. Office of Labor and Employee Relations (Labor Relations Division).
- The Human Resources Director is required to create a new classification and compensation system for the City.
- Notwithstanding any City or human resources rule, regulation, policy, agreement, ordinance or practice to the contrary, the HR Director shall create a performance management and evaluation system for the employees of the City. In connection with these efforts, the HR Director shall comply with the terms of applicable collective bargaining agreements and provide required notices to impacted employees and labor unions, if applicable.

- Notwithstanding any City or human resources rule, regulation, policy, agreement, ordinance or practice to the contrary, the HR Director shall create a Center for Workforce Development, which will be responsible for the training and development of City employees.
- The HR Director shall initiate, conduct and, upon completion, implement, a full review of all existing Civil Service rules and regulations in an effort to ensure these rules and regulations meet the needs of the City Government.
- Notwithstanding any City or human resources rule, regulation, policy, agreement, ordinance, or practice to the contrary, including, but not limited to, the City's Civil Service Rules, the HR Director shall have the authority to:
 - A. Determine the placement of all human resource positions, including the selection and removal of incumbents, within the HR Department;
 - B. Create or modify job titles, roles, responsibilities and positions in support of the City's human resource functions, within the HR Department and other City departments, divisions, and agencies; and
 - C. Make recruitment, hiring, retention, promotion, demotion, reassignment, and any other related personnel decisions affecting the City's human resource functions.

f. Department of Innovation and Technology

On September 25, 2014, the EM issued order number 39, which created a centralized information technology management organization within the Information Technology Services Department, under the direction of the Chief Information Officer ("CIO"). Order number 39 includes the following:

- The CIO is directed to establish a Department of Innovation and Technology (the "Department of DOIT"). The CIO shall be the director of the Department of DOIT. The Department of Information Technology Services shall become a division of the Department of DOIT.
- The CIO is directed to establish a centralized information technology organizational structure in the Department of DOIT. The Department of DOIT shall provide centralized management oversight, control and direction to all information technology related components of other City departments, divisions, and agencies. The CIO shall have the power, with the consent of the Mayor, to appoint up to eight employees within the Department of DOIT who report to the CIO for purposes of carrying out the functions of the Department of DOIT and serve at the pleasure of the Mayor.
- All information technology related positions in each of the City's departments, divisions, and agencies shall report to the CIO. Each department, division, and agency shall include in its annual budgets the full funding of all information technology related positions performing information technology functions.
- No department, division or agency may acquire or otherwise deploy any information technology without the express approval of the CIO. It is understood that department directors have a major role deciding whether the system application meets the programmatic requirements of a department, division or agency.

g. Housing and Revitalization Department ("HRD")

On September 25, 2014, the EM issued order number 38, which established the new Housing and Revitalization Department (the "HRD") to perform certain functions previously performed by the Planning and Development Department. Order number 38 includes the following:

• The HRD shall strategically manage the City's Federal entitlement and related resources and shall be comprised of the following three divisions: (a) Administration; (b) Public/Private Partnership; and (c) Underwriting.

- The Administration Division shall be comprised of the following operational components: (a) Program Management, Reporting and Data Collection; (b) Labor Standards and Section 3 Compliance; and (c) Administrative support.
- The Public/Private Partnership Division shall lead initiatives to attract public and private investment in city neighborhoods using public land and financing.
- The Underwriting Division shall invest the City's entitlement funds in affordable, mixed income and mixed-use housing developments, and related public improvements in addition to leading the planning associated with Community Development Block Grants, Emergency Solutions Grant Program, HOME funds and Neighborhood Opportunity Fund, and the implementation of a City-wide investment strategy.
- All finance, accounting, and grant management positions in the City's Planning and Development Department ("PDD") and their respective appropriations shall be transferred to the Office of the Chief Financial Officer. The City's Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") or his designee will identify the specific positions that will be transferred, the appropriations to be transferred, and the timing of these transfers.
- The PDD will be comprised of the following operational components: overseeing the development of a City-wide Master Plan of Policies; strategic oversight of land acquisition and land sales in partnership with HRD; site plan review for community planning implementation and coordination; assisting with administering Historic and Environmental regulations, data management, and GIS mapping.

h. Great Lakes Water Authority

On November 26, 2014, the Bankruptcy Court entered a Mediation Order, ordering parties "to continue to engage in facilitative mediation of any matters regarding the formation of the Great Lakes Water Authority....". A Board of Directors for the Authority has been appointed and began meeting, on a bimonthly basis, in December 2014. The State has awarded a \$3.8 million grant to the Authority for payment of costs associated with the transition of operations and oversight. Professionals have been hired to assist in all aspects of the transition and currently are preparing documents related to: (a) the lease of the City's regional water supply and sewer disposal systems; (b) bondholder consents to the transfer and assumption of outstanding City water and sewer bonds by the Authority; and (c) the issuance of the Great Lakes Water Authority bonds. On June 12, 2015, the Authority's Board of Directors voted in favor of a resolution approving the lease of the Detroit Systems to the Authority for an initial term of 40 years.

i. New Pension Plan

The City of Detroit implemented new hybrid pension programs under the General Retirement System ("GRS") and Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") for all active and new employees beginning July 1, 2014. Current and new City employees who participate in GRS will contribute 4 percent of their weekly pre-tax base salary and employees who participate in PFRS will contribute 6 percent of their weekly pre-tax base salary toward the cost of benefits payable under their respective hybrid pension plans. PFRS members hired after June 30, 2014 will contribute 8 percent of their weekly pre-tax base salary toward the cost of benefits under their weekly pre-tax base salary toward the cost of benefits under the new hybrid plan. The City will make contributions to GRS equal to 5% of members' base compensation and will make contributions to PFRS equal to 12.25% of members' base compensation (a contribution rate equal to 11.2% applied for pay periods after July 1, 2014 and the effective dates of certain bargaining agreements). In addition, each of the new hybrid pension programs contains rules requiring greater contributions from employee participants, as well as changes to accrual rates, and reduction in cost of living adjustments, in the event that the funding level of a hybrid program falls below a certain threshold level.

In connection with the establishment of new hybrid pension plan programs, benefit accruals under the old GRS and PFRS benefit programs were frozen as of June 30, 2014 and no employees were allowed to earn benefits under those old benefit programs after that date. On July 1, 2014 all current and future employees began participating in the new hybrid pension plans. Active City employees who participated in the old frozen GRS or PFRS will be entitled to the accrued benefits they earned under those Retirement Systems through June 30, 2014, with such accrued benefits reduced by the pension reduction provisions of the Bankruptcy Plan of

Adjustment, plus an additional benefit under the new hybrid plan formula, as long as they satisfy vesting requirements. Assets supporting the new hybrid pension programs will be accounted separately from accounting of assets supporting the frozen pension programs.

All employees must meet the vesting rules governing these new hybrid plans but will receive credit toward those vesting requirements for service performed prior to June 30, 2014.

No new contributions will be made to the Annuity Savings Funds ("ASF") under the frozen GRS after June 30, 2014. Amounts held in ASF accounts under the frozen GRS will continue to be credited with interest until distributed to members or used to increase members' retirement allowances. The interest rate credited to ASF accounts for fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2013 will be credited at the actual net investment rate of return earned by the GRS, but not be less than zero (i.e., no negative adjustments to ASF accounts) or more than 5.25 percent.

j. Acquisition of 77 Detroit Public Schools Properties

On October 18, 2014, the Mayor and the Detroit Public Schools (DPS) Emergency Manager announced a deal regarding disposition of 77 blighted DPS properties, and forgiveness of DPS' \$11.6 million debt to the City. DPS will turn over control of 57 vacant schools (31 secured and 26 unsecured) and an additional 20 vacant lots where schools once stood. A total of \$4.3 million in federal Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) funds administered by the State was available to demolish ten to twelve (10-12) of the buildings.

Initially, the properties will be placed in escrow, pending the results of environmental assessments. The city will conduct an environmental analysis of each school property to determine how much remediation may be required. During that time, the City will assume responsibility for maintaining and securing the properties.

Once each assessment is completed on each property, title will be transferred to the City of Detroit. If the City determines that the level of contamination at a property would make it prohibitively expensive to clean up, it will return the property to DPS, which will have the option to offer another vacant property to the City or reimburse the City in an amount originally assigned to the property. Several of the closed schools still have playground equipment and are being used by the neighborhoods as a recreation area. These playgrounds will be maintained by the City General Services Department as City parks and maintained within the parks budget.

Demolition of other schools will come later as additional funding is identified. Former school buildings on these properties that are still viable, as well as vacant lots, will be marketed for redevelopment by the City. Approximately half of the 57 school structures are currently open to trespass, posing a threat to the community. To address this, the City will secure the vacant buildings.

k. Other Restructuring Initiatives

New Financial Management System (FMS)

The City has begun a process to replace its old DRMS (Detroit Resource Management System) system. This process is referred to internally as "Fast Track" and will result in the implementation of modern Finance and Human Resource systems. These systems are cloud based (hosted environments where software is purchased as a service).

I. Debt Ratings

On October 20, 2014, Moody's Investment Service (Moody's) downgraded the City's POCs from "Ca" to "C". On December 5, 2014, Moody's upgraded the rating on the City's third lien Distributable State Aid bonds, Series 2012C, from "A3" to "A2". The outlook on all three liens was revised to stable from negative. The Aa3 rating applies to the Distributable State Aid General Obligation (Limited Tax) Bonds, Series 2010; the A1 rating applies to the Local Government Loan Program Revenue Bonds (City of Detroit Unlimited Tax General Obligation - Second Lien), Series 2010E; and the A2 rating applies to the Local Government Loan Program Revenue Loan Bonds (City of Detroit Limited Tax General Obligation - Third Lien), Series 2012C. All three

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series of bonds are backed by a general obligation pledge of Detroit and also by a direct intercept of Distributable State Aid (DSA) from the State of Michigan. On December 16, 2014, Standard & Poor's withdrew its ratings on the City's UGTO and LGTO bonds and the POCs. On December 22, 2014, Standard & Poor's assigned an A- rating to the \$287.6 million of Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds (2014 A1 to 2014 K2) issued by the Michigan Finance Authority on December 10, 2014 for the City of Detroit secured by the City's unlimited tax general obligation pledge and a fourth-lien pledge of Distributable State Aid (DSA) revenues. At the same time, Standard and Poor's affirmed its ratings on Detroit's DSA bond series 2010 ('AA'; closed first lien), series 2010E and 2012B ('AA-'; second lien) bonds, and series 2012C ('A+'; third lien), bonds. On March 11, 2015, Moody's gave the City a B3 stable issuer rating.

On August 20, 2014, Standard & Poor's increased the rating on the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds senior and second lien debt from CCC/CCC to BBB+/BBB+. Moody's increased the ratings on the same debt from B1/B2 to Ba2/Ba3. Fitch also increased the ratings on the senior and second lien debt from BB+/BB to BBB-/BB+.

m. New Debt Issues

On the December 10, 2014 Effective Date, the City issued approximately \$1.3 billion of debt. Certain bonds (2014 A1-K2, 2014 A, and 2014 B (Exit Financing) bonds) were initially sold to the Michigan Finance Authority (MFA). The MFA then issued bonds secured by the City's bonds. This debt and uses of the proceeds are summarized and described below.

Debt Issued		Amount
2014 B(1) Bonds	\$	616,560,047
2014 B(2) Bonds		15,404,098
2014 C Bonds		88,430,021
2014 A Bonds (Exit Financing)		134,725,000
2014 B Bonds (Exit Financing)		140,275,000
2014 A1-K2 Bonds	_	287,560,790
Total New Debt Issued	\$	1,282,954,956

2014 B(1) and B(2) Bonds

The Financial Recovery Bonds, Series 2014 B(1) and Series B(2) total \$616,560,047 and \$15,404,098, respectively. They are federally taxable. The bonds' interest rate is 4.0% per annum from December 10, 2014 to and including March 31, 2034 and 6% per annum thereafter until the maturity date of April 1, 2044. The bonds were delivered to classes of creditors in satisfaction of: (1) Class 12 OPEB Claims (the bonds were distributed to the new Voluntary Employee Beneficiary Associations (VEBA) for the general retirees and police and fire retirees; (2) Class 9 Pension Obligation Certificate (POC) claims; and (3) other unsecured bankruptcy claims. The distribution of the 2014 B(1) and B(2) Bonds is detailed in the table below.

Use		Series B(1)	Series B(2)	_	Total
GRS VEBA	\$	233,414,249	\$ 5,365,910	\$	238,780,159
PFRS VEBA		248,245,662	5,655,337		253,900,999
LTGO Class 9 Settlement		13,138,835	4,163,026		17,301,861
Class 14 Other Unsecured Claims		20,376,922	219,825		20,596,747
FGIC Settlement DDA Recovery		3,691,591	-		3,691,591
POC Settlement with Syncora		23,500,000	-		23,500,000
POC Settlement with FGIC	_	74,192,788	-		74,192,788
Total	\$	616,560,047	\$ 15,404,098	\$	631,964,145

2014 C Bonds

The Financial Recovery Bonds, Series 2014 C total \$88,430,021. The bonds bear interest at 5% per annum. The bonds mature on December 10, 2026. The bonds are unsecured but City revenues from its parking garages will provide the required debt service. If the parking garage revenues are insufficient then the City's General Fund will provide the necessary debt service funds. The 2014 C Bonds were issued as part of the Syncora Settlement and FGIC/POC Settlement in the Plan, and on the Effective Date, the bonds were distributed as follows:

Use	_	Series C Bonds
POC Settlement with Syncora	\$	21,271,804
POC Settlement with FGIC		67,158,217
Total	\$	88,430,021

2014 A and B Bonds

The Financial Recovery Income Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 A and Series 2014 B total \$134,725,000 and \$140,275,000, respectively. The bonds' interest rate is currently variable but will be reoffered to the public and converted to a fixed rate. The Series 2014 A Bonds are tax exempt and mature on October 1, 2029 and the Series B Bonds are taxable and mature on October 1, 2022. The City's income tax revenues are pledged to and secure the payment of debt service on these bonds. The bond proceeds were used to: (1) refund the Series 2014 Financial Recovery Bonds, "Quality of Life", issued in April 2014; (2) fund a debt service reserve for the bonds; (3) provide additional funding for the City's reinvestment and revitalization initiatives; (4) pay the final installment of the settlement of the Class 5 POC Swap Claims; and (5) pay the costs of issuance of the bonds. Detailed in the table below are the use of proceeds for each series.

Use	_	Series A	 Series B	_	Total
Refund Quality of Life Financing	\$	61,353,638	\$ 58,751,363	\$	120,105,001
Debt Service Reserve		13,472,500	14,027,500		27,500,000
Issuance and Other Costs		1,834,028	1,906,319		3,740,347
Restructuring Initiatives (RRI)		58,064,834	27,619,890		85,684,724
Derivatives (Swap Settlement pay-off)	_	-	 37,969,929		37,969,929
Total	\$	134,725,000	\$ 140,275,001	\$	275,000,001

2014 A1-2014 K2 Bonds

The UTGO (Unlimited Tax General Obligation) Restructured Local Project Bonds Fourth Lien total \$287,560,790. The City's unlimited tax annual debt millage levy will provide the debt service requirements for these bonds. If the debt millage is insufficient, then the City's distributable state aid and General Fund will be required to make up any deficiency. The bonds were issued to restructure \$287,560,790 of the original UTGO bonds outstanding before the Effective Date. The UTGO debt has been restructured by the issuance and delivery to the Michigan Finance Authority (MFA) of 22 series of new City bonds, each corresponding to an equivalent principal amount of the eleven series of original, prepetition UTGO bonds, with the same interest rate, maturity and redemption provisions as the original UTGO bonds. The bonds are comprised of subseries (2014 A1 - K2). The 2014 A1 - K2 bonds total \$287,560,790 and on the Effective Date, \$279,618,950 of the bonds were delivered to the original UTGO bondholders and \$7,941,840 of the bonds were delivered to the UTGO bond insurers.

City of Detroit, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

The \$287,560,790 principal amount of the original UTGO bonds, which has been restructured as described above has been cancelled and discharged. The principal amount of the original UTGO bonds of \$43,349,210 ("Stub UTGO Bonds") remains outstanding. The Plan assigned the City's collections of the debt service millage for the Stub UTGO Bonds primarily to the income stabilization funds, as part of the City's original General Retirement (GRS) and Police and Fire Retirement (PFRS) systems, for additional distributions to those retirees who meet certain income eligibility criteria established, pursuant to the Plan. The insurers remain responsible for the payment of debt service to the original bondholders on the remaining \$43.3 million UTGO bonds, as part of the Class 8 UTGO Settlement and in accordance with the Plan.

Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds

On August 21, 2014, the Board of Water Commissioners accepted revenue bond tender offers of \$752,450,000 and \$715,220,000 for the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds, respectively. Subsequently, on August 26, 2014, the Water and Sewage Disposal Funds issued refunding revenue Series 2014D bonds in the amount of \$854,850,000 and Series 2014C bonds in the amount of \$785,170,000, respectively, as a conduit financing through the Michigan Finance Authority. In addition, the Sewage fund issued \$150,690,000 of new revenue bonds. The net present value savings from the refunding transactions were \$57 million and \$53 million for the Water and the Sewage Disposal Funds, respectively.

COMPARISON - GENERAL FUND BUDGET TO ACTUAL

(UNAUDITED)

NOTES TO BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISON

Budgeting Policy: The City's annual budget constitutes a financial plan for the next fiscal year, which is required to set forth estimated revenues from all sources and all appropriations. Proposed capital appropriations are included in separate sections of the budget. Any surplus or deficit during the preceding year is entered into the budget for the next fiscal year as either revenue (surplus) or appropriation (deficit), in accordance with the City Charter. The total of proposed expenditures cannot exceed the total of estimated revenues, so that the budget as submitted is a balanced budget. Budgets are prepared for all agencies of the City. All budgets are adopted at the function level within a department, the legal level of budgetary control.

Budgetary Compliance: On or before April 12 of each year, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed annual budget for the next fiscal year. A public hearing in the manner provided by law or ordinance is held on the proposed budget before adoption. After the public hearing, the City Council adopts the budget with or without amendment. Consideration of the budget is completed by the City Council no later than May 24. If the Mayor disapproves of amendments made by the City Council, the Mayor, within seven days, submits to the City Council in writing the reasons for the disapproval. The City Council proceeds to reconsider any budget item so disapproved. If, after reconsideration, a two-thirds majority of the City Council serving agrees to sustain any of the City Council's amendments to the budget, those amendments so sustained are of full force and effect. The City Council's reconsideration of the budget must be concluded within three business days after receipt of the Mayor's disapproval.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, except that transfers to/from other funds have been included in revenue and expenditures. The adoption of the budget provides for: (1) appropriations of specific amounts from funds indicated; (2) a specific levy of property tax; and (3) provision for the issuance of bonds specified in the capital program. The budget as adopted becomes the basis for establishing revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year. The appropriations for the functions of each City department are fixed. Expenditures may not exceed the original appropriations without City Council approval. If during the fiscal year the Mayor advises the City Council that there are available appropriations and revenues in excess of those estimated in the budget, the City Council may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of the excess. In the case of estimated revenue shortfalls, the Mayor may request that the City Council decrease certain appropriations. In any case, the Mayor is under no obligation to spend an entire appropriation. Also, at any time during the fiscal year, the City Council, upon written request by the Mayor, may transfer all or part of any unencumbered appropriation balance among programs, services, or activities within an agency or from one agency to another.

City of Detroit, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Variance With Final Budget-
	Budgeted		Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes, Assessments, Interest, and Penalties:				
Property Taxes	\$ 117,407,486	\$ 118,422,879	\$ 129,413,195 \$	5 10,990,316
Municipal Income Tax	275,825,435	257,178,325	253,769,874	(3,408,451)
Utility Users' Tax	34,250,000	34,250,000	42,386,549	8,136,549
Wagering Taxes	170,000,000	170,000,000	167,924,023	(2,075,977)
Other Taxes and Assessments	9,918,253	8,902,860	6,480,150	(2,422,710)
Interest and Penalties on Taxes	4,000,000	4,000,000	896,735	(3,103,265)
Total Taxes, Assessments, Interest, and Penalties	611,401,174	592,754,064	600,870,526	8,116,462
	· · · · · ·	· · · · ·	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges:	0 425 000	2 425 000	2 001 050	(242.150)
Business Licenses Permits	2,435,000	2,435,000	2,091,850	(343,150)
	519,500	519,500	810,448	290,948
Inspection Charges Other Licenses	5,801,000	5,801,000	5,696,205	(104,795)
Other Licenses	(18,420,923)	226,137	86,940	(139,197)
Total Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges	(9,665,423)	8,981,637	8,685,443	(296,194)
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	27,257,819	132,322,105	39,930,125	(92,391,980)
State:				
State Shared Revenue	183,677,124	183,640,899	189,756,901	6,116,002
State Returnable Liquor License Fees	575,000	575,000	607,547	32,547
Other State Sourced Revenue	2,009,400	104,956,882	24,333,026	(80,623,856)
Other	3,440,375	44,400,566	223,381	(44,177,185)
Total Intergovernmental	216,959,718	465,895,452	254,850,980	(211,044,472)
Sales and Charges for Services:				
Maintenance and Construction	76,000	76,000		(76,000)
Electrical	39,810,412	39,810,412	40,101,687	291,275
Steam	1,015,000	1,015,000	_	(1,015,000)
Recreation Fees	16,000	16,000	212,996	196,996
Collection Fees	5,194,148	5,224,148	4,266,749	(957,399)
Other Fees	44,108,686	41,768,001	41,811,576	43,575
Personal Services	340,267	(1,395,479)	48,973,280	50,368,759
Other Departmental Sales	43,653,131	51,739,120	22,010,861	(29,728,259)
Total Sales and Charges for Services	134,213,644	138,253,202	157,377,149	19,123,947
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	16,699,625	16,699,625	15,946,936	(752,689)
Revenue from Use of Assets:				
Investment Earnings	—	(200,704)	180,623	381,327
Real Estate Rentals	1,987,983	2,288,791	2,753,762	464,971
Concessions	277,568	277,568	262,817	(14,751)
Sale of Real Property	5,300,000	6,807,238	4,551,919	(2,255,319)
Total Revenue from Use of Assets	7,565,551	9,172,893	7,749,121	(1,423,772)
Other Revenue	36,195,604	84,168,956	64,735,592	(19,433,364)
Total Revenues	1,013,369,893	1,315,925,829	1,110,215,747	(205,710,082)

City of Detroit, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
EXPENDIT URES:								
Public Protection:	\$		¢	450	¢		450	
Consumer Affairs	Э		\$	450	\$		\$ 450	
Construction Code Fire		176 810 772		107 722 769		766,094	(766,094)	
		176,819,773 663,930		197,732,768		116,736,177	80,996,591	
Human Rights Ombudsperson		,		642,785		441,755	201,030 85,775	
•		1,005,863 7,715,373		944,256 7,655,793		858,481		
Parking Enforcement				, ,		5,740,191	1,915,602	
Police		368,928,805		348,943,316		272,011,477	76,931,839	
Office of the Inspector General		1,259,480		1,369,085		939,775	429,310	
Detroit Office of Homeland Security				10,282,358		23,038	10,259,320	
36th District Court		31,723,315		30,818,884		28,586,016	2,232,868	
Total Public Protection		588,116,539		598,389,695		426,103,004	172,286,691	
Department of Health		14,781,612		145,076,347		46,424,431	98,651,916	
Recreation and Culture:								
Culture, Arts, and Tourism		_		974,536		—	974,536	
Historical		_		23,413		_	23,413	
Recreation		12,206,277		29,625,908		15,979,864	13,646,044	
Senior Citizens		_		790,539		_	790,539	
Zoological Institute		_		(6,241)			(6,241)	
Total Recreation and Culture		12,206,277		31,408,155		15,979,864	15,428,291	
Economic Development — Civic Center		_		130,527		—	130,527	
Housing Supply and Conditions -								
Planning and Development		2,933,605		11,363,624		6,966,303	4,397,321	
Total Housing Supply and Conditions		2,933,605		11,363,624		6,966,303	4,397,321	
Physical Environment:								
Environmental Affairs				1,058,181			1,058,181	
Public Lighting		56,938,382		64,019,162		58,904,626	5,114,536	
Public Lighting Public Works								
		1,853,357		3,449,725		671,258	2,778,467	
Total Physical Environment		58,791,739		68,527,068		59,575,884	8,951,184	
Development and Management:						1 221 500		
Auditor General		2,959,901		5,362,197		4,231,780	1,130,417	
Budget		2,155,354		2,045,519		1,676,706	368,813	
City Clerk		2,219,961		2,138,967		1,831,010	307,957	
City Council		5,543,396		5,738,696		5,375,413	363,283	
Communications and Creative Services		_		568		_	568	
Elections		7,679,733		7,932,011		7,063,206	868,805	
Finance		31,399,785		28,668,903		23,884,697	4,784,206	
General Services		52,089,441		55,807,255		54,273,511	1,533,744	
Law		16,435,159		15,852,025		11,636,230	4,215,795	
Mayor's Office		2,895,451		6,513,417		5,043,567	1,469,850	
Human Resources		9,965,598		9,980,628		8,420,966	1,559,662	
Information Technology Services		16,872,565		23,555,121		15,026,236	8,528,885	
Board of Zoning Appeals		525,463		614,704		513,041	101,663	
Detroit Workforce Development Department		_		640,820		—	640,820	
Administrative Hearings		1,245,358		1,348,604		1,065,256	283,348	
Non Departmental		195,892,138		156,350,346		156,488,422	(138,076)	
Total Development and Management		347,879,303		322,549,781		296,530,041	26,019,740	
Capital Outlay		_		35,678,482		15,175,250	20,503,232	

(Continued)

City of Detroit, Michigan SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Debt Service:						
Principal	\$ — \$	387,438	\$ 44,546,910 \$	(44,159,472)		
Interest on Bonded Debt	_	22,720,648	29,081,981	(6,361,333)		
Bond Issuance Costs			3,379,410	(3,379,410)		
Total Debt Service		23,108,086	77,008,301	(53,900,215)		
Total Expenditures	1,024,709,075	1,236,231,765	943,763,078	292,468,687		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
Expenditures	(11,339,182)	79,694,064	166,452,669	86,758,605		
OT HER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Sources:						
Transfers In	20,482,893	20,471,221	9,010,944	(11,460,277)		
Proceeds from Bond and Note Issuance			120,000,000	120,000,000		
Total Other Financing Sources	20,482,893	20,471,221	129,010,944	108,539,723		
Uses:						
Transfers Out	(9,143,711)	(94,999,174)	(169,076,495)	(74,077,321)		
Total Other Financing Uses	(9,143,711)	(94,999,174)	(169,076,495)	(74,077,321)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,339,182	(74,527,953)	(40,065,551)	34,462,402		
Net Change in Fund Balance	—	5,166,111	126,387,118	121,221,007		
Fund Deficit at Beginning of Year	(72,980,749)	(72,980,749)	(72,980,749)			
Fund Deficit at End of Year	\$ (72,980,749) \$	(67,814,638)	\$ 53,406,369 \$	121,221,007		

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SCHEDULES OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

(UNAUDITED)

Schedule of Funding Progress (In millions):

General Retirement System

Actuarial		Actuarial				UAAL
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued		Unfunded		as a
Date	Value of	Liability	Funded	AAL	Covered	Percentage of
June 30	Assets	(AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2008	3,641.2	3,609.6	100.9	(31.6)	368.5	(8.6)
2009	3,412.4	3,689.1	92.5	276.7	357.1	77.5
2010	3,238.1	3,719.6	87.1	481.5	334.3	144.0
2011	3,080.3	3,720.2	82.8	639.9	303.4	210.9
2012	2,806.5	3,644.2	77.0	837.7	258.0	324.7
2013	2,524.9	3,609.1	70.0	1,084.2	213.3	508.3

Police and Fire Retirement System

Actuarial		Actuarial				UAAL
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued		Unfunded		as a
Date	Value of	Liability	Funded	AAL	Covered	Percentage of
June 30	Assets	(AAL)	Ratio	(UAAL)	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2008	4,316.3	4,071.1	106.0	(245.2)	232.8	-
2009	3,945.2	4,221.3	93.5	276.1	231.8	119.1
2010	3,853.3	3,767.4	102.3	(85.9)	228.8	-
2011	3,804.8	3,808.6	99.9	3.9	220.5	1.8
2012	3,675.5	3,822.7	96.1	147.2	205.8	71.5
2013	3,474.5	3,890.1	89.3	415.6	186.7	222.6

Supplemental Death Benefit Plan

Actuarial Valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued		Unfunded		UAAL as a
Date June 30	 Value of Assets	 Liability (AAL)	Funded Ratio	 AAL (UAAL)	 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
2010 2011 2013	\$ 24.1 25.7 31.3	\$ 35.2 34.6 32.4	68.5 % 74.3 96.6	\$ 11.1 8.9 1.2	\$ 567.3 444.4 397.0	2.0 % 2.0 0.3

Schedule of Employer Contributions (In millions):

General Retirement System						Police and Fire Retirement System						
Year	A	nnual			Net	Year	Aı	nnual			Net	
Ended	Re	quired	Percentage	P	ension	Ended	Re	quired	Percentage	Pe	ension	
June 30	Cont	ribution	Contributed		Asset	June 30	Cont	ribution	Contributed	A	sset	
2009	\$	41.4	100	\$	727.7	2009	\$	61.2	59	\$	621.4	
2010		37.3	100		740.1	2010		57.8	57		613.6	
2011		55.1	100		754.2	2011		81.6	100		617.7	
2012		64.1	100		756.0	2012		49.8	100		613.7	
2013		60.3	63		750.6	2013		43.9	(66)		535.7	
2014		68.0	40		727.2	2014		51.4	-		479.1	

Schedule of Employer Contributions (In millions):

Supplemental Death Benefit Plan									
Year Ended June 30	Re	nnual equired tribution	Percentage Contributed						
2012 2013	\$	0.596 0.596	33 % 19						
2013		0.119	84						

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION

COMBINING NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS ARE ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE PROCEEDS OF SPECIFIC REVENUE SOURCES (OTHER THAN CERTAIN MAJOR CAPITAL FACILITIES) THAT ARE RESTRICTED BY LAW AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION TO EXPENDITURES FOR SPECIFIED PURPOSES

Community Development Block Grant Fund	To account for activities financed by Federal Government Grants under Title I of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974
Construction Code Fund	In accordance with State of Michigan Public Act No. 245 of 1999, to account for financing activities related to the acts and services performed by the Building and Safety Fund including, without limitation, issuance of building permits, examination of plans and specifications, inspection of construction undertaken pursuant to a building permit, the issuance of certificates of use and occupancy, and hearing appeals in accordance with this act
Urban Development Fund	To account for funding received from the Federal Government earmarked for the acquisition and site preparation of property for future development
Detroit Workforce Development Fund	To account for employment and training program grants received from government sources
Drug Law Enforcement Fund	To account for forfeited narcotics proceeds that are used for the enhancement of narcotics enforcement
Human Services Fund	To account for Federal and State Grant revenues that are to be used to finance certain social service programs
Solid Waste Management Fund	To account for local revenues collected for curbside rubbish pick-up and discard
Street Fund	To account for Michigan State Gas and Weight Tax revenues and other related grants used for the construction and maintenance of major and local streets
Targeted Business Development Fund	To account for revenues received via the casino development agreements earmarked to foster the presence of minority businesses in the City
Telecommunications Fund	To account for State grant revenues received as a result of Public Act 48 of 2002 (Metropolitan Extension Telecommunications Rights-of-Way Oversight Act), which was designed to promote expanded telecommunication services in Michigan
Renewable Energy Fund	To account for Public Act 295 of 2008, Clean, Renewable, and Efficient Energy Act activities of the Public Lighting Department
Donated Monies Fund	To account for donated funding received for Recreation Bequest Fund

DEBT SERVICE FUND

THE DEBT SERVICE FUND IS ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR THE ACCUMULATION OF RESOURCES FOR THE PAYMENT OF DEBT AND PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF CERTAIN PROPRIETARY FUNDS' GENERAL OBLIGATIONS

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

THE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND IS ESTABLISHED TO ACCOUNT FOR FINANCIAL RESOURCES TO BE USED FOR THE ACQUISITION OR CONSTRUCTION OF MAJOR CAPITAL FACILITIES (OTHER THAN THOSE FINANCED BY SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS)

PERMANENT FUNDS

PERMANENT FUNDS ACCOUNT FOR PRINCIPAL TRUST AMOUNTS RECEIVED AND RELATED INTEREST INCOME. THE INTEREST PORTION OF THE TRUST IS USED TO MAINTAIN THE COMMUNITY CEMETERY

PERPETUAL CARE - BEQUEST FUNDS

TO ACCOUNT FOR INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS OF BEQUESTS ACCEPTED BY THE CITY

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2014

	S pecial Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Permanent Funds and Bequest Funds	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Funds	runa	Fund	Funds	Total
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,134,681 \$	28,539,595 \$	1,717,577 \$	157,933,682
Investments Accounts and Contracts Receivable:	7,293,827	—	43,411,534	—	50,705,361
Property Taxes Receivable	_	102,587,983	_	_	102,587,983
Special Assessments	_	_	541,890	_	541,890
Loans Receivable	18,000,000	_	—	_	18,000,000
Trade Receivables	4,554,526		3,305,983		7,860,509
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable	22,554,526	102,587,983	3,847,873	_	128,990,382
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(21,659,434)	(102,587,984)	(1,061,949)		(125,309,367)
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net	895,092	(1)	2,785,924		3,681,015
Due from Other Funds	9,743,319	66,901,888	323		76,645,530
Due from Fiduciary Funds	652,824	_	—	_	652,824
Due from Component Units	9,114	—	_	—	9,114
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	13,476,236	—	—	—	13,476,236
Other Assets	742,976		162,615		905,591
Total Assets	150,355,217	77,036,568	74,899,991	1,717,577	304,009,353
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of					
Resources	\$ 150,355,217 \$	77,036,568 \$	74,899,991 \$	1,717,577 \$	304,009,353
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts and Contracts Payable	5,565,462 \$	— \$	8,661,510 \$	14,159 \$	14,241,131
Accrued Liabilities	20,456,967	5	702,925	312	21,160,209
Accrued Salaries and Wages	859,219	_	_	—	859,219
Due to Other Funds	7,492,380	—	2,415,104	—	9,907,484
Due to Fiduciary Funds	204			—	204
Due to Component Units	19,196,569	1,955,771 5,526,477	_	_	1,955,771 24,723,046
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Deposits from Vendors and Customers	799,411	5,520,477	_	_	799,411
Unearned Revenues	357,514	_	_	_	357,514
Other Liabilities	509,404	_	96,599	_	606,003
Defaulted Debt Due to Insurers	_	56,949,551	_	—	56,949,551
Accrued Compensated Absences			9,539		9,539
Total Liabilities	55,237,130	64,431,804	11,885,677	14,471	131,569,082
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	4,200,835	_	68,027	_	4,268,862
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable: Permanent Fund Principal				937,861	937.861
Restricted for:				937,801	937,801
Highway and Street Improvements	48,941,150	_		_	48,941,150
Police	9,690,016	_	_	_	9,690,016
Endowments and Trusts	_	_	_	765,245	765,245
Capital Acquisitions	_	—	62,946,287	_	62,946,287
Local Business Growth	478,084	—	—	—	478,084
Rubbish Collection and Disposal	19,109,922	—	—	—	19,109,922
Construction Code	2,395,287	—	—	—	2,395,287
Grants	10,302,793	—	—	—	10,302,793
Assigned for: Debt Service		12,604,764		-	12,604,764
Total Fund Balances	90,917,252	12,604,764	62,946,287	1,703,106	12,604,764
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	5 150,355,217 \$	77,036,568 \$	74,899,991 \$	1,717,577 \$	304,009,353
			-		

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	S pecial Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Permanent Funds and Bequest Funds	Totals
REVENUES:	 					
Taxes:						
Property Taxes	\$ — \$	65,214,710	\$	— \$	— \$	65,214,710
Gas and Weight Tax	53,904,485	_		_	_	53,904,485
Interest and Penalties on Taxes	_	373,049		_	_	373,049
Other Taxes and Assessments	_	2,123,482		—	_	2,123,482
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges	20,021,186	_		—	—	20,021,186
Intergovernmental:						
Federal	56,977,258	—		—	—	56,977,258
State	24,893,308					24,893,308
Other	5,778,004	—			—	5,778,004
Sales and Charges for Services	49,941,428			668,451	—	50,609,879
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	1,904,202 82,987	2,621		—	24.166	1,904,202
Investment Earnings Other Revenue	82,987 24,191,567	2,621 3,344,270		879,453	34,166	119,774 28,415,290
	 	· · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Revenues	 237,694,425	71,058,132		1,547,904	34,166	310,334,627
EXPENDITURES:						
Current: Public Protection	22 510 280					22 510 280
Health	23,519,280 2,357,772	_		_	_	23,519,280 2,357,772
Recreation and Culture	(36,063)				88.791	52,728
Economic Development	48,725,786	1,411,664		1,041,320		51,178,770
Physical Environment	37,865,258			1,041,520		37,865,258
Transportation Facilitation	36,505,709	_		_	_	36,505,709
Development and Management	1,156,350	_		_	_	1,156,350
Debt Service:						
Principal	3,126,000	38,205,000		—	—	41,331,000
Interest	3,723,095	26,736,406		_	—	30,459,501
Capital Outlay	 49,222,191			16,931,863		66,154,054
Total Expenditures	 206,165,378	66,353,070		17,973,183	88,791	290,580,422
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	 31,529,047	4,705,062		(16,425,279)	(54,625)	19,754,205
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sources:						
Transfers In Uses:	11,115,472	—		—	—	11,115,472
Transfers Out	 (20,126,416)					(20,126,416)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (9,010,944)					(9,010,944)
Net Change in Fund Balances	 22,518,103	4,705,062		(16,425,279)	(54,625)	10,743,261
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year, as restated	 68,399,149	7,899,702	_	79,371,566	1,757,731	157,428,148
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 90,917,252 \$	12,604,764	\$	62,946,287 \$	1,703,106 \$	168,171,409

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City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Community Development Block Grant Fund		Construction Code Fund	Urban Developme Fund	nt	Detroit Workforce Development Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund
ASSET S								
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Accounts and Contracts Receivable:	\$	5,623,571 7,293,827	\$	2,365,724 \$	\$ 3,168,54 -	40 \$ 	1,487,676	\$ 10,632,589 —
Loans Receivable		18,000,000		—	-		—	—
Trade Receivables		235,552		685,273				
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable		18,235,552		685,273	-	_		—
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	_	(18,010,693)		(685,273)				
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		224,859						
Due from Other Funds		235,083		2,574,411	3,12	29	31,355	672
Due from Fiduciary Funds		527,824		—	=	_	—	—
Due from Component Units				2,478	-	_	_	
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		4,493,217		_	-	_	192	
Other Assets	-	5,101						 <u> </u>
Total Assets	\$	18,403,482	\$	4,942,613 \$	3,171,6	<u>59</u> \$	1,519,223	\$ 10,633,261
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	_						
Total Assets and Deferred Outfolws of Resources	\$	18,403,482	_\$_	4,942,613 \$	3,171,6	59 \$	1,519,223	\$ 10,633,261

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)

Liabilities:					
Accounts and Contracts Payable \$	1,028,763	\$ 65,113	\$ 2,613	\$ _ \$	351,758
Accrued Liabilities	5,773,409	23,344	26,850	—	303,969
Accrued Salaries and Wages	99,832	360,168	5,578	—	16,330
Due to Other Funds	4,853,852	1,322,881	156,278	216,941	271,104
Due to Fiduciary Fund	120	_		_	84
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	1,991,941	_	122,325	1,181,146	_
Deposits from Vendors and Customers	743,856	_	55,555	_	_
Unearned Revenue	56,181	_	246,815	_	_
Other Liabilities		347,069	41,199	121,136	
Total Liabilities	14,547,954	2,118,575	657,213	1,519,223	943,245
Deferred Inflows of Resources		428,751			
Fund Balances:					
Restricted for:					
Highway and Street Improvements	_	_		_	_
Police	_	_		_	9,690,016
Local Business Growth	_	_		_	_
Rubbish Collection and Disposal	_	_		_	_
Construction Code	_	2,395,287		_	_
Grants	3,855,528		2,514,456		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits) Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	3,855,528	2,395,287	2,514,456		9,690,016
Resources, and Fund Balances	18,403,482	\$ 4,942,613	\$ 3,171,669	\$ 1,519,223 \$	6 10,633,261

_	Human Services Fund	Solid Waste Management Fund	Street Fund	Targeted Business Development Fund	Telecommunications Fund	Renewable Energy Fund	Donated Monies Fund	Totals
\$	3,261,476 \$	32,725,859 \$	47,805,587 \$ 	5,015,203 S	5,102,550 \$ 	220,221 \$	132,833 \$	117,541,829 7,293,827
_		243,938	2,943,205			446,558		18,000,000 4,554,526
		243,938 (228,685)	2,943,205 (2,288,225)	_		446,558 (446,558)	_	22,554,526 (21,659,434)
-	203,618	15,253 2,900,000 125,000	654,980 3,707,547 —		20,653	61,813	5,038	895,092 9,743,319 652,824
_			8,982,827 737,875			6,636 		9,114 13,476,236 742,976
\$	3,465,094 \$	35,766,112 \$	61,888,816 \$	5,015,203	5,123,203 \$	288,670 \$	137,871 \$	150,355,217
\$	3,465,094 \$	35,766,112 \$	61,888,816 \$	5,015,203	5,123,203 \$	288,670 \$	137,871 \$	150,355,217
\$	\$	891,402 \$ 2,587,347 155,486	2,551,105 \$ 6,467,189 221,825	\$ 4,537,119 	674,708 \$ 712,490	\$ 25,250	\$ 	5,565,462 20,456,967 859,219
	585,892						85,432	7,492,380 204
	2,879,202	13,021,955 	 				54,518	19,196,569 799,411 357,514 509,404
_	3,465,094	16,656,190	9,240,119	4,537,119	1,387,198	25,250	139,950	55,237,130
-			3,707,547		20,653	38,847	5,037	4,200,835
	_	_	48,941,150	_	_	_	_	48,941,150
		_		478,084				9,690,016 478,084
	—	19,109,922			_	—	_	19,109,922 2,395,287
_					3,715,352	224,573	(7,116)	10,302,793
_		19,109,922	48,941,150	478,084	3,715,352	224,573	(7,116)	90,917,252
\$_	3,465,094 \$	35,766,112 \$	61,888,816 \$	5,015,203	5,123,203 \$	288,670 \$	137,871 \$	150,355,217

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Community Development Block Grant Fund	Construction Code Fund	Urban Development Fund	Detroit Workforce Development Fund	Drug Law Enforcement Fund
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Gas and Weight Tax	\$ _ \$	_	\$ _ \$	— \$	
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges		20,021,186			
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	46,739,186	242,966	9,937,287	_	
State	_	_	_	—	
Other	—	—	—	—	—
Sales and Charges for Services	_	_	_	_	_
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	_	12,017	_	_	1,772,048
Investment Earnings	4,581	· —	11,487	_	_
Other Revenue	774,552		2,696,631		
Total Revenues	47,518,319	20,276,169	12,645,405		1,772,048
EXPENDIT URES: Current:					
Public Protection		21,427,490			2,091,790
Health		21,427,490			2,091,790
Recreation and Culture	(121,494)	_	_	_	_
Economic Development	35,925,445	_	12,800,341	_	_
Physical Environment		_		_	
Transportation Facilitation		_	_	_	
Development and Management	1,156,350	_		_	
Debt Service:					
Principal	3,126,000	—	—	—	—
Interest	3,723,095	—	—	—	_
Capital Outlay					
Total Expenditures	43,809,396	21,427,490	12,800,341		2,091,790
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	3,708,923	(1,151,321)	(154,936)		(319,742)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	_	2,986,274	_	_	_
Transfers Out	(2,986,274)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,986,274)	2,986,274			
Net Change in Fund Balances	722,649	1,834,953	(154,936)	_	(319,742)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	3,132,879	560,334	2,669,392		10,009,758
Fund Balances (Deficits) at End of Year	\$ 3,855,528 \$	2,395,287	\$ 2,514,456 \$	\$	9,690,016

-	Human Services Fund	Solid Waste Management Fund	Street Fund	Targeted Business Development Fund	Telecommunications Fund	Renewable Energy Fund	Donated Monies Fund	Totals
\$	\$	_	\$ 53,904,485 \$ 		\$ <u> </u>	— \$ —	\$	53,904,485 20,021,186
	57,819	—	—	—	_	—	—	56,977,258
	—	—	22,485,269	—	2,408,039	—		24,893,308
		_	5,699,689	_	—	—	78,315	5,778,004
		49,941,428	—	—	—	—	—	49,941,428
	—	120,137	—	—	—	—	—	1,904,202
	—	7,751	55,303	—	3,865	—	—	82,987
_		949,708	19,595,351			175,325		24,191,567
_	57,819	51,019,024	101,740,097		2,411,904	175,325	78,315	237,694,425
	_		_	_	_	_	_	23,519,280
	2,357,772	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,357,772
	_	_	_	_	_	_	85,431	(36,063)
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	48,725,786
	—	37,830,974	—	_	—	34,284	—	37,865,258
	_		35,891,765	—	613,944	—	—	36,505,709
		—		—		—	—	1,156,350
	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,126,000
	—	—		—		—	—	3,723,095
-			47,876,380		1,345,811			49,222,191
_	2,357,772	37,830,974	83,768,145		1,959,755	34,284	85,431	206,165,378
_	(2,299,953)	13,188,050	17,971,952		452,149	141,041	(7,116)	31,529,047
_			8,129,198 (17,140,142)					11,115,472 (20,126,416)
_			(9,010,944)					(9,010,944)
_	(2,299,953)	13,188,050	8,961,008	_	452,149	141,041	(7,116)	22,518,103
_	2,299,953	5,921,872	39,980,142	478,084	3,263,203	83,532		68,399,149
\$ _	\$	19,109,922	\$ 48,941,150 \$	478,084	\$\$	224,573 \$	(7,116) \$	90,917,252

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ACCOUNTS OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - STREET FUND June 30, 2014

		Major Account	Local Account		Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	35,762,704 \$	12,042,883	\$	47,805,587
Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Trade		2,943,205			2,943,205
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable		2,943,205			2,943,205
Less: Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	_	(2,288,225)			(2,288,225)
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		654,980			654,980
Due from Other Funds		3,335,806	371,741		3,707,547
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		7,032,798	1,950,029		8,982,827
Other Assets		737,875			737,875
Total Assets	\$	47,524,163 \$	14,364,653	\$	61,888,816
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	1,607,555 \$	943,550	\$	2,551,105
Accrued Salaries and Wages		221,825	_		221,825
Accrued Liabilities		4,503,484	1,963,705		6,467,189
Total Liabilities		6,332,864	2,907,255		9,240,119
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Fund Balances:		3,335,806	371,741		3,707,547
Restricted for Highway and Street Improvements		37,855,493	11,085,657		48,941,150
Total Fund Balances		37,855,493	11,085,657		48,941,150
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	47,524,163 \$	14,364,653	¢	61,888,816
Resources and Fund Datances	ۍ =	47,324,103 \$	14,304,033	_ه	01,000,010

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACCOUNTS OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - STREET FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Major Account	Local Account	Totals
Revenues:		Account	Account	Totals
Gas and Weight Tax	\$	42,056,844 \$	11,847,641 \$	53,904,485
Intergovernmental:				
State		17,543,242	4,942,027	22,485,269
Other		5,699,689	—	5,699,689
Investment Earnings		38,557	16,746	55,303
Other Revenue		11,173,999	8,421,352	19,595,351
Total Revenues		76,512,331	25,227,766	101,740,097
Expenditures:				
Transportation Facilitation		23,006,867	12,884,898	35,891,765
Capital Outlay		28,963,863	18,912,517	47,876,380
Total Expenditures	_	51,970,730	31,797,415	83,768,145
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	_	24,541,601	(6,569,649)	17,971,952
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In		_	8,129,198	8,129,198
Transfers Out		(17,140,142)	<u> </u>	(17,140,142)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(17,140,142)	8,129,198	(9,010,944)
Net Change in Fund Balances		7,401,459	1,559,549	8,961,008
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		30,454,034	9,526,108	39,980,142
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$	37,855,493 \$	11,085,657 \$	48,941,150

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERMANENT FUNDS June 30, 2014

	 Permanent Funds				
	 Bequest Funds				
	 Other		Cemetery	-	
	 Trust		Trust		Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 49,351	\$	1,668,226	\$	1,717,577
Investments	 				
Total Assets	\$ 49,351		1,668,226	\$	1,717,577
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$ —	\$	14,159	\$	14,159
Accrued Liabilities	 		312		312
Total Liabilities	_		14,471		14,471
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable - Permanent Fund Principal	40,349		897,512		937,861
Restricted for Endowments and Trusts	 9,002		756,243		765,245
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 49,351	\$	1,668,226	\$	1,717,577

City of Detroit, Michigan STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL PERMANENT FUNDS BEQUEST FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Permar	Funds		
	 Bequest Funds			
	 Other Trust		Cemetery Trust	Totals
Revenues - Investment Earnings	\$ 23	\$	34,143 \$	34,166
Expenditures - Recreation and Culture	 		88,791	88,791
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	23		(54,648)	(54,625)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 49,328		1,708,403	1,757,731
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 49,351	\$	1,653,755 \$	1,703,106

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	34,589,553 \$	133,812,041 \$	46,739,186 \$	(87,072,855)
Investment Earnings		_	(881,474)	4,581	886,055
Other Taxes and Assessments		_	(42,872)	_	42,872
Other Revenue	_	1,442,419	28,456,549	774,552	(27,681,997)
Total Revenues		36,031,972	161,344,244	47,518,319	(113,825,925)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Recreation and Culture		—	—	(121,494)	121,494
Economic Development		28,857,478	156,397,434	35,925,445	120,471,989
Development and Management		—	—	1,156,350	(1,156,350)
Debt Service		7,114,682	14,421,031	6,849,095	7,571,936
Capital Outlay		59,812	1,575,547		1,575,547
Total Expenditures		36,031,972	172,394,012	43,809,396	128,584,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		—	(11,049,768)	3,708,923	14,758,691
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		_	1,040,155	—	(1,040,155)
Transfers Out	_			(2,986,274)	(2,986,274)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			1,040,155	(2,986,274)	(4,026,429)
Net Change in Fund Balance		—	(10,009,613)	722,649	10,732,262
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		3,132,879	3,132,879	3,132,879	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$_	3,132,879 \$	(6,876,734) \$	3,855,528 \$	10,732,262

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CONSTRUCTION CODE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Aı	nounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges	\$	20,293,404 \$	21,431,278 \$	20,021,186 \$	(1,410,092)
Intergovernmental:					
Federal		_	32,004,617	242,966	(31,761,651)
Sales and Charges for Services		145,318	447,535	—	(447,535)
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	_	800,000	2,258,122	12,017	(2,246,105)
Total Revenues	_	21,238,722	56,141,552	20,276,169	(35,865,383)
Expenditures:					
Public Protection		21,204,348	50,764,622	21,427,490	29,337,132
Debt Service		6,600	13,200	_	13,200
Capital Outlay	_	27,774	31,260		31,260
Total Expenditures	_	21,238,722	50,809,082	21,427,490	(29,381,592)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		—	5,332,470	(1,151,321)	(6,483,791)
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In		_	_	2,986,274	2,986,274
Transfers Out	_		(5,469,972)		5,469,972
Total Other Financing Sources	_		(5,469,972)	2,986,274	8,456,246
Net Change in Fund Balance			(137,502)	1,834,953	1,972,455
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	560,334	560,334	560,334	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ =	560,334 \$	422,832 \$	2,395,287 \$	1,972,455

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS URBAN DEVELOPMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Budgeted A Original	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	5,833,389 \$	22,788,818 \$	9,937,287 \$	(12,851,531)
Investment Earnings		_	(291,671)	11,487	303,158
Other Revenue	_	5,500,000	7,779,920	2,696,631	(5,083,289)
Total Revenues		11,333,389	30,277,067	12,645,405	(17,631,662)
Expenditures:					
Economic Development		11,333,389	23,518,894	12,800,341	10,718,553
Capital Outlay	_		300,321		300,321
Total Expenditures		11,333,389	23,819,215	12,800,341	11,018,874
Excess of Revenues Over					
Expenditures		—	6,457,852	(154,936)	(6,612,788)
Other Financing Uses - Transfers Out			(6,189,563)		6,189,563
Total Other Financing Uses	_		(6,189,563)		6,189,563
Net Change in Fund Balance		_	268,289	(154,936)	(423,225)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	2,669,392	2,669,392	2,669,392	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	2,669,392 \$	2,937,681 \$	2,514,456 \$	(423,225)

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DETROIT WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Aı	nounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	\$	— \$	(94,925) \$	— \$	94,925
Other Revenue			400		(400)
Total Revenues	_		(94,525)		94,525
Expenditures:					
Educational Development		—	1,696,233	—	1,696,233
Capital Outlay	_		(272)		(272)
Total Expenditures	_		1,695,961		1,695,961
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	_		(1,790,486)		1,790,486
Net Change in Fund Balance		—	(1,790,486)	—	1,790,486
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_				
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	\$	(1,790,486) \$	\$	1,790,486

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DRUG LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	\$	— \$	— \$	1,772,048 \$	1,772,048
Investment Earnings		_	(1,082)	_	1,082
Other Revenue		1,234,974	10,500,911		(10,500,911)
Total Revenues	_	1,234,974	10,499,829	1,772,048	(8,727,781)
Expenditures:					
Public Protection		1,234,974	10,407,317	2,091,790	8,315,527
Capital Outlay	_		1,788,546		1,788,546
Total Expenditures	_	1,234,974	12,195,863	2,091,790	10,104,073
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		—	(1,696,034)	(319,742)	1,376,292
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	10,009,758	10,009,758	10,009,758	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	10,009,758 \$	8,313,724 \$	9,690,016 \$	1,376,292

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS HUMAN SERVICES FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Budgeted A	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	— \$	148,746,788 \$	57,819 \$	(148,688,969)
Investment Earnings		—	(224,899)	—	224,899
Other Revenues			12,518,348		(12,518,348)
Total Revenues			161,040,237	57,819	(160,982,418)
Expenditures:					
Health		_	143,453,100	2,357,772	141,095,328
Capital Outlay			128,356		128,356
Total Expenditures			143,581,456	2,357,772	141,223,684
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		—	17,458,781	(2,299,953)	(19,758,734)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers In	_		270		(270)
Net Change in Fund Balance		—	17,459,051	(2,299,953)	(19,759,004)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		2,299,953	2,299,953	2,299,953	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	2,299,953 \$	19,759,004 \$	\$	(19,759,004)

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Sales and Charges for Services	\$	41,018,000 \$	44,285,194 \$	49,941,428 \$	5,656,234
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures		95,110	129,583	120,137	(9,446)
Investment Earnings (Losses)		—	19,795	7,751	(12,044)
Other Revenue	_	95,000	(449,539)	949,708	1,399,247
Total Revenues		41,208,110	43,985,033	51,019,024	7,033,991
Expenditures:					
Physical Environment		40,879,371	59,315,343	37,830,974	21,484,369
Capital Outlay	_	557,739	933,910		933,910
Total Expenditures	_	41,437,110	60,249,253	37,830,974	22,418,279
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		(229,000)	(16,264,220)	13,188,050	29,452,270
Other Financing Sources - Transfers In	_	229,000	697,545		(697,545)
Net Change in Fund Balance			(15,566,675)	13,188,050	28,754,725
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	5,921,872	5,921,872	5,921,872	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ _	5,921,872 \$	(9,644,803) \$	19,109,922 \$	28,754,725

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAJOR STREET FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Gas and Weight Tax	\$	51,429,000 \$	70,003,395 \$	42,056,844 \$	(27,946,551)
Intergovernmental:					
State		_	27,284,276	17,543,242	(9,741,034)
Other		—	2,819,052	5,699,689	2,880,637
Investment Earnings		174,000	156,600	38,557	(118,043)
Other Revenue		19,497,042	198,014,195	11,173,999	(186,840,196)
Total Revenues	_	71,100,042	298,277,518	76,512,331	(221,765,187)
Expenditures:					
Transportation Facilitation		51,823,072	181,069,856	23,006,867	158,062,989
Capital Outlay	_	19,756,970	122,110,488	28,963,863	93,146,625
Total Expenditures	_	71,580,042	303,180,344	51,970,730	(251,209,614)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	_	(480,000)	(4,902,826)	24,541,601	29,444,427
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In		480,000	74,728,116	_	(74,728,116)
Transfers Out	_		(26,726,546)	(17,140,142)	9,586,404
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		480,000	48,001,570	(17,140,142)	(65,141,712)
Net Change in Fund Balance		_	43,098,744	7,401,459	(35,697,285)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		30,454,034	30,454,034	30,454,034	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	30,454,034 \$	73,552,778 \$	37,855,493 \$	(35,697,285)

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LOCAL STREET FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
		Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Gas and Weight Tax	\$	— \$	11,501,596 \$	11,847,641 \$	346,045
Intergovernmental:					
State		—	_	4,942,027	4,942,027
Investment Earnings		—	39,856	16,746	(23,110)
Other Revenues		_	910,673	8,421,352	7,510,679
Total Revenues		_	12,452,125	25,227,766	12,775,641
Expenditures:					
Transportation Facilitation			28,628,596	12,884,898	15,743,698
Capital Outlay			38,947,378	18,912,517	20,034,861
Total Expenditures	_		67,575,974	31,797,415	35,778,559
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures			(55,123,849)	(6,569,649)	48,554,200
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In			16,610,379	8,129,198	(8,481,181)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		16,610,379	8,129,198	(8,481,181)
Net Change in Fund Balance		—	(38,513,470)	1,559,549	40,073,019
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		9,526,108	9,526,108	9,526,108	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	9,526,108 \$	(28,987,362) \$	11,085,657 \$	40,073,019

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TARGETED BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	-	Budgete Original	d A	amounts Final	 Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget- Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$	_	\$	4,537,119	\$ _	\$	(4,537,119)
Expenditures - Economic Development	_	_		_	 		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_		4,537,119	_		(4,537,119)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	478,084		478,084	 478,084		
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	478,084	\$	5,015,203	\$ 478,084	\$ _	(4,537,119)

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TELECOMMUNICATIONS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted An	nounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - State	\$	2,480,000 \$	(1,454,237) \$	2,408,039 \$	3,862,276
Investment Earnings	_		(44,711)	3,865	48,576
Total Revenues	_	2,480,000	(1,498,948)	2,411,904	3,910,852
Expenditures:					
Transportation Facilitation		_	289,430	613,944	(324,514)
Capital Outlay	_	2,480,000	3,142,512	1,345,811	1,796,701
Total Expenditures	_	2,480,000	3,431,942	1,959,755	1,472,187
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures		—	(4,930,890)	452,149	5,383,039
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	3,263,203	3,263,203	3,263,203	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$	3,263,203 \$	(1,667,687) \$	3,715,352 \$	5,383,039

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RENEWABLE ENERGY FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted Ar	nounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues - Other	\$	628,000 \$	1,602,959 \$	175,325	\$ (1,427,634)
Expenditures		628,000	2,070,563	34,284	2,036,279
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_	(467,604)	141,041	608,645
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		83,532	83,532	83,532	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	83,532 \$	(384,072) \$	224,573	\$ 608,645

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DONATED MONIES FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted An	iounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues	\$	— \$	132,833 \$	78,315 \$	(54,518)
Expenditures	_		132,833	85,431	47,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_	_	(7,116)	(7,116)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year					
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	\$	\$	(7,116) \$	(7,116)

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Budgeted A		Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Property Taxes	\$	57,262,551 \$	57,262,551 \$	65,214,710 \$	7,952,159
Other Taxes and Assessments		9,591,453	9,591,453	2,496,531	(7,094,922)
Investment Earnings		—	—	2,621	2,621
Other Revenue	_	1,364,819	1,364,819	3,344,270	1,979,451
Total Revenues	_	68,218,823	68,218,823	71,058,132	2,839,309
Expenditures:					
Economic Development		3,277,417	3,277,417	1,411,664	1,865,753
Debt Service:					
Principal		38,205,000	38,205,000	38,205,000	—
Interest		26,736,406	26,736,406	26,736,406	
Total Expenditures	_	68,218,823	68,218,823	66,353,070	1,865,753
Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenditures		—	—	4,705,062	4,705,062
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	7,899,702	7,899,702	7,899,702	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	7,899,702 \$	7,899,702 \$	12,604,764 \$	4,705,062

City of Detroit, Michigan BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Budgeted A	mounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget- Positive
	_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	— \$	1,524,845 \$	— \$	(1,524,845)
Investment Earnings			(986,267)	_	986,267
Sales and Charges for Services		_	_	668,451	668,451
Other Revenue	_		5,506,258	879,453	(4,626,805)
Total Revenues	_		6,044,836	1,547,904	(4,496,932)
Expenditures:					
Economic Development		_	_	1,041,320	(1,041,320)
Capital Outlay		_	93,826,996	16,931,863	76,895,133
Bond Issuance Costs	_		(15,284)		(15,284)
Total Expenditures	_		93,811,712	17,973,183	75,838,529
Deficiency of Revenues					
Under Expenditures	_		(87,766,876)	(16,425,279)	(80,335,461)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Sources:					
Transfers In		_	26,570,616	_	(26,570,616)
Bond and Notes Issued		_	29,497,571	_	(29,497,571)
Uses:					
Transfers Out			(16,377,212)	—	16,377,212
Interest Paid to Bond Agent for Refunded Bonds	_		(4,331,334)		4,331,334
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		35,359,641		(35,359,641)
Net Change in Fund Balance		_	(52,407,235)	(16,425,279)	35,981,956
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	_	79,371,566	79,371,566	79,371,566	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$_	79,371,566 \$	26,964,331 \$	62,946,287 \$	35,981,956

COMBINING STATEMENT OF OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Airport	Public Lighting Authority	
		Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Current Assets:	¢	1 0 0 0 1 0 0		15 111 205
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,909,438 \$	15,531,767 \$	17,441,205
Accounts and Contracts Receivable:				
Other Receivables - Trade		1,382,512	757,500	2,140,012
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts		(1,029,232)		(1,029,232)
Total Accounts and Contracts Receivable - Net		353,280	757,500	1,110,780
Due from Other Funds		25,315	—	25,315
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		12,044	—	12,044
Prepaid Expenses		23,079		23,079
Total Current Assets		2,323,156	16,289,267	18,612,423
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted:				
Investments		—	52,349,183	52,349,183
Capital Assets:				
Land and Land Rights		17,349,458	_	17,349,458
Land Improvements		8,020,718	_	8,020,718
Buildings and Structures		5,853,773	_	5,853,773
Vehicles and Buses		1,326,693		1,326,693
Machinery, Equipment, and Fixtures		1,825,327	42,081	1,867,408
Construction in Progress		112,500	19,190,049	19,302,549
Total Capital Assets		34,488,469	19,232,130	53,720,599
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(15,950,394)	(5,050)	(15,955,444)
Capital Assets - Net		18,538,075	19,227,080	37,765,155
Total Noncurrent Assets		18,538,075	71,576,263	90,114,338
Total Assets		20,861,231	87,865,530	108,726,761
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	20,861,231 \$	87,865,530 \$	108,726,761

(Continued)

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Airport Fund	Public Lighting Authority Fund	Totals
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	 Tunu		100015
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$ 72,690	\$ 11,324,033 \$	11,396,723
Accrued Salaries and Wages	5,454	_	5,454
Due to Other Funds	635,996	_	635,996
Due to Fiduciary Funds	368,435	_	368,435
Other Liabilities	2,662,263	_	2,662,263
Bonds, Notes, and Capital Leases		60,000,000	60,000,000
Accrued Compensated Absences	19,078	_	19,078
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	6,967	_	6,967
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments	88,000	_	88,000
Total Current Liabilities	 3,858,883	71,324,033	75,182,916
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments	186,800	_	186,800
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	2,052	_	2,052
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	 188,852		188,852
Total Liabilities	 4,047,735	71,324,033	75,371,768
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 		
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,538,075	8,124,999	26,663,074
Restricted		8,416,498	8,416,498
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(1,724,579)	_	(1,724,579)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	 16,813,496	16,541,497	33,354,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 20,861,231	\$ 87,865,530 \$	108,726,761
	 -		

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Airport Fund]	Public Lighting Authority Fund		Totals
Operating Revenues:					
Sales and Charges for Services	\$ 1,430	\$	— \$	5	1,430
Rentals, Fees, and Surcharges	502,071		757,500		1,259,571
Miscellaneous	1,823,313		1,000		1,824,313
Total Operating Revenues	2,326,814		758,500	_	3,085,314
Operating Expenses:					
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits	570,351		476,657		1,047,008
Operating	1,962,566		823,276		2,785,842
Maintenance	24,674		—		24,674
Materials, Supplies, and Other Expenses	35,103		—		35,103
Depreciation	 130,252		5,050		135,302
Total Operating Expenses	2,722,946		1,304,983	_	4,027,929
Operating Income (Loss)	(396,132)		(546,483)		(942,615)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):					
Investment Earnings (Losses)			1,660		1,660
Interest on Bonds, Notes Payable, and Loans			(585,489)		(585,489)
Special Item - OPEB Plan Termination	46,317		—		46,317
Bond Issuance Costs	 		(916,636)		(916,636)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses), Net	 46,317		(1,500,465)		(1,454,148)
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	(349,815)		(2,046,948)		(2,396,763)
Transfers In	 623,595		17,549,994		18,173,589
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	273,780		15,503,046		15,776,826
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year	 16,539,716		1,038,451		17,578,167
Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year	\$ 16,813,496	\$	16,541,497 \$	s_	33,354,993

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		I Airport Fund	Public Lighting Authority Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		Tunu	Fund	Iotais
Receipts from Customers	\$	2,550,213 \$	— \$	2,550,213
Receipts from (to) Other Funds		(94,363)	1,000	(93,363)
Payments to Suppliers		(1,467,158)	(679,683)	(2,146,841)
Payments to Employees		(367,245)	(460,654)	(827,899)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	_	621,447	(1,139,337)	(517,890)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:				
Transfers from Other Funds		623,595	17,549,994	18,173,589
Miscellaneous Non-Capital Financing	_			
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital				
Financing Activities		623,595	17,549,994	18,173,589
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:				
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		_	(8,130,049)	(8,130,049)
Proceeds from Bond and Note Issuances		—	59,083,364	59,083,364
Interest Paid on Bonds, Notes, and Leases - Net			(585,489)	(585,489)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related				
Financing Activities			50,367,826	50,367,826
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Purchases of Investments		—	(52,349,183)	(52,349,183)
Earnings (Losses) from Investment Securities			1,660	1,660
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities			(52,347,523)	(52,347,523)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,245,042	14,430,960	15,676,002
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		664,396	1,100,807	1,765,203
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ =	1,909,438 \$	15,531,767 \$	17,441,205

(Continued)

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS OTHER ENTERPRISE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Public Lighting				
	Airport	Authority			
	 Fund	Fund	Totals		
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by					
(Used in) Operating Activities:					
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (396,132) \$	(546,483) \$	(942,615)		
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash					
Depreciation and Amortization	130,252	5,050	135,302		
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Accounts and Contracts Receivable	(142,802)	(757,500)	(900,302)		
Prepaid Expenses	(23,079)	600	(22,479)		
Due from Other Funds	5,851		5,851		
Accounts and Contracts Payable	336,497	158,996	495,493		
Due to Other Funds	(100,214)		(100,214)		
Other Liabilities	607,968		607,968		
Accrued Compensated Absences	1,729		1,729		
Accrued Workers' Compensation and Claims and Judgments	191,800		191,800		
Accrued Other Postemployment Benefits	7,060		7,060		
Accrued Salaries and Wages	 2,517		2,517		
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$ 621,447 \$	(1,139,337) \$	(517,890)		
Noncash activities:					
Special Item - OPEB Plan Termination	\$ (46,317) \$	— \$	(46,317)		
Acquisition of Capital Assets under Accounts Payable	_	11,102,081	11,102,081		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUSTS June 30, 2014

	-	Pension				
	-	General Retirement System		Policemen & Firemen Retirement System		
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	25,742,786	\$	52,165,913		
Investments at Fair Value:						
Short-Term Investments		74,423,479		82,894,855		
Bonds and Stocks		1,259,143,400		1,992,712,378		
Mortgage-Backed Securities		21,970,772		63,374,032		
Mortgage and Construction Loans		99,652,517		122,456,980		
Equity Interest in Real Estate		211,811,951		299,951,543		
Real Estate Investment Trusts Held by Custodian		—		176,517,750		
Government Investment Pools		7,870,265		380,018,039		
Private Placements	_	322,419,977		67,792,405		
Total Investments	-	1,997,292,361		3,185,717,982		
Accrued Interest Receivable		3,220,916		20,814,915		
Accounts Receivable:						
Due from Primary Government		_				
Due from Component Units		_		_		
Receivables from Investment Sales		13,646,430		23,616,000		
Other Receivables		9,696,855		18,162,046		
Prepaid Expenditures		—		—		
Cash and Investments Held as Collateral for Securities Lending		30,949,483		79,546,235		
Capital Assets	-	1,333,145		1,288,922		
Total Assets	-	2,081,881,976		3,381,312,013		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable		_		_		
Payables for Investment Purchases		15,593,379		7,098,366		
Benefits and Claims Payable		11,692,026		4,341,612		
Due to Primary Government		1,156,317		—		
Due to Component Units		—		—		
Amount Due to Broker for Securities Lending		35,241,386		87,552,210		
Other Liabilities	-	2,990,989		6,116,526		
Total Liabilities	-	66,674,097		105,108,714		
NET POSITION						
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension and Other Employee Benefits Death Benefit and Disability Income Protection		2,015,207,879		3,276,203,299		
Total Net Position	\$	2,015,207,879	 ¢	3,276,203,299		
	ۍ =	2,013,207,079	- ^φ =	3,210,203,299		

	0	ther Employee Benefits		
	Other Post- Employment Benefits Fund	Employee Death Benefits Fund	Employee Disability Income Protection Fund	Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trusts
\$	5,980,994 \$	1,265,391 \$	44,117	\$ 85,199,201
	9,711,055	25,240,270		192,269,659
	_	6,912,333		3,258,768,111
	_	6,780		85,351,584
	—	—		222,109,497
	—	—		511,763,494
	—	—		176,517,750
	—	—	—	387,888,304
		1,955,305		392,167,687
	9,711,055	34,114,688		5,226,836,086
	—	_		24,035,831
	36,363,516	112,665	1,071,230	37,547,411
	_	4,275	10,461	14,736
	_	_		37,262,430
	669,965	_		28,528,866
	1,085,025	_		1,085,025
	_	_		110,495,718
_				2,622,067
	53,810,555	35,497,019	1,125,808	5,553,627,371
	14,013,505	_	808	14,014,313
	· · · · ·	_		22,691,745
	_	_		16,033,638
	7,172,366	_	125,000	8,453,683
	99,221	_		99,221
	—	—		122,793,596
	23,401,865			32,509,380
	44,686,957		125,808	216,595,576
	9,123,598	_	_	5,300,534,776
_		35,497,019	1,000,000	36,497,019
\$	9,123,598 \$	35,497,019 \$	1,000,000	\$ 5,337,031,795

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS TRUSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Pensio	n	Oth	er Employee Benefits		
	_	General Retirement System	Policemen & Firemen Retirement System	Other Post- Employment Benefits Fund	Employee Death Benefits Fund	Employee Disability Income Protection Plan	Total Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trusts
ADDITIONS:							
Employer Contributions	\$	25,126,131 \$	— \$	205,205,826 \$	99,776 \$	1,171,556 \$	231,603,289
Plan Member Contributions		10,241,761	7,783,141	31,014,734	80,585	_	49,120,221
Other Income				5,957,863			5,957,863
Total Contributions Investment Earnings:		35,367,892	7,783,141	242,178,423	180,361	1,171,556	286,681,373
Interest and Dividend Income		21,065,114	101,041,852	1,090,993	4,676,705	_	127,874,664
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value		269,067,717	477,575,447	_	_	_	746,643,164
Investment Expense		(8,947,895)	(14,983,143)	_	—		(23,931,038)
Securities Lending Income, Net		161,964	498,646	_	_	—	660,610
Net Gain on Collateralized Securities		838,430	2,105,876	_	—		2,944,306
Other Income		7,604,277	2,522,115				10,126,392
Total Investment Earnings		289,789,607	568,760,793	1,090,993	4,676,705		864,318,098
Total Additions		325,157,499	576,543,934	243,269,416	4,857,066	1,171,556	1,150,999,471
DEDUCTIONS:							
Pension and Annuity Benefits		253,683,194	285,512,629	_	—		539,195,823
Premiums to Insurers and Damage Claims		_	_	242,214,209	1,838,845	1,171,556	245,224,610
Member Refunds and Withdrawals		144,050,613	38,027,844	_	_	_	182,078,457
General and Administrative Expenses		11,237,767	11,373,226	6,847	40,524		22,658,364
Total Deductions		408,971,574	334,913,699	242,221,056	1,879,369	1,171,556	989,157,254
Net Increase (Decrease)		(83,814,075)	241,630,235	1,048,360	2,977,697	—	161,842,217
Net Position, Beginning of Year		2,099,021,954	3,034,573,064	8,075,238	32,519,322	1,000,000	5,175,189,578
Net Position, End of Year	\$	2,015,207,879 \$	3,276,203,299 \$	9,123,598 \$	35,497,019 \$	1,000,000 \$	5,337,031,795

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	_	Fire Insurance Escrow Fund		Other Agency Funds		Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$_	21,473,322	_ \$ _	170,381	\$	21,643,703
Total Assets	\$_	21,473,322	_\$_	170,381	_\$	21,643,703
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	218,687	\$	170,381	\$	389,068
Other Liabilities		20,712,703				20,712,703
Due to Primary Government	_	541,932		_		541,932
Total Liabilities	\$_	21,473,322		170,381	\$	21,643,703

City of Detroit, Michigan COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	-	Balance June 30, 2013	 Additions	Deductions		Balance June 30, 2014
Fire Insurance Escrow Fund						
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments at Fair Value	\$	956,494 \$ 20,606,287	\$ 396,434 \$	485,893	\$	1,352,928 20,120,394
Total Assets	\$ _	21,562,781	\$ 396,434 \$	485,893	\$	21,473,322
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable Due to Primary Government Other Liabilities	\$ _	50,994 \$ 611,380 20,900,407	\$ 167,693 \$ 		\$	218,687 541,932 20,712,703
Total Liabilities	\$_	21,562,781	\$ 167,693 \$	257,152	\$	21,473,322
Other Agency Funds						
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	243,910	\$ \$	73,529	\$	170,381
Total Assets	\$ _	243,910	\$ \$	73,529	\$	170,381
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable	\$	243,910	\$ \$	73,529	\$	170,381
Total Liabilities	\$ _	243,910	\$ \$	73,529	\$	170,381
Total Agency Funds						
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments at Fair Value	\$	1,200,404 \$ 20,606,287	\$ 396,434 \$	73,529 485,893	\$	1,523,309 20,120,394
Total Assets	\$ _	21,806,691	\$ 396,434 \$	559,422	* _	21,643,703
LIABILITIES						
Accounts and Contracts Payable Due to Other Funds Other Liabilities	\$	294,904 5 611,380 20,900,407	\$ 167,693 \$ 	73,529 69,448 187,704	\$	389,068 541,932 20,712,703
Total Liabilities	\$	21,806,691	\$ 167,693 \$	330,681	\$	21,643,703

STATISTICAL SECTION

(UNAUDITED)

The Statistical Section Contains:

Financial Trends Information Revenue Capacity Information Debt Capacity Information Demographic and Employment Information Operating Information City of Detroit, Michigan COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

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Description of Statistical Section

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall health.

Contents

The statistical section is organized into the following main categories:

Financial Trends:

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity:

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity:

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information:

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information:

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Schedule 1 City of Detroit, Michigan Financial Trends - Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year	
	2014	2013	2012
Governmental Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 886,141,054	\$ 832,127,493	\$ 803,653,672
Restricted	102,047,103	75,055,537	73,786,466
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,034,577,802)	(1,714,975,464)	(1,557,840,700)
Total governmental activities net position	(46,389,645)	(807,792,434)	(680,400,562)
Business-type Activities			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	54,337,164	525,963,518	1,047,594,007
Restricted	473,057,369	244,039,925	461,972,732
Unrestricted (deficit)	(292,611,158)	(640,389,229)	(1,201,140,082)
Total business-type activities net position	234,783,375	129,614,214	308,426,657
Primary Government			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	940,478,218	1,358,091,011	1,851,247,679
Restricted	575,104,472	319,095,462	535,759,198
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,327,188,960)	(2,355,364,693)	(2,758,980,782)
Total primary government net position	\$ 188,393,730	\$ (678,178,220)	\$ (371,973,905)

Source: City of Detroit, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

			Fiscal Year			
2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 711,987,330	\$ 717,589,037	\$ 631,821,536	\$ 558,340,662	\$ 592,161,746	\$ 603,086,043	\$ 562,311,648
110,223,372	93,496,558	142,704,927	158,523,041	157,360,360	29,492,455	30,488,595
(1,360,282,090)	(1,278,954,788)	(956,905,000)	(687,464,129)	(602,506,410)	(608,735,544)	(586,294,194)
(538,071,388)	(467,869,193)	(182,378,537)	29,399,574	147,015,696	23,842,954	6,506,049
435,962,058 303,235,683 (230,134,710) 509,063,031	781,976,263 284,696,404 (333,688,853) 732,983,814	698,477,050 347,303,231 36,681,530 1,082,461,811	743,865,611 304,273,113 185,998,204 1,234,136,928	1,150,524,897 266,995,240 175,648,800 1,593,168,937	914,032,397 385,379,957 <u>377,799,324</u> 1,677,211,678	1,050,443,297 287,778,927 280,769,875 1,618,992,099
1,147,949,388 413,459,055 (1,590,416,800) \$ (29,008,357)	1,499,565,300 378,192,962 (1,612,643,641) \$ 265,114,621	1,330,298,586 490,008,158 (920,223,470) \$ 900,083,274	1,302,206,273 462,796,154 (501,465,925) \$1,263,536,502	1,742,686,643 424,355,600 (426,857,610) \$1,740,184,633	1,517,118,440 414,872,412 (230,936,220) \$1,701,054,632	1,612,754,945 318,267,522 (305,524,319) \$1,625,498,148

Schedule 2 City of Detroit, Michigan Financial Trends - Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal	l Yea	r		
		2014		2013		2012		2011
Expenses								
Governmental Activities:								
Public Protection	\$	539,831,117	\$	694,708,112	\$	800,229,437	\$	816,928,579
Health		49,563,178		38,070,128		142,584,167		170,235,039
Recreation and Culture		30,467,345		26,856,182		30,113,031		31,397,867
Economic Development		59,701,870		81,455,649		73,599,973		87,938,305
Educational Development		-		37,040,734		51,974,801		58,840,456
Housing Supply and Conditions		8,465,345		5,086,777		4,431,697		6,328,619
Physical Environment		110,555,039		121,192,467		130,991,572		125,325,346
Transportation Facilitation		55,831,652		20,745,859		33,697,252		33,720,569
Development and Management		328,243,425		205,937,823		195,167,837		201,031,612
Interest on Long-Term Debt		135,130,618		133,545,027		129,097,503		132,827,437
Total Government Activities Expenses		1,317,789,589		1,364,638,758		1,591,887,270		1,664,573,829
Business-type Activities:								
Sewage Disposal		482,723,501		523,909,799		456,113,053		517,645,238
Transportation		163,841,194		166,024,287		212,856,759		215,880,853
Water		392,920,925		398,086,572		370,558,112		345,180,580
Automobile Parking		14,714,363		20,089,165		11,643,400		11,305,474
Airport		4,613,418		1,910,151		2,119,837		2,392,911
Total Business-type Activities Expenses		1,058,813,401		1,110,019,974		1,053,291,161		1,092,405,056
Total Primary Government Expenses		2,376,602,990		2,474,658,732		2,645,178,431		2,756,978,885
Program Revenues								
Governmental Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
Public Protection		75,017,759		76,800,124		75,900,731		89,521,773
Health		2,389,178		224,847		9,652,314		5,090,487
Recreation and Culture		17,106,690		17,697,563		18,170,830		17,796,165
Economic Development		3,344,270		7,192,630		850,741		1,358,479
Educational Development		-		-		-		499,058
Housing Supply and Conditions		3,509,934		3,196,447		2,734,182		3,566,331
Physical Environment		93,846,458		102,363,179		97,094,653		80,905,220
Transportation Facilitation		22,728,698		-		1,647,825		46,986
Development and Management		128,991,615		81,496,108		103,694,387		101,982,537
Operating Grants and Contributions		176,787,827		211,471,358		326,570,380		370,730,317
Capital Grants and Contributions		30,592,996		19,740,930		24,516,521		44,338,905
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues		554,315,425	·	520,183,186		660,832,564		715,836,258
Business-type Activities:								
Charges for Services:								
Sewage Disposal		475,770,844		440,863,260		437,654,891		410,719,075
Transportation		19,374,841		26,643,760		22,558,000		27,418,297
Water		349,369,362		355,527,761		336,129,945		316,002,201
Automobile Parking		10,341,324		11,992,637		10,617,480		8,136,744
Airport		3,085,314		726,855		993,050		799,122
Operating Grants and Contributions		61,597,871		70,142,182		77,296,998		77,553,273
Capital Grants and Contributions		9,943,047		11,854,628		30,344,607		29,793,987
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues		929,482,603	·	917,751,083	·	915,594,971		870,422,699
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 1	483,798,028.00	\$	1,437,934,269.00	\$ 1	,576,427,535.00	\$ 1	,586,258,957.00
rotarrinnary covernment riogram Revenues	ψ1,		Ψ	.,,	ψΙ	,,,,	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

					Fiscal	Year					
	2010	•	2009		2008		2007		2006		2005
\$	779,613,390	\$	789,055,092	\$	761,894,177	\$	633,174,260	\$	681,052,276	\$	876,156,606
	170,843,954		158,906,848		158,826,732		153,368,566		177,363,962		170,039,930
	17,963,496		37,180,607		36,295,041		36,050,284		69,192,054		75,145,276
	61,906,827		73,307,206		87,717,239		93,705,705		95,641,855		114,865,586
	90,450,821		76,728,812		57,474,770		57,658,134		64,670,870		73,770,757
	8,381,813		10,592,858		10,591,479		7,904,903		14,737,981		17,980,763
	119,713,562		185,864,791		226,460,478		213,287,711		243,949,975		277,305,834
	84,039,822		73,805,481		70,563,909		71,947,094		79,343,398		46,272,594
	268,716,249		350,974,262		304,815,026		297,443,586		240,246,357		214,746,647
	129,458,620		126,344,699		107,754,007		140,861,674		126,659,186		65,252,89
	1,731,088,554		1,882,760,656		1,822,392,858		1,705,401,917		1,792,857,914		1,931,536,893
	431,575,246		450,278,148		429,112,536		427,788,717		311,303,765		192,421,480
	207,620,142		206,705,724		212,652,767		200,555,312		190,358,944		204,913,78
	346,637,749		349,734,605		360,778,077		335,000,188		282,149,274		195,085,65
	18,190,081		16,511,077		14,361,352		16,306,759		19,474,446		26,295,67
	2,437,571		2,685,756		3,502,904		2,960,042		3,044,030		3,140,74
	1,006,460,789	·	1,025,915,310		1,020,407,636		982,611,018		806,330,459		621,857,34
	2,737,549,343	_	2,908,675,966		2,842,800,494		2,688,012,935	_	2,599,188,373		2,553,394,23
	78,076,978		92,986,299		90,415,439		99,021,130		51,757,423		90,825,01
	12,495,600		14,752,057		15,108,413		14,987,496		14,224,550		13,026,67
	17,510,499		17,736,396		24,489,607		17,233,370		27,367,110		11,474,29
	121,725		72,714		694,676		9,010,210		13,946,969		5,427,11
	1,528,487		760,494		-		2,781,677		-		-
	3,780,682		3,572,588		5,989,939		127,757		1,636,711		6,700,11
	92,793,872		111,380,814		127,140,951		133,048,222		74,915,029		81,944,89
	927,229		516,728		902,039		79,156		1,355		-
	109,253,875		142,032,307		123,151,397		154,386,499		156,799,556		198,570,68
	356,347,310		310,525,464		306,575,011		271,970,335		245,061,788		246,248,86
	28,304,777		35,257,895		26,365,200		65,941,108		91,806,940		135,504,74
	701,141,034		729,593,756		720,832,672		768,586,960		677,517,431		789,722,42
	365,537,390		390,126,398		346,908,831		346,906,614		354,455,204		254,350,13
	26,565,119		28,191,056		28,918,328		26,047,091		25,173,805		22,959,49
	285,470,426		274,095,463		292,983,220		268,286,093		276,230,766		193,954,98
	15,037,679		17,667,031		18,556,018		18,114,461		21,125,510		13,627,65
	967,234		1,125,015		1,123,934		1,087,844		989,722		1,180,58
	75,343,618		74,811,471		79,008,781		81,959,301		73,801,668		88,110,60
	47,947,235		33,897,154		39,540,356		14,097,605		9,502,218		15,080,72
	816,868,701		819,913,588		807,039,468		756,499,009		761,278,893		589,264,17
\$ 1 5	18,009,735.00	\$ 1	,549,507,344.00	\$ 1	,527,872,140.00	\$ 1	,525,085,969.00	\$ 1	,438,796,324.00	\$ 1	,378,986,592.0

Schedule 2 (Continued) City of Detroit, Michigan Financial Trends - Changes in Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

Net (Expense) Revenue Governmental Activities \$ (763,474,164) (129,330,798) \$ (948, (192,268,891) \$ (931,054,706) (137,696,190) \$ (948, (2215) Business-type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expense (892,804,962) (1,036,724,463) (1,068,750,896) (1,170, (1,068,750,896) (1,170, (1,068,750,896) (1,170, (1,068,750,896) (1,170, (1,170,68,198) (1,170,68,198) (1,170,68,198) (1,170,68,198) (1,170,68,198) (1,170,68,750,896)				Year	al Y	Fiscal		
Governmental Activities \$ (763,474,164) \$ (844,455,572) \$ (931,054,706) \$ (948; (221,3) Business-type Activities Total Primary Government Net Expense (129,330,798) (192,268,891) (1,37,696,190) (221,4) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: (1,306,724,463) (1,086,750,896) (1,170,00) Taxes: Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 235,36 Municipal Income Tax 253,769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,37,99,874 248,267,976,974 177,4 354,662 177,4 354,662 177,4 354,662 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,4 354,659,91 17,5 354,659,91 17,5 354,659,91 17,5 354,659,91 17,5 354,910 2,528,509 17,7<	1	2011	 2012			2013	2014	
Business-type Activities (129,330,798) (192,268,891) (137,696,190) (2214) Total Primary Government Net Expense (892,804,962) (1.036,724,463) (1.068,750,896) (1.170) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: (1.026,724,463) (1.068,750,896) (1.170) Taxes: Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 223,035,540 228,030,937,4 248,017,356 223,035,540 228,04,022,03,035,40 228,04,022,03,035,40 228,04,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,022,03,03,540 228,029,01,17,03,02,022,22,230 08,023,00,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03,03								 et (Expense) Revenue
Total Primary Government Net Expense (892,804,962) (1,036,724,463) (1,068,750,896) (1,170,700,750,896) General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: (1,036,724,463) (1,068,750,896) (1,170,700,750,896) Municipal Income Tax (253,769,874) (248,017,356) (216,931,618) (235,370,9374) Utility Users' Tax (2,386,549) (35,299,844) (39,828,340) (44,40) Wagering Tax (167,569,541) (174,357,416) (181,574,627) (177,63) State Hotel and Liquor Tax - <td>,737,571</td> <td>(948,7</td> <td>\$ (931,054,706)</td> <td>\$</td> <td>)</td> <td>(844,455,572)</td> <td>\$ (763,474,164)</td> <td>\$ Governmental Activities</td>	,737,571	(948,7	\$ (931,054,706)	\$)	(844,455,572)	\$ (763,474,164)	\$ Governmental Activities
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities: Taxes: Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 235,35,40 228, Municipal Income Tax 235,3769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228, Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,44, Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,0 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17, State Shared Taxes 1,89,756,001 182,454,314 173,292,222 239, State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,8 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,278,211	,982,357	(221,9	 (137,696,190))	(192,268,891)	 (129,330,798)	 Business-type Activities
Governmental Activities: Taxes: Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 235,4 Municipal Income Tax 253,769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,5 Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,4 Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,4 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17,3 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - - Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,4 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,2 Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,256,786) 7,265,917 2,299	,719,928	(1,170,7	(1,068,750,896))	(1,036,724,463)	(892,804,962)	Total Primary Government Net Expense
Taxes: Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 235,4 Municipal Income Tax 253,769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,3 Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,4 Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,4 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17,3 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,8 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (0,3) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,8 Business-type Activities: 1								
Property Taxes 194,680,186 199,191,923 216,931,618 235,4 Municipal Income Tax 253,769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,5 Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,6 Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,7 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17,7 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,8 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (0,9) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,2) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,5 Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786)								
Municipal Income Tax 253,769,874 248,017,356 233,035,540 228,340 Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,4 Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,0 Sate Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17.3 Sate Shared Taxes 189,756,901 182,454,314 173,292,222 239,3 Sate Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,666,600 8,4 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (0,9,75,853) Transfers (19,42,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3,3) Business-type Activities: 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,3 Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449								
Utility Users' Tax 42,386,549 35,299,844 39,828,340 44,4 Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,4 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17,3 State Shared Taxes 189,756,901 182,454,314 173,292,222 239,3 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Interest and Penalties on Taxes 1,269,784 924,928 4,264,747 7,5 Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,0 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,57,852 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3 Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,2 Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,2 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - 9,1	,857,331							
Wagering Tax 167,569,541 174,357,416 181,574,627 177,0 State Hotel and Liquor Tax - - - - Other Taxes and Assessments 8,603,632 14,384,429 16,528,509 17,7 State Shared Taxes 189,756,901 182,454,314 173,292,222 239,2 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Interest and Penalties on Taxes 1,269,784 924,928 4,264,747 7,3 Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,0 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (0,3) Tansfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,4 Business-type Activities: 1 11,548,276,536 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) <td>,303,884</td> <td>228,3</td> <td>233,035,540</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>248,017,356</td> <td>253,769,874</td> <td>•</td>	,303,884	228,3	233,035,540			248,017,356	253,769,874	•
State Hotel and Liquor Tax -	,640,365	44,6	39,828,340			35,299,844		•
Other Taxes and Assessments $8,603,632$ $14,384,429$ $16,528,509$ $17,533,509$ State Shared Taxes $189,756,901$ $182,454,314$ $173,292,222$ $239,539$ State Returnable Liquor License Fees $607,547$ $604,206$ -Interest and Penalties on Taxes $1,269,784$ $924,928$ $4,264,747$ Investment Earnings $(4,170,808)$ $(88,533,105)$ $8,366,960$ $8,603,632$ Miscellaneous Revenue $7,549,098$ $11,854,410$ $2,578,822$ $3,562,600$ Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets $(359,223)$ $(8,829,927)$ - $(359,223)$ Tatasfers $(79,432,723)$ $(52,662,094)$ $(87,675,853)$ $(73,573,73)$ Total Governmental Activities $1,548,276,532$ $717,063,700$ $788,725,532$ $878,578,573$ Business-type Activities: $(12,59,818)$ $(2,752)$ $(91,42,29,174)$ $(91,42,329,174)$ Miscellaneous Revenues $228,728,211$ $ -$ Transfers $79,432,723$ $52,662,094$ $87,675,853$ $73,573,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,73,7$,046,311	177,0	181,574,627			174,357,416	167,569,541	
State Shared Taxes 189,756,901 182,454,314 173,292,222 239,5 State Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - - Interest and Penalties on Taxes 1,269,784 924,928 4,264,747 7,7 Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,4 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (6,359,23) Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,4) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,350) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,3 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,4 Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,459,459,459)	-		-			-	-	-
Sate Returnable Liquor License Fees 607,547 604,206 - Interest and Penalties on Taxes 1,269,784 924,928 4,264,747 7,2 Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,0 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,2 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (0,1) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,5 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,3 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4) Special Item 228,728,211 - - - -	,373,679	17,3	16,528,509			14,384,429	8,603,632	Other Taxes and Assessments
Interest and Penalties on Taxes 1,269,784 924,928 4,264,747 7,5 Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8,4 Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (6,35) Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,35) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,35) Business-type Activities: 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,35 Business-type Activities: (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,45) Special Item 228,728,211 - - - - Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348<	,342,109	239,3	173,292,222			182,454,314	189,756,901	State Shared Taxes
Investment Earnings (4,170,808) (88,533,105) 8,366,960 8, Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (C Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,3) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,5 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4) Special Item 228,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,5 Total Business-type Activities 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,5 Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>604,206</td> <td>607,547</td> <td></td>	-		-			604,206	607,547	
Miscellaneous Revenue 7,549,098 11,854,410 2,578,822 3,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (35 Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,3 Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3 Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,3 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,4 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4) Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,4) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5	,554,054	7,5	4,264,747			924,928	1,269,784	Interest and Penalties on Taxes
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (359,223) (8,829,927) - (4,10) Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,1) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,2) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,5 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,4 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4) Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,5 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) <t< td=""><td>,606,985</td><td>8,6</td><td>8,366,960</td><td></td><td>)</td><td>(88,533,105)</td><td>(4, 170, 808)</td><td>Investment Earnings</td></t<>	,606,985	8,6	8,366,960)	(88,533,105)	(4, 170, 808)	Investment Earnings
Special Item 766,046,174 - - (9,4) Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,3) Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,3 Business-type Activities: 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,3 Business-type Activities: (1,52,915,970) 9,4 9,4 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4) Special Item 228,728,211 - - - - Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)	,595,798	3,5	2,578,822			11,854,410	7,549,098	Miscellaneous Revenue
Transfers (79,432,723) (52,662,094) (87,675,853) (73,373,173,173,173,173,173,173,173,173,1	(528,568	(5	-)	(8,829,927)	(359,223)	Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets
Total Governmental Activities 1,548,276,532 717,063,700 788,725,532 878,5 Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,3 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 -	,865,937	(9,8	-			-	766,046,174	Special Item
Business-type Activities: Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,3 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,5 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,5 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5 Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)	,390,635	(73,3	 (87,675,853))	(52,662,094)	 (79,432,723)	 Transfers
Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,4 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5,96,126) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)	,535,376	878,5	788,725,532			717,063,700	1,548,276,532	Total Governmental Activities
Investment Earnings (Loss) 5,609,449 (46,468,811) (152,915,970) 9,4 Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5,96,126) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)								usiness-type Activities.
Bond Issuance Costs (22,173,885) - - Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,4) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5) Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)	.837,046	9.8	(152 915 970)		、 、	(46 468 811)	5 609 449	
Miscellaneous Revenues (Expenses) (13,956,786) 7,265,917 2,299,933 6,3 Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position 60vernmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,7)	,057,040	2,0	(152,)15,)70)		,	(+0,+00,011)		5
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets (1,259,818) (2,752) - (91,4 Special Item 228,728,211 - - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)	,310,694	63	2 299 933			7 265 917		
Special Item 228,728,211 - - Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,9) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)	,476,801	· · ·	2,277,755		`	, ,		· • ·
Transfers 79,432,723 52,662,094 87,675,853 73,3 Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,9) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)	,470,001	()1,4			, 	(2,752)		
Total Business-type Activities 276,379,894 13,456,448 (62,940,184) (1,5) Total Primary Government 1,824,656,426 730,520,148 725,785,348 876,5 Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,5)	,390,635	73 3	87 675 853			52 662 094		•
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)	,938,426		 , ,			, ,	 , ,	
Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)	,596,950	876,5	 725,785,348			730,520,148	 1,824,656,426	 Total Primary Government
Governmental Activities 784,802,368 (127,391,872) (142,329,174) (70,2)								 hange in Net Position
	,202,195	(70.2	(142, 329, 174))	(127 391 872)	784 802 368	8
$\underline{1+7,0+7,070} = (170,012,+57) = (200,050,574) (225,)$,920,783							
Total Primary Government \$ 931,851,464 \$ (306,204,315) \$ (342,965,548) \$ (294,	,122,978		\$	\$			\$ 	\$

Source: City of Detroit, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

				Fiscal			
	2010	 2009		2008	 2007	 2006	 2005
\$ (1,029,947,520) (189,592,088)	\$ (1,153,166,900) (206,001,722)	\$	(1,101,560,186) (213,368,168)	\$ (936,814,957) (226,112,009)	\$ (1,115,340,483) (45,051,566)	\$ (1,141,814,471 (32,593,170
(1,219,539,608)	 (1,359,168,622)		(1,314,928,354)	 (1,162,926,966)	 (1,160,392,049)	 (1,174,407,641
	218,008,102	231,428,726		225,602,203	241,428,477	243,621,932	239,507,939
	216,522,405	240,824,363		276,485,035	278,309,191	284,111,220	282,501,875
	44,190,132	49,900,471		51,590,794	53,768,977	122,824,621	52,939,839
	183,466,226	172,912,862		186,277,275	179,763,570	156,588,917	137,970,347
	2,969,380	17,367,715		16,220,140	17,579,292	16,287,676	16,310,767
	15,404,967	12,878,272		13,283,748	16,201,899	13,602,597	-
	239,047,211	268,246,565		272,569,363	272,635,060	280,818,221	282,914,217
	-	-		-	-	-	-
	9,332,781	10,696,529		10,857,112	10,342,478	9,181,155	11,712,960
	8,832,971	7,056,295		19,189,619	24,075,811	18,396,691	14,464,802
	6,618,964	9,273,309		13,586,014	37,634,868	22,780,845	9,984,374
	(27,775)	(5,204,095)		(278,706)	(31,728)	(308,855)	(3,551,036
	49,980,314	-		-	-	-	-
	(74,579,168)	(73,992,223)		(101,438,533)	(71,720,196)	(35,227,632)	(89,585,306
	919,766,510	941,388,789		983,944,064	1,059,987,699	1,132,677,388	955,170,778
							22 000 22
	(42,428,588)	25,458,070		58,176,113	-	39,193,811	22,808,775
	-	-		-	-	-	-
	788,385	(8,435,836)		(3,990,512)	69,331,846	2,879,273	(6,850,110
	-	-		-	1,017,226	25,970,429	-
	-	(36,900,173)		(141,962,894)	-	-	
	74,579,168	 73,992,223		101,438,533	 71,720,196	 35,227,632	 89,585,306
	32,938,965	54,114,284		13,661,240	142,069,268	103,271,145	105,543,971
	952,705,475	 995,503,073	_	997,605,304	 1,202,056,967	 1,235,948,533	 1,060,714,749
	(110,181,010)	(211,778,111)		(117,616,122)	123,172,742	17,336,905	(186,643,693
	(156,653,123)	 (151,887,438)		(199,706,928)	 (84,042,741)	 58,219,579	 72,950,801
\$	(266,834,133)	\$ (363,665,549)	\$	(317,323,050)	\$ 39,130,001	\$ 75,556,484	\$ (113,692,892

Schedule 3 City of Detroit, Michigan Financial Trends - Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

					I	Fiscal Year				
		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,597,471
Unreserved (Deficit)		-		-		-		-		(155,692,159)
Nonspendable		-		4,050,006		20,940,729		20,692,552		-
Restricted		42,979,826		979,826		979,826		979,826		-
Committed		156,334,125		54,550,314		35,234,345		26,833,858		-
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (Deficit)		(145,907,582)		(132,560,895)		(326,641,557)		(196,577,910)		-
Total General Fund	\$	53,406,369	\$	(72,980,749)	\$	(269,486,657)	\$	(148,071,674)	\$	(91,094,688)
Retirement Service Funds:										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,496,356
Unreserved (Deficit)	Ŧ	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	, ., ., .,
Nonspendable		24,016,604		24,016,604		24,016,604		24,295,379		-
Total Retirement System Service Funds	\$	24,016,604	\$	24,016,604	\$	24,016,604	\$	24,295,379	\$	24,496,356
All Other Governmental Funds:										
Special Revenue Funds										
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,022,881
Unreserved (Deficit)		-		-		-		-		12,313,800
Nonspendable		-		-		1,457,015		1,597,869		-
Restricted		90,917,252		69,437,600		65,845,376		70,907,819		-
Capital Projects Funds										
Reserved		-		-		-		-		90,526,155
Restricted		62,946,287		79,371,566		129,888,278		148,878,121		-
Debt Service Fund										
Reserved		-		-		-		-		6,135,145
Assigned		12,604,764		7,899,702		6,314,687		4,561,750		-
Permanent Funds										
Reserved		-		-		-		-		1,588,224
Nonspendable		937,861		937,861		937,861		937,861		-
Restricted		765,245		819,870		778,733		748,159		-
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	168,171,409	\$	158,466,599	\$	205,221,950	\$	227,631,579	\$	151,586,205

Source: City of Detroit, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

Note: The fund balance classifications changed in fiscal year 2011 when the City implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

This statement requires fund balances to now be classified as nonspendable, restricted, assigned, committed, and unassigned.

		Fiscal Year	1			
2005	 2006	 2007		2008	 2009	
\$ 121,809,601 (155,404,035)	66,502,619 (173,678,707)	\$ 64,169,704 (155,575,800)	\$	5 77,472,983 (219,158,137)	\$ 65,191,371 (331,925,012)	\$
-	-	-		-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	
-	-	-		-	-	
\$ (33,594,434)	\$ (107,176,088)	\$ (91,406,096)	\$	6 (141,685,154)	\$ (266,733,641)	\$
\$ 46,884,125	\$ 24,955,781	\$ 24,927,727	\$	24,851,160 (276,334)	\$ 24,574,826	\$
\$ 46,884,125	\$ 24,955,781	\$ 24,927,727	\$	24,574,826	\$ 24,574,826	\$
\$ 14,946,632 76,896,645 -	\$ 14,657,665 77,241,086	\$ 72,014,875 22,230,294	\$	66,158,392 16,865,024	\$ 43,974,045 17,785,520	\$
-	-	-		-	-	
139,812,882	134,433,861	88,507,405		126,274,973	99,750,093	
29,061,404	27,799,931	39,781,836		42,825,432	52,194,439	
1,253,623	1,291,569	1,445,462		1,494,202	1,574,670	
\$ 261,971,186	\$ 255,424,112	\$ 223,979,872	\$	253,618,023	\$ 215,278,767	\$

Schedule 4 City of Detroit, Michigan Financial Trends - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fis of Veen					
	2014	2013	Fiscal Year 2012	2011	2010	
Revenues						
Taxes:						
P ro perty Taxes	\$ 194,627,905	\$ 199,191,923	\$ 216,931,618	\$ 252,020,089	\$ 201,845,344	
M unicipal Income Tax Utility Users ' Tax	253,769,874 42,386,549	248,017,356	233,035,540	228,303,884 44,640,365	216,522,405 44,190,132	
Wagering Taxes	167,924,023	35,299,844 174,599,992	39,828,340 181,443,475	176,899,280	183,338,299	
Gas and Weight Tax	53,904,485	52,081,247	53,142,793	58,623,860	57,775,086	
Other Taxes and Assessments	8,603,632	14,384,429	16,528,509	17,373,670	15,404,967	
State Hotel and Liquor Tax	-	-	=	-	2,969,380	
Interest and Penalties on Taxes	1,269,784	924,928	4,264,747	7,554,054	9,332,781	
Licenses, Permits, and Inspection Charges	28,706,629	32,615,445	27,100,204	27,095,599	27,669,454	
Intergo vernmental:	96,907,383	152 570 860	252 022 220	201404 050	265 421408	
Federal State	96,907,383	152,579,860	253,933,239	301,484,858	265,421,498	
State Shared Revenue	189,756,901	182,454,314	172,704,390	239,320,847	263,060,088	
State Returnable Liquor License Fees	607,547	604,206			- 205,000,000	
Other State Sourced Revenue	49,226,334	25,994,536	37,269,243	46,887,654	47,852,739	
State Equity Grant	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	6,001,385	6,029,547	6,663,482	8,347,440	6,788,282	
Sales and Charges for Services	207,987,028	176,029,645	197,066,068	201,253,031	196,333,386	
Ordinance Fines and Forfeitures	17,851,138	21,154,594	16,972,056	21,152,772	18,872,226	
Revenue from Use of Assets	7,568,498	12,017,348	2,069,012	3,595,798	6,618,964	
Investment Earnings	300,397	(399,654)	445,251	685,276	911,263	
Other Revenue	95,010,394	35,958,150	64,241,114	77,135,224	64,761,863	
TotalRevenues	1,422,409,886	1,369,537,710	1,523,639,081	1,712,373,701	1,629,668,157	
Expenditure s						
Current:						
Public Protection	449,622,284	476,940,028	675,359,091	735,650,626	641,884,276	
Health	48,782,203	37,448,812	142,365,025	169,338,220	170,489,091	
Recreation and Culture	16,032,592	13,345,639	16,976,912	18,210,536	18,155,021	
Economic Development	51,178,770	76,109,395	67,115,000	79,792,267	57,522,689	
Educational Development	-	37,126,254	52,430,587	58,526,359	90,527,365	
Housing Supply and Conditions	6,966,303	4,188,991	4,215,134	5,871,310	8,240,422	
P hys ic al Environment	97,441,142	106,802,886	113,603,551	113,296,648	104,042,673	
Trans portation Facilitation	36,505,709	1,749,362	14,990,983	26,836,954	71,517,424	
Development and Management	297,686,391	191,052,907	176,507,779	180,366,148	237,069,025	
Debt Service: Principal	109,976,923	103,880,615	97,498,429	87,904,525	89,653,619	
Interest	126,945,753	133,319,492	126,728,009	131,087,371	124,280,049	
Audit	20,745,755	100,010,472	120,720,007	101,007,071	124,200,049	
Bond Issuance Costs	3,379,410	1,612,046	485,599	1,416,768	2,487,193	
Capital Outlay	81,329,304	127,079,320	97,650,840	102,395,459	49,231,014	
To tal Expenditures	1,325,846,784	1,310,655,747	1,585,926,939	1,710,693,191	1,665,099,861	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	96,563,102	58,881,963	(62,287,858)	1,680,510	(35,431,704)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sources:						
Transfers In	109,770,188	174,825,814	179,921,845	173,340,882	171,409,769	
Pension Obligation Certificates Issued						
Swap Termination Fee	-	-	=	-	-	
Proceeds of Section 108 Federal Note	-	-	=	-	-	
Proceeds of Capital Leases	-	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from Debt Issuances	120,000,000	134,438,642	5,753,000	100,000,000	258,210,000	
Premium from Debt Issuances		9,092,046			1,873,225	
Total Other Financing Sources	229,770,188	318,356,502	185,674,845	273,340,882	431,492,994	
Uses:						
Transfers Out	(189,202,911)	(227,487,908)	(267,597,697)	(246,731,517)	(245,988,937)	
Principal P aid to Bond Agent for Refunded Bonds	(10),202,011)	(227,107,500)	(201,001,001)	(210,751,517)	(35,810,944)	
Interest P aid to Bond Agent for Refunded Bonds	-	-	-	-		
To tal Other Financing Uses	(189,202,911)	(227,487,908)	(267,597,697)	(246,731,517)	(281,799,881)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	40,567,277	90,868,594	(81,922,852)	26,609,365	149,693,113	
SpecialItem		-	-	(9,865,937)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	137,130,379	149,750,557	(144,210,710)	18,423,938	114,261,409	
	100 151 055	(40.040.007)	102 022 20 :	04 007 077	(26 000 0 10)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) at Beginning of Year, as Restated	108,464,003	(40,248,103)	103,855,284	84,987,873	(26,880,048)	
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories Fund Balance (Deficit) at End of Year	\$ 245,594,382	\$ 109,502,454	107,323 \$ (40,248,103)	<u>443,473</u> \$ 103,855,284	(2,393,488)	
r and Damnee (Dener) at Ellu 01 10al	φ 2 4 0,074,002	φ 109,302,434	\$ (40,248,103)	\$ 103,855,284	\$ 84,987,873	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	19.31%	20.18%	15.10%	13.70%	13.39%	
ge of noneuphatespendations	10 10 1/0	20.1070	2.1070	2	20.000/0	

Source: City of Detroit, Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

		Fiscal Year		
2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
\$ 230,833,394	\$ 225,890,313 276,485,035	\$ 257,003,325	\$ 243,621,932 284,111,220	\$ 238,771,142
240,824,363 49,900,667	51,590,599	278,309,191 53,768,977	60,019,626	282,501,875 52,939,839
173,026,122	180,365,237	179,763,570	156,588,917	137,970,347
58,813,648	61,070,748	62,080,522	62,804,995	63,476,425
12,878,272	13,283,748	16,201,899	13,583,421	13,565,118
17,367,715	16,220,140	17,579,292	16,287,676	16,310,767
10,696,529	10,857,112	10,342,478	9,181,155	11,491,470
32,471,933	35,138,940	32,536,815	35,585,150	35,609,100
233,526,888	222,675,031	219,592,658	218,119,145	276,372,474
266,032,168	249,027,299	272,084,669	279,467,063	282,914,217
40,049,141	41,062,686	41,878,552	75,774,530	36,867,375 1,076,931
14,500,644	4,026,591	14,359,711	25,192,384	16,346,773
237,044,188	258,599,558	243,533,764	189,253,428	183,294,833
23,747,573	20,850,629	25,680,231	21,525,257	27,481,642
27,013,424	13,560,617	37,634,876	22,780,845	16,782,057
7,056,295	19,189,619	24,075,811	18,396,691	14,464,802
72,117,140	73,606,042	123,867,578	106,521,883	131,657,892
1,747,900,104	1,773,499,944	1,910,293,919	1,838,815,318	1,839,895,079
654,450,029	660,230,564	654,137,306	687,251,414	1,423,581,547
155,442,680	157,414,372	154,283,807	177,723,221	197,473,468
21,041,925	21,265,879	24,648,968	55,390,716	99,296,179
65,217,992	99,342,897	86,454,732	88,424,272	99,655,593
75,409,235	57,388,638	58,021,384	64,427,129	77,259,012
9,022,633	9,607,906	8,412,644	14,786,461	27,863,296
159,233,592	202,986,951	197,682,760	220,208,683	301,784,627
66,567,770	58,595,880	72,482,752	79,343,398	46,272,594
305,203,444	298,231,422	3 10,23 1,0 13	233,297,837	495,348,897
129,696,883	140,216,435	95,599,337	88,150,364	73,544,336
124,716,178	110,841,259	138,408,774	120,956,704	51,462,415
-	3,182,053	-	56,147,009	44,262,505
77,094,313	88,458,549	69,848,815	175,169,666	282,545,708
1,843,096,674	1,907,762,805	1,870,212,292	2,061,276,874	3,220,350,177
(95,196,570)	(134,262,861)	40,081,627	(222,461,556)	(1,380,455,098)
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u> </u>			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
210,043,052	208,766,473	176,069,587	129,799,480	141,075,789
	200,700,475	- 100,000,007	771,087,137	1,170,607,421
-	-	-	38,969,807	
-	-	14,958,000	1,800,000	7,789,000
-	-	-	34,892,659	315,351
6,197,000	281,783,578	-	81,903,071	353,830,000
-	4,974,370		3,778,114	13,014,675
216,240,052	495,524,421	191,027,587	1,062,230,268	1,686,632,236
(284,035,275)	(310,205,006)	(247,789,783)	(165,027,112)	(230,661,095)
-	(72,410,000)	-	(764,864,391)	(161,800,000)
	(1,314,181)	-	(1,741,161)	(10,865,420)
(284,035,275)	(383,929,187)	(247,789,783)	931,632,664	403,326,515
(67,795,223)	111,595,234	(56,762,196)	130,597,604	1,283,305,721
(162,991,793)	(22,667,627)	(16,680,569)	(91,863,952)	(97,149,377)
136,507,695	157,501,503	173,203,805	275,260,877	387,865,195
(395,950)	1,673,819	978,267	(10,193,120)	(15,454,941)
\$ (26,880,048)	\$ 136,507,695	\$ 157,501,503	\$ 173,203,805	\$ 275,260,877
14.41%	13.97%	13.00%	14.06%	5.76%

Schedule 5 City of Detroit, Michigan Revenue Capacity - Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

		Ass	essed Value	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	 e side ntial Prope rty	0.	omme rcial Prope rty	 dus trial Prope rty
2014	\$ 4,292,795	\$	2,270,629	\$ 555,507
2013	4,850,303		2,417,371	576,900
2012	5,475,901		2,617,911	660,159
2011	5,885,070		2,670,279	707,866
2010	6,331,071		2,561,853	711,088
2009	7,427,227		2,714,762	718,520
2008	8,815,609		2,766,213	750,693
2007	9,063,123		2,542,439	861,157
2006	8,622,589		2,299,266	877,750
2005	8,649,348		2,252,275	856,344

		Tax	able Value	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	e side ntial Prope rty		omme rcial Prope rty	 idus trial Prope rty
2014	\$ 3,948,186	\$	1,995,109	\$ 495,211
2013	4,265,567		2,082,686	506,261
2012	4,591,719		2,181,621	612,936
2011	4,955,961		2,232,730	659,172
2010	4,896,647		2,055,557	643,296
2009	5,291,055		2,145,967	651,786
2008	5,660,265		2,166,189	645,372
2007	5,615,395		1,899,540	737,484
2006	5,240,724		1,649,966	753,566
2005	4,943,144		1,574,914	730,307

Source: City of Detroit, Finance Department - Assessor's Office - Assessment and Tax Roll Certificate and Warrant for the City of Detroit

	Assesse	ed Value		
_	Personal			Total Direct Tax Rate
	Property		Total	(Per Thousand of Taxable Value)
\$	1,862,607	\$	8,981,538	28.95 %
	1,592,878		9,437,452	29.57
	1,369,132		10,123,104	29.51
	1,563,433		10,826,648	28.87
	1,516,382		11,120,394	28.87
	1,637,134		12,497,643	27.43
	1,612,957		13,945,472	28.02
	1,646,722		14,113,441	31.34
	1,655,570		13,455,175	30.02
	1,654,261		13,412,228	30.44

	Taxal	ole	Val	lue
--	-------	-----	-----	-----

Personal Property		Total	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
\$ 1,862,684	\$	8,301,190	92.43 %
1,592,856	·	8,447,370	89.51
1,369,138		8,755,414	86.49
1,563,439		9,411,302	86.93
1,516,382		9,111,882	81.94
1,637,112		9,725,920	77.82
1,609,442		10,081,268	72.29
1,646,722		9,899,141	70.14
1,654,018		9,298,274	69.11
1,623,886		8,872,251	66.15

Schedule 6 City of Detroit, Michigan Revenue Capacity - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (Rate Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value) (Unaudited)

2014 19.9520 8.9952 28.9 2013 19.9520 9.6136 29.5 2012 19.9520 9.5558 29.5 2011 19.9520 8.9157 28.8 2010 19.9520 8.9157 28.8 2009 19.9520 8.9157 28.8 2009 19.9520 8.0683 28.0 2007 22.9448 8.3951 31.3 2006 22.9448 7.0753 30.0	Fiscal	Basic General	Debt	Total
201319.95209.613629.5201219.95209.555829.5201119.95208.915728.8201019.95208.915728.8200919.95207.477927.4200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	Year	City Rate (Note 1)	Service (Note 1)	Direct
201219.95209.555829.5201119.95208.915728.8201019.95208.915728.8200919.95207.477927.4200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2014	19.9520	8.9952	28.9472
201119.95208.915728.8201019.95208.915728.8200919.95207.477927.4200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2013	19.9520	9.6136	29.5656
201019.95208.915728.8200919.95207.477927.4200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2012	19.9520	9.5558	29.5078
200919.95207.477927.4200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2011	19.9520	8.9157	28.8677
200819.95208.068328.0200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2010	19.9520	8.9157	28.8677
200722.94488.395131.3200622.94487.075330.0	2009	19.9520	7.4779	27.4299
2006 22.9448 7.0753 30.0	2008	19.9520	8.0683	28.0203
	2007	22.9448	8.3951	31.3399
2005 22.9563 7.4796 30.4	2006	22.9448	7.0753	30.0201
	2005	22.9563	7.4796	30.4359

City Direct Rates

Note 1 Source: City of Detroit's Budget Department

(Red Books for 2005 through 2014)

Note 2 Source: State of Michigan website

Note 3 Source: City of Detroit, Finance Department - Treasury Division - PBC R-11 Millage Report

	Overlapping Rates						
Detroit 1	Public Schools						
Homestead	Non-Homestead	Library	County	State Education			
(Note 2)	(Note 2)	(Note 1)	(Note 3)	Tax (Note 1)			
13.1423	31.1422	4.6307	15.0417	6.0000			
13.0969	30.9277	4.6307	13.7768	6.0000			
13.2996	31.1304	4.6307	14.0778	6.0000			
13.1015	30.9323	4.6307	14.0778	6.0000			
13.0000	30.8308	4.6307	14.0778	6.0000			
13.0000	30.8308	4.6307	14.0778	6.0000			
13.0000	31.0000	4.6307	13.9778	6.0000			
13.0000	31.0000	4.6307	13.9980	6.0000			
13.0700	30.6236	4.6307	13.9778	6.0000			
13.0000	31.0000	3.6331	13.9861	6.0000			

Schedule 7 City of Detroit, Michigan Revenue Capacity - Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Taxable Assessed Value - Expressed in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	2014					
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed lue (Note 1)	Percentage of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (Note 2)			
Marathon Oil Company	\$	499,756,169	1	6.02 %		
Detroit Edison Company		434,069,845	2	5.23		
Vanguard Health Systems - Hospitals		275,814,550	3	3.32		
MGM Grand Detroit LLC		209,301,949	4	2.52		
Riverfront Holdings Inc.		106,721,950	5	1.29		
Chrysler Group LLC		97,381,954	6	1.17		
Greektown Casino LLC		65,928,741	7	0.79		
Detroit Entertainment LLC		61,968,988	8	0.75		
General Motors LLC		46,781,160	9	0.56		
International Transmission Co.		44,770,681	10	0.54		

Note 1 Source: City of Detroit - Assessor's Office

Note 2 Source: City of Detroit, Finance Department - Assessor's Office

Note 3 Source: City of Detroit, June 30, 2005 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Exhibit AA-14)

		2005 (Note 3)	
			Percentage of Total City
	Taxable Assessed		Taxable Assessed
1	Value	Rank	Value
	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$	359,498,298	2	4.31 %
	N/A	N/A	N/A
	N/A	N/A	N/A
	123,150,856	5	1.48
	738,867,260	1	8.86
	40,376,351	9	0.48
	37,144,564	10	0.45
	178,212,853	3	2.14
	N/A	N/A	N/A

Schedule 8 City of Detroit, Michigan Revenue Capacity - Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands) (Unaudited)

				Collected	
Fiscal		es Levied		Fiscal Year	of the Levy
Year	f	or the			Percentage
Ended June 30	Fis	scal Year	A	mount	of Levy
2014	\$	222,550	\$	153,897	69.15 %
2013		239,186		163,443	68.33
2012		251,399		210,359	83.68
2011		257,448		205,741	79.92
2010		261,380		224,235	85.79
2009		269,556		234,049	86.83
2008		271,516		251,530	92.64
2007		268,630		255,353	95.06
2006		263,532		244,189	92.66
2005		254,533		238,059	93.53

* Information not available for years 2007, 2009-2014

Source: City of Detroit, Finance Department - Treasury Division

Note: The methodology for compiling the information in this schedule was changed for 2013 and was not applied retroactively.

	Total (Collections to I	Date
Collections in Subsequent			Percentage
Years	A	Amount	of Levy
*	\$	153,897	69.15 %
*		163,443	68.33
*		210,359	83.68
*		205,741	79.92
*		224,235	85.79
*		234,049	86.83
1,349		252,879	93.14
*		255,353	95.06
2,493		246,682	93.61
8,942		247,001	97.04

Schedule 9 City of Detroit, Michigan Debt Capacity - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Capita) (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities (Note 1)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	troit Building Authority Bonds	evenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Loans ayable	0	Pension bligation ertificates
2014	\$ 1,060,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 85,184	\$ 36,693	\$	1,137,404
2013	1,024,819	-	-	88,310	37,820		1,194,228
2012	971,213	-	-	89,391	34,207		1,194,270
2011	1,049,088	-	-	88,926	36,595		1,208,030
2010	1,028,036	2,655	-	89,506	37,944		1,216,977
2009	858,446	4,230	82,707	81,626	47,016		1,220,881
2008	969,868	5,650	94,453	77,681	56,316		1,220,923
2007	919,620	6,955	105,600	41,940	62,688		1,220,965
2006	953,275	8,322	114,183	28,315	74,442		1,206,770
2005	967,895	9,922	125,013	27,795	45,370		1,170,607

Note 1 Source: City of Detroit - Comprehensive Annual

Financial Report for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

	Business-type Activities (N	lote 1)	
Sewage			Automobile
Disposal	Transportation	Water	Parking
Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund

Revenue Bonds	Ob	ension digation rtificates	Ob	eneral ligation Bonds	0	Pension bligation rtificates	Revenue Bonds	Ot	ension ligation rtificates	evenue Bonds	Total Primary overnment	Per Capita
 Donus		lincutes		Jonus		<u>rtificates</u>	 Donas		lineates	 Donus	 , criment	Cupitu
\$ 3,345,812	\$	85,843	\$	5,458	\$	100,159	\$ 2,553,333	\$	75,748	\$ -	\$ 8,486,598	\$ 11,890
3,190,578		90,151		5,458		105,185	2,488,622		79,555	9,125	8,313,850	11,648
3,250,005		90,154		6,272		105,189	2,518,913		79,558	10,261	8,349,432	11,698
2,894,198		91,193		6,272		106,401	2,159,832		80,474	11,341	7,732,348	10,833
2,940,530		91,868		6,272		107,188	2,190,140		81,070	40,931	7,833,116	8,234
2,980,741		92,163		6,272		107,532	2,298,509		81,330	42,616	7,904,069	8,309
3,006,776		92,166		6,272		107,536	2,328,126		81,333	44,165	8,091,264	8,506
3,018,976		9,140		-		107,539	2,344,255		159,196	45,668	8,042,542	8,455
2,657,446		9,031		-		106,268	1,971,744		162,415	54,230	7,346,442	7,723
2,653,827		8,761		-		103,084	1,991,615		157,548	60,845	7,322,282	7,697

Schedule 10 City of Detroit, Michigan Debt Capacity - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Capita) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	 General Bonds	De	troit Building Authority Bonds	Pension Obligation Certificates	 tricted for ot Service	Total of Restricted Debt Service)
2014	\$ 1,047,770	\$	-	\$ 1,137,404	\$ (14,781)	\$ 2,170,392
2013	1,009,395		-	1,180,285	(31,916)	2,157,764
2012	963,400		-	1,180,285	(30,331)	2,113,354
2011	1,039,505		-	1,194,003	(28,857)	2,204,651
2010	1,013,920		2,655	1,202,909	(30,632)	2,188,852
2009	838,735		4,230	1,206,770	(76,769)	1,972,966
2008	942,850		5,650	1,206,770	(67,400)	2,087,870
2007	883,510		6,955	1,206,770	(64,710)	2,032,525
2006	953,275		8,322	1,206,770	(28,201)	2,140,166
2005	967,895		9,922	1,170,607	(29,235)	2,119,189

General Bonded Debt (Note 1)

Note 1 Source: City of Detroit - Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

Note 2 Source: City of Detroit's Budget Department (Red Books for 2005 through 2014)

Val	Taxable lue (Note 2)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (Note 2)	Per Capita
\$	8,301,190	26.15 %	\$ 3,040.71
	8,447,370	25.54	3,023.02
	8,755,414	24.14	2,960.80
	9,111,881	24.20	3,088.71
	9,725,919	22.51	2,300.98
	10,031,268	19.67	2,074.03
	9,896,705	21.10	2,194.82
	8,996,155	22.59	2,136.64
	8,749,830	24.46	2,249.80
	8,335,790	25.42	2,227.75

General Bo	nded Debt	(Note 1))
Ochera Du	nucu Dent		,

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Schedule 11 City of Detroit, Michigan Debt Capacity - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2014 (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percent Applicable to City of Detroit	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes:			
Detroit Public Schools	\$ 1,685,757,335	100.00 %	\$ 1,685,757,335
Wayne County	341,632,130	16.54	 56,505,954
Subtotal, overlapping debt			1,742,263,289
City of Detroit direct debt	2,320,243,845	100.00	 2,320,243,845
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 4,062,507,134

Source: City of Detroit Finance Department, Debt Management Division

Schedule 12 City of Detroit, Michigan Debt Capacity - Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

			F	iscal Year		
	 2014	 2013		2012	 2011	 2010
Debt limit	\$ 1,587,704	\$ 1,558,064	\$	1,033,010	\$ 1,218,147	\$ 1,218,793
Total net debt applicable to limit	 1,034,669	 1,039,011		957,128	 1,033,233	 919,650
Legal debt margin	\$ 553,035	\$ 519,053	\$	75,882	\$ 184,914	\$ 299,143
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	65.17%	66.69%		92.65%	84.82%	75.46%

Source: City of Detroit Finance Department, Debt Management Division

			-	Fiscal Year				
2009		2008		2007	 2006	2005		
\$ 1,388,266	\$	1,505,243	\$	1,527,708	\$ 1,443,061	\$	1,390,749	
820,400		820,400		758,805	 815,002		728,229	
\$ 567,866	\$	684,843	\$	768,903	\$ 628,059	\$	662,520	
59.10%		54.50%		49.67%	56.48%		52.36%	

Schedule 13 City of Detroit, Michigan Debt Capacity - Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands) (Unaudited)

	_	Total		Less:	Net				
al	Available			Operating		Available		Debt (b)	Debt (c)
ar		Revenues		Expenses		Revenue		Service	Coverage
<u></u>						110,01140		201100	<u>coverage</u>
)5	\$	297,214	\$	163,400	\$	133,814	\$	136,635	97.94%
)6		352,074		197,604		154,470		151,246	102.13
)7		403,992		199,955		204,037		156,616	130.28
8		404,502		202,346		202,156		175,249	115.35
9		410,960		195,530		215,430		195,545	110.17
0		371,419		197,926		173,493		200,985	86.32
1		413,968		230,811		183,157		209,064	87.61
2		444,471		217,024		227,447		203,092	111.99
3		440,663		209,785		230,878		225,223	102.51
4		479,929		206,052		273,877		229,611	119.28
				v	Vate	r Revenue Bonds			
		Total		Less:		Net			
		Available		Operating		Available		Debt (b)	Debt (c)
		<u>Revenues</u>		<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Revenue</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
5	\$	267,727	\$	156,954	\$	110,773	\$	105,575	104.92%
6		295,075		146,215		148,860		107,305	138.73
7		302,351		146,327		156,024		115,450	135.14
8		323,976		132,724		191,252		135,157	141.50
9		287,906		149,859		138,047		156,775	88.05
0		292,463		138,459		154,004		157,591	97.72
1		320,066		146,880		173,186		164,436	105.32
2		343,923		165,081		178,842		153,524	116.49
3		361,091		151,204		209,887		172,459	121.70
4		357,291		145,268		212,023		182,465	116.20
				Automol	oile	Parking Revenue	Bor	nds	
		Total (a)		Less:		Net			
		Available		Operating		Available		Debt (b)	Debt
		<u>Revenues</u>		<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Revenue</u>		<u>Service</u>	<u>Coverage</u>
5	\$	13,628	\$	16,006	\$	(2,378)	\$	8,622	-27.58%
6		21,126		10,315		10,811		10,604	101.95
7		18,114		9,470		8,644		10,605	81.51
8		18,556		7,998		10,558		6,374	165.64
9		17,835		10,180		7,655		4,448	172.00
0		15,038		12,804		2,234		4,594	48.63
1		8,137		6,938		1,199		1,671	72.00
2		10,617		7,911		2,706		1,665	162.56
3		11,993		6,365		5,627		1,664	338.26
4		10,341		11,111		(770)			-

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest, depreciation, or amortization expenses.

(a) Includes investment earnings on System Funds.

(b) Reflects accrued deposits to the Bond and Interest Redemption Funds for principal and interest payments due on January 1 and July 1. Excludes interest paid from capitalized interest funds. Includes principal and interest on State Revolving Fund Loans.

(c) This calculation is for statistical analysis only. The calculation of debt service coverage in accordance with the bond ordinance is beyond the scope of this presentation.

Schedule 14 City of Detroit, Michigan Demographic and Economic Information - Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Year	Population (Note 1)	Unemployment Rate (Note 2)	Pe	Per Capita ersonal ne (Note 3)	Person	otal al Income (illions)
2014	713,777	16.4 %	\$	14,721	\$	*
2013	713,777	18.6		13,956		*
2012	713,777	18.3		15,062		*
2011	713,777	24.4		*		*
2010	951,270	22.7		*		*
2009	951,270	24.8		15,310		14,564
2008	951,270	16.0		15,310		14,564
2007	951,270	14.1		15,310		14,564
2006	951,270	13.6		15,310		14,564
2005	951,270	14.1		15,310		14,564

* Information Not Available at Date of Publication of CAFR

Note 1 Source: U.S. Bureau of Census for 2000; 2011 amount released from the 2010 Census

Note 2 Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Detroit, MI

Note 3 Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey

Schedule 15 City of Detroit, Michigan Demographic and Economic Information - Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2014 (Not	e 1)			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment (Note 3)			
Detroit Medical Center	11,497	1	4.0 %			
City of Detroit	9,591	2	3.4			
Quicken Loans	9,192	3	3.2			
Henry Ford Health System	8,807	4	3.1			
Detroit Public Schools	6,586	5	2.3			
U.S. Government	6,308	6	2.2			
Wayne State University	6,023	7	2.1			
Chrysler Group L.L.C.	5,426	8	1.9			
Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan	5,415	9	1.9			
General Motors Co.	4,327	10	1.5			

Note 1 Source: Crain's Book of Lists, 2014 Edition (City of Detroit Based) Note 2 Source: City of Detroit 2006-2007 Executive Budget Summary (Page E-4) Note 3 Source (Total City employment): Bureau of Labor Statistics

	2004 (Note	2)
		Percentage of Total City Employment
Employees	Rank	(Note 3)
10,617	3	2.8 %
17,151	2	4.6
N/A	N/A	N/A
7,404	5	2.0
18,639	1	5.0
5,458	8	1.5
5,078	10	1.4
9,900	4	2.6
2,694	17	0.7
6,311	7	1.7

Schedule 16 City of Detroit, Michigan **Operating Information - Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program** Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				FI	Employees	as of Jun	e 30			
UNCTION/PROGRAM	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
eneral Governmental Agencies					. <u> </u>					
Executive Agencies										
Arts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Budget	10	15	15	16	20	23	22	23	23	2
Building and Safety	178	183	204	235	258	276	296	296	299	29
Civic Center	-	-	-	-	-	33	35	35	59	7
Consumer Affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
Cultural Affairs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Public Works	407	503	542	639	649	737	750	748	873	1,22
Workforce Development	-		46	73	113	99	91	98	90	-,_,
Environmental	-	_	-	3	10	51	53	51	21	2
Finance	176	224	235	266	285	310	327	310	298	40
Fire	1,154	1,093	1,257	1,330	1,355	1,406	1,444	1,479	1,511	1,72
									1,311	1,7,
General Services	436	384	343	447	481	528	676	670		-
Health & Wellness Promotion	7	31	185	243	262	317	348	335	434	50
Historical	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	2
Human Resources	83	82	107	176	171	168	175	179	174	23
Human Rights	1	7	6	8	-	12	13	7	7	
Human Services	-	-	52	85	95	91	117	122	128	1
Information Technology Services	30	30	43	46	65	92	99	105	94	1
Inspector General	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Law	82	88	94	105	113	122	127	134	140	1
Mayor's Office	47	22	39	52	63	74	108	107	59	
Planning and Development	93	110	122	154	160	173	172	181	197	2
Police	2,769	2,561	3,016	3,195	3,288	3,688	3,421	3,499	3,589	4,1
Communication and Creative Services		2,001		-	-	-		-		.,.
Public Lighting	32	98	103	123	160	206	225	217	228	2
0 0									399	
Recreation	185	203	300	510	508	385	471	464		4
Senior Citizens	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	5	
Youth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
Zoological Institute	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	86	1
Administrative Hearings	4	8	4	6	9	6	6	5	5	
Homeland Security	-	3	2	2	1	5	5	5	4	
Housing	-	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Legislative Agencies										
Auditor General	10	10	12	15	17	18	21	18	18	
Board of Zoning Appeals	11	13	12	12	12	12	13	15	11	
City Council*		118	52	61	74	97	90	91	92	1
Ombudsman	6	6	7	7	11	11	10	7	6	
City Clerk	14	15	18	20	22	23	25	25	27	
Elections	72	81	83	51	55	102	68	60	65	
Elections	12	01	85	51	55	102	08	00	05	
Judiciary Agency 36th District Court	32	31	31	35	33	33	32	31	31	
Other Agencies										
Non-Departmental	40	24	14	20	21	33	44	37	41	
-	301	24 344	334	371	450	33 466	44	457	41	4
Library										
tal General Governmental Agencies	6,187	6,294	7,278	8,309	8,764	9,603	9,748	9,815	9,495	11,2
terprise Agencies	-	-	_	~	~					
Airport	3	2	7	8	9	10	11	11	13	
Department of Transportation	951	809	1,131	1,292	1,351	1,514	1,512	1,562	1,530	1,5
Municipal Parking	83	86	97	92	97	104	109	114	108	1
Water and Sewage Disposal	1,560	1,721	2,012	2,123	2,081	2,189	2,260	2,224	2,311	2,5
tal Enterprise Agencies	2,597	2,618	3,247	3,515	3,538	3,817	3,892	3,911	3,962	4,3

Source: City of Detroit, Michigan, Human Resources Department *City Council Employees were all on Personal Service Contracts during 2014 and therefore not considered FTE's

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Schedule 17 City of Detroit, Michigan Operating Information - Miscellaneous Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
	2014	2013	2012			
Public Protection:						
Police						
Number of Stations (Including 6 Mini-Stations)	21	37	39			
Number of Employees (Uniform)	2,346	2,389	2,637			
911Calls Received / Answered	1,822,524 / 1,334,694	1,274,796 / 1,252,547	1,384,274 / 1,323,069			
Number of Narcotics Raids	1,249	2,440	3,462			
Number of Community Policing Programs	464	874	375			
Fire						
Number of Fire Stations	37	37	46			
Number of Employees	1,172	1,292	1,455			
Number of Fire Fighting Vehicles	78	78	78			
Number of Fire Hydrants	28,000	28,000	28,000			
Responses to Fire Alarms (Including False Alarms)	22,702	21,449	34,613			
Responses to Special Calls and Emergency Medical Service Calls	114,133	109,237	126,099			
Estimated Fire Loss of Property	\$ 256,817,197	\$ 245,851,910	\$ 149,261,205			
Public Works						
Number of Employees	563	554	625			
Miles of Streets (Paved + Unpaved)	2,557	2,571	2,571			
Miles of Alleys (Paved + Unpaved)	1,264	1,264	1,264			
Miles of Sidewalks	4,243	4,243	4,243			
Public Lighting						
Number of Street Lights	87,000	88,000	88,000			
Number of Revenue Customers	256	256	256			
Size of Generating Station in Kilo watts	184,000	30,000	30,000			
Kilo watt Hours Generated (Net)	-	164,000	191,320			
Kilo watt Hours Delivered to System	488,639,040	487,465,000	604,471,560			
Steam Heating Plants - Steam Produced in Pounds	-	95,670,000	87,505			
Recreation and Culture						
Number of Parks, Ornamental Areas, Playfields, and Playgrounds						
Owned (5,108 Acres)	354	354	354			
Number of Summer Camps (199 Acres)	-	-	-			
Number of Recreation Centers, Playgrounds, and School Facilities						
Operated	17	17	17			
Number of Skating Rinks	2	2	2			
Number of S wimming P o o ls	9	9	10			
Number of Municipal Beaches	-	1	1			
Total Playing Permits Issued at Five Municipal Golf Courses	98,678	109,474	12 1,6 12			
Library						
Number of Libraries (Including Two Bookmobiles)	23	23	24			
Estimated Number of Books	7,190,711	7,192,232	7,113,304			
Circulation	1,468,234	1,790,839	2,260,177			

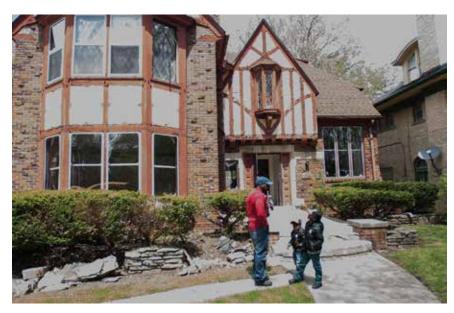
20.17			20.10		15 0 2	1 Year	2007	2007	2005
2011			2010	 2009		2008	 2007	 2006	 2005
	23		30	19		8	12	24	28
	2,771		2,928	2,971		3,005	3,126	3,162	3,658
3,255 / 1,3		1,590,3	68 / 1,465,475	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	3,147		N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	350		300	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	46		45	49		46	48	48	49
	1,455		1,535	1,480		1,535	1,479	1,5 11	1,723
	76		93	93		90	212	256	238
	28,000		28,000	28,000		28,000	38,000	38,000	38,000
	26,813		19,224	19,530		23,174	33,399	33,992	34,160
	36,705		144,101	143,694		142,573	142,370	132,432	15 1,2 8 5
285,1	42,382	\$	467,135,907	\$ 549,374,611	\$	397,605,618	\$ 1,190,738,018	\$ 96,771,056	\$ 1,921,197,050
	655		729	730		753	748	873	1,124
	2,572		2,571	2,570		2,570	2,570	2,784	2,784
	1,264		1,264	1,264		1,264	1,264	1,284	1,284
	4,243		4,243	4,243		4,243	4,243	4,265	4,265
	88,000		88,000	88,000		87,500	87,500	88,000	87,500
	116		116	190		235	185	201	179
	40,000		184,000	184,000		177,000	177,000	184,000	184,000
	52,500		121,769,000	134,189,000		136,207,800	94,000,300	256,395,400	308,391,000
	72,720		576,292,000	449,929,000		608,442,800	631,299,700	634,026,280	567,529,080
57,8	340,415		54,729,562	79,773,679		104,544,579	85,000,000	62,306,014	71,852,887
	354		354	354		354	387	391	39
	-		-	-		-	-	1	
	17		13	13		13	14	30	30
	2		2	2		1	2	1	
	10		10	2		2	8	17	17
	1		1	1		1	1	1	
	92,857		104,652	127,915		132,405	202,403	269,870	269,870
	27		27	27		27	27	27	27
			0.001.001	0.014.407		7 002 027		2 407 2 42	2 407 24
	30,335 588,135		8,304,694 2,446,842	8,314,427 2,308,336		7,903,837 1,199,736	7,903,837 1,199,736	3,497,342 889,315	3,497,342 981,689

Schedule 17 (Continued) City of Detroit, Michigan Miscellaneous Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fis cal Year							
	 2014		2013		2012			
Vater System								
Number of Customer Accounts	257,000		258,000		262,000			
Average Pumpage - Millions of Gallons per Day	537.3		549.9		556.3			
Greatest Pumpage for a Single Day During Fiscal Year - Gallons	742,000,000		957,200,000		983,100,000			
Greatest Pumpage for a Single Hour During Fiscal Year - Gallons	32,875,000		42,917,000		44,833,000			
Filtration P lant Rated Capacity - Millions of Gallons per Day	1,780		1,780		1,780			
Number of Miles of Water Mains	3,840		3,840		3,840			
Average Cost (Includes Domestic, Industrial, and Commercial) per								
1,000 Cubic Feet	\$ 19.43	\$	18.76	\$	17.02			
ewage System								
Number of Sewage Disposal Plants	1		1		1			
Number of Pumping Stations	11		11		11			
Miles of (Trunk Line + Lateral) Sewers	2,913		2,913		2,913			
Miles of Lateral Sewers	2,125		2,125		2,125			
rans po rtatio n								
Number of Employees	955		989		1,139			
Number of Revenue Vehicles	403		444		465			
Seating Capacity	15,915		17,534		18,363			
Number of Route Miles	1,0 14		1,0 14		1,056			
Number of Passengers (Estimated)	25,116,299		30,898,942		32,750,907			
Regular Fare	\$ 1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50			
Tickets	N/A		N/A		N/A			
Trans fers	\$ 0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.25			
Weekly GO P as s	\$ 14.40	\$	14.40	\$	14.40			
e a l t h								
Number of Employees	216			*				
Birth Rate per Thous and	15			*				
Death Rate per Thousand	8			*				
Infant Mortality Rate per Thous and Live Births		*		*				
lucatio nal Develo pment								
School Enrollment	48,511		5 1,3 18		66,745			
Operating Expenditures	\$ 707,461,081	\$	712,922,213	\$	915,495,622			
Cost Per Pupil	\$ 14,584	\$	13,892	\$	13,716			
Operating Revenues		*		*				
Revenue Per Pupil		*		*				
Total Teaching Staff	3,398		3,398		4,396			

Source: City of Detroit, Michigan, Various Departments * Information Not Available at Date of Publication of CAFR

 Fis cal Year													
 2011		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006		2005	
267,500		268,500		268,500		275,900		264,173		264,259		281,104	
543.4		515.3		557.1		601.7		575.2		599.6		640.0	
968,000,000		793,800,000		963,500,000		1,097,900,000		1,031,300,000		1,049,800,000		1,060,500,000	
43,625,000		37,750,000		42,583,000		51,992,000		49,125,000		50,333,000		52,208,000	
1,780		1,780		1,780		1,780		1,780		1,780		1,670	
3,840		3,840		3,840		3,840		3,840		3,840		3,840	
15.48	\$	13.73	\$	13.06	\$	12.92	\$	12.02	\$	11.87	\$	11.49	
1		1		1		1		1		1			
11		12		12		12		12		12		12	
2,913		2,913		2,913		2,913		2913		2913		3,383	
2,125		2,125		2,125		2,125		-		-			
1,341		1,524		1,524		1,562		1,562		1,530		1,605	
445		445		445		541		541		550		56	
17,570		17,570		17,355		21,916		21,916		22,278		22,065	
1,091		933		1,291		1,291		1,291		1,291		1,19	
35,615,420		36,555,845		38,612,890		35,204,863		35,204,863		37,083,344		36,000,000	
1.50	\$		\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	\$	1.50	
N/A	+	N/A	+	N/A	+	N/A	+	5 for \$7.50	+	5 for \$7.50	+	5 for \$ 6.50	
0.25	\$		\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	
14.40	\$			14.40		14.40		N/A		N/A		N/A	
271		308		339		338		335		434		508	
216		15.1		12.9		13.3		14.6		434		14.8	
	*	10.60		10.40		8.97		10.50		9.50		9.50	
7.1		14.9		14.9		14.9		15.0		15.5		16.3	
75,152		84,877		95,494		106,485		118,394		130,718		141,148	
1,067,536,984	\$				\$	1,330,196,819		1,424,921,672		1,447,382,665		1,586,659,192	
14,205	\$			12,776		12,492		12,035		11,073		11,24	
	* \$			1,297,710,119	\$	1,345,462,713		1,547,683,775		1,545,022,504		1,593,214,258	
	* \$		\$	13,589	\$	12,635	\$	13,072	\$	11,820	\$	11,288	
4,982		5,222		5,797		6,269		7,064		7,628		8,149	











Land Bank House Tour

The Detroit Land Bank Authority held an open house for homes for auction in the Boston-Edison and Osborn neighborhoods May 17-18, 2014. Busloads of prospective buyers were transported to homes in the two neighborhoods which were later auctioned off on the Building Detroit Web site. 1,000 people came out to see 12 houses. Land Bank open houses are still conducted regularly.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Detroit, Michigan

OUR SPECIAL THANKS TO:

City of Detroit, Michigan

www.detroitmi.gov

Finance Department

The General Accounting Section and Staff

including all Finance Department staff

for its commitment and dedicated service in the preparation of this report

City of Detroit Agencies

for their full cooperation in providing us all the necessary information needed to compile this report

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KPMG LLP and Staff

Alan C. Young & Associates, P.C. and Staff

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